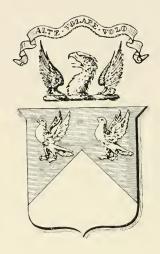




The University of California Library



H. Morse Stephens

University of California









## LADY HESTER

OR

URSULA'S NARRATIVE

AND

THE DANVERS PAPERS







"Holding her infant to her bosom with one hand, and stretching forth the other as to defend it, she cried aloud: 'How, sir, do you come hither in your cups to insult the child that you never heeded?' "—Page 256.

Frontispiece.

# LADY HESTER

0

## URSULA'S NARRATIVE

AND

# THE DANVERS PAPERS



ILLUSTRATED BY JANE E. COOKE

### London

MACMILLAN AND CO.

AND NEW YORK

1889

HENRY MORSE STEPHENS



## CONTENTS.

	CH	APT	ΓER	I.					PAGE
SAULT ST. PIERRE				•		,			
	СН	APT	FR	II.					
TREVORSIIAM .					•		•	,	17
	CHA	APT.	ER	III.					
THE PEERAGE CAS	E					•			53
	СН	APT	ER	IV.					
SKIMPING'S FARM	•								89
	CH	АРТ	ER	v.					
SPINNEY LAWN							6		115
	СН	APT	ER	VI.					
THE WHITE DOE'S	WA	RNI.	NG						137
	CH	APT.	ER	VII.					
HUNTING									163
CHAPTER VIII.									
DUCK SHOOTING									175
CHAPTER IX.									
TREVOR'S LEGACY									195
			5.5	0.	13	3			



# LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS.

"Come, my boy, since your own grandfather will not so much as look at you"	Гад	e 35
"He asked so much after our boy, that this morning Mab took him to the cabin"	,,	329
"Holding her infant to her bosom with one hand, and stretching forth the other as to defend it, she cried aloud: 'How, sir, do you come hither in your cups to insult the child that you never heeded?'".	,,	256



# LADY HESTER

OR

## URSULA'S NARRATIVE

## CHAPTER I.

#### SAULT ST. PIERRE.

I WRITE this by desire of my brothers and sisters, that if any reports of our strange family history should come down to after generations the thing may be properly understood.

The old times at Trevorsham seem to me so remote, that I can hardly believe that we are the same who were so happy then. Nay,

Jaquetta laughs, and declares that it is not possible to be happier than we have been since, and Fulk would have me remember that all was not always smooth even in those days.

Perhaps not—for him, at least, dear fellow, in those latter times; but when I think of the old home, the worst troubles that rise before me are those of the back-board and the stocks, French in the school-room, and Miss Simmonds' "Lady Ursula, think of your position!"

And as to Jaquetta, she was born under a more benignant star. Nobody could have put a back-board on her any more than on a kitten.

Our mother had died (oh! how happily for herself!) when Jaquetta was a baby, and Miss Simmonds most carefully ruled not only over us, but over Adela Brainerd, my father's ward, who was brought up with us because she had no other relation in the world.

Besides, my father wished her to marry one of my brothers. It would have done very well for either Torwood or Bertram, but unluckily, as it seemed, neither of them could take to the notion. She was a dear little thing, to be sure, and we were all very fond of her; but, as Bertram said, it would have been like marrying Jaquetta, and Torwood had other views, to which my father would not then listen.

Then Bertram's regiment was ordered to Canada, and that was the real cause of it all, though we did not know it till long after.

Bertram was starting out on a sporting expedition with a Canadian gentleman, when about ten miles from Montreal they halted at a farm with a good well-built house, named Sault St. Pierre, all looking prosperous and comfortable, and a young farmer, American in his ways—

free-spoken, familiar, and blunt—but very kindly and friendly, was at work there with some French-Canadian labourers.

Bertram's friend knew him and often halted there on hunting expeditions, so they went into the house—very nicely furnished, a pretty parlour with muslin curtains, a piano, and everything pleasant; and Joel Lea called his wife, a handsome, fair young woman. Bertram says from the first she put him in mind of some one, and he was trying to make out who it could be. Then came the wife's mother, a neat little delicate, bent woman, with dark eyes, that looked, Bertram said, as if they had had some great fright and never recovered it. They called her Mrs. Dayman.

She was silent at first, and only helped her daughter and the maid to get the dinner, and an excellent dinner it was; but she kept on looking at Bertram, and she quite started when she heard him called Mr. Trevor. When they were just rising up, and going to take leave, she came up to him in a frightened agitated manner, as if she could not help it, and said—

"Sir, you are so like a gentleman I once knew. Was any relation of yours ever in Canada?"

"My father was in Canada," answered Bertram.

"Oh no," she said then, very much affected, "the Captain Trevor I knew was killed in the Lake Campaign in 1814. It must be a mistake, yet you put me in mind of him so strangely."

Then Bertram protested that she must mean my father, for that he had been a captain in the —th, and had been stationed at York (as Toronto was then called), but was badly wounded in repulsing the American attack on the Lakes in 1814.

"Not dead?" she asked, with her cheeks

getting pale, and a sort of excitement about her, that made Bertram wonder, at the moment, if there could have been any old attachment between them, and he explained how my father was shipped off from England between life and death; and how, when he recovered, he found his uncle dying, and the title and property coming to him.

"And he married!" she said, with a bewildered look; and Bertram told her that he had married Lady Mary Lupton—as his uncle and father had wished—and how we four were their children. I can fancy how kindly and tenderly Bertram would speak when he saw that she was anxious and pained; and she took hold of his hand and held him, and when he said something of mentioning that he had seen her, she cried out with a sort of terror, "Oh no, no, Mr. Trevor, I beg you will not. Let him think me dead, as I thought him." And then she drew down

Bertram's tall head to her, and fairly kissed his forehead, adding, "I could not help it, sir; an old woman's kiss will do you no harm!"

Then he went away. He never did tell us of the meeting till long after. He was not a great letter writer, and, besides, he thought my father might not wish to have the flirtations of his youth brought up against him.

So we little knew!

But it seems that the daughter and sonin-law were just as much amazed as Bertram,
and when he was gone, and the poor old
lady sank into her chair and burst out crying,
and as they came and asked who or what
this was, she sobbed out, "Your brother,
Hester! Oh! so like him—my husband!" or
something to that effect, as unawares. She
wanted to take it back again, but of course
Hester would not let her, and made her tell
the whole.

It seems that her name was Faith Le Blanc; she was half English, half French-Canadian, and lived in a village in a very unsettled part, where Captain Trevor used to come to hunt, and where he made love to her, and ended by marrying her—with the knowledge of her family and his brother officers, but not of his family—just before he was ordered to the Lake frontier. The war had stirred up the Indians to acts of violence they had not committed for many years, and a tribe of them came down on the village, plundering, burning, killing, and torturing those whom they had known in friendly intercourse.

Faith Le Blanc had once given some milk to a papoose upon its mother's back, and perhaps for this reason she was spared, but everyone belonging to her was, she believed, destroyed, and she was carried away by the tribe, who wanted to make her one of themselves; and she knew that if she offended them, such horrors as she had seen practised on others would come on her.

However, they had gone to another resort of theirs, where there was a young hunter who often visited them, and was on friendly terms. When he found that there was a white woman living as a captive among them, he spared no effort to rescue her. Both he and she were often in exceeding danger; but he contrived her escape at last, and brought her through the woods to a place of safety, and there her child was born.

It was over the American frontier, and it was long before she could write to her husband. She never knew what became of her letter, but the hunter friend, Piers Dayman, showed her an American paper which mentioned Captain Trevor among the officers killed in their attack.

Dayman was devoted to her, and insisted

on marrying her, and bringing up her daughter as his own. I fancy she was a woman of gentle passive temper, and had been crushed and terrified by all she had gone through, so as to have little instinct left but that of clinging to the protector who had taken her up when she had lost everything else; and she married him. Nor did Hester guess till that very day that Piers Dayman was not her father!

There were other children, sons who have given themselves to hunting and trapping in the Hudson's Bay Company's territory; but Hester remained the only daughter, and they educated her well, sending her to a convent at Montreal, where she learnt a good many accomplishments. They were not Roman Catholics; but it was the only way of getting an education.

Dayman must have been a warm-hearted, tenderly affectionate person. Hester loved him very much. But he had lived a wild sportsman's life, and never was happy at rest. They changed home often; and at last he was snowed up and frozen to death, with one of his boys, on a bear hunting expedition.

Not very long after, Hester married this sturdy American, Joel Lea, who had bought some land on the Canadian side of the border, and her mother came home to live with them. They had been married four or five years, but none of their children had lived.

So it was when the discovery came upon poor old Mrs. Dayman (I do not know what else to call her), that Fulk Torwood Trevor, the husband of her youth, was not dead, but was Earl of Trevorsham; married, and the father of four children in England.

Poor old thing! She would have buried her secret to the last, as much in pity and love to him as in shame and grief for herself; and consideration, too, for the sons, for whom the dis-

covery was only less bad than for us, as they had less to lose. Hester herself hardly fully understood what it all involved, and it only gradually grew on her.

That winter her mother fell ill, and Mr. Lea felt it right that the small property she had had for her life should be properly secured to her sons, according to the division their father had intended. So a lawyer was brought from Montreal and her will was made. Thus another person knew about it, and he was much struck, and explained to Hester that she was really a lady of rank, and probably the only child of her father who had any legal claim to his estates. Lea, with a good deal of the old American Republican temper, would not be stirred up. He despised lords and ladies, and would none of it; but the lawyer held that it would be doing wrong not to preserve the record. Hester had grown excited, and

seconded him; and one day, when Lea was out, the lawyer brought a magistrate to take Mrs. Dayman's affidavit as to all her past history—marriage witnesses and all. She was a good deal overcome and agitated, and quite implored Hester never to use the knowledge against her father; but she must have been always a passive, docile being, and they made her tell all that was wanted, and sign her deposition, as she had signed her will, as Faith Trevor, commonly known as Faith Dayman.

She did not live many days after. It was on the 3rd of February, 1836, that she died; and in the course of the summer Hester had a son, who throve as none of her babies had done.

Then she lay and brooded over him and the rights she fancied he was deprived of, till she worked herself up to a strong and fixed purpose, and insisted upon making all known to her father. Now that her mother was gone she persuaded herself that he had been a cruel, faithless tyrant, who had wilfully deserted his young wife.

Joel Lea would not listen to her. Why should she wish to make his son a good-fornothing English lord? That was his view. Nothing but misery, distress, and temptation could come of not letting things alone. He held to that, and there were no means forthcoming either of coming to England to present herself. The family were well to do, but had no ready money to lay out on a passage across the Atlantic. Nor would Hester wait. She had persuaded herself that a letter would be suppressed, even if she had known how to address it; but to claim her son's rights, and make an earl of him, had become her fixed idea, and she began laying aside every farthing in her power.

In this she was encouraged, not by the lawyer who had made the will-and who, considering that poor Faith's witnesses had been destroyed. and her certificate and her wedding ring taken from her by the Indians, thought that the marriage could not be substantiated—but by a clever young clerk, who had managed to find out the state of things; a man named Perrault, who used to come to the farm, always when Lea was out, and talk her into a further state of excitement about her child's expectations, and the injuries she was suffering. It was her one idea. She says she really believes she should have gone mad if the saving had not occupied her; and a very dreary life poor Joel must have had whilst she was scraping together the passage-money. He still steadily and sternly disapproved the whole, and when at two years' end she had put together enough to bring her and her boy home, and maintain

them there for a few weeks, he still refused to go with her. The last thing he said was, "Remember, Hester, what was the price of all the kingdoms of the world! Thou wilt have it, then! Would that I could say, my blessing go with thee." And he took his child, and held him long in his arms, and never spoke one word over him but, "My poor boy!"

#### CHAPTER II.

#### TREVORSHAM.

I SUPPOSE I had better tell what we had been doing all this time. Adela and I had come out, and had a season or two in London, and my father had enjoyed our pleasure in it, and paid a good deal of court to our pretty Adela, because there was no driving Torwood into anything warmer than easy brotherly companionship.

In fact, Torwood had never cared for anyone but little Emily Deerhurst. Once he had come to her rescue, when she was only nine or ten years old, and her schoolboy cousins were teasing her, and at every Twelfth-day party since she and he had come together as by right. There was something irresistible in her great soft plaintive brown eyes, though she was scarcely pretty otherwise, and we used to call her the White Doe of Rylstone. Torwood was six or seven years older, and no one supposed that he seriously cared for her, till she was sixteen. Then, when my father spoke point blank to him about Adela, he was driven into owning what he wished.

My father thought it utter absurdity. The connection was not pleasant to him; Mrs. Deerhurst was always looked on as a designing widow, who managed to marry off her daughters cleverly, and he could believe no good of Emily.

Now Adela always had more power with papa than any of us. She had a coaxing way, which his stately old-school courtesy never could resist. She used when we were children to beg for holidays, and get treats for us; and even now, many a request which we should never have dared to utter, she could, with her droll arch way, make him think the most sensible thing in the world.

What odd things people can do who have lived together like brothers and sisters! I can hardly help laughing when I think of Torwood coming disconsolately up from the library, and replying, in answer to our vigorous demands, that his lordship had some besotted notion past all reason.

Then we pressed him harder—Adela with indignation, and I with sympathy—till we forced out of him that he had been forbidden ever to think or speak again of Emily, and all his faith in her laughed to scorn, as delusions induced by Mrs. Deerhurst.

"I'm sure I hope you'll take Ormerod, Adela,"

I remember he ended; "then at least you would be out of the way."

For Sir John Ormerod's courtship was an evident fact to all the family, as, indeed, Adela was heiress enough to be a good deal troubled with suitors, though she had hitherto managed to make them all keep their distance.

Adela laughed at him for his kind wishes, but I could see she meant to plead for him. She had her chance, for Sir John Ormerod brought matters to a crisis at the next ball; and though she thought, as she said, "she had settled him," he followed it up with her guardian, and Adela was invited to a conference in the library.

It happened that as she ran upstairs, all in a glow, she came on Torwood at the landing. She couldn't help saying in her odd half-laughing, half-crying voice—

"It will come right, Torwood; I've made terms, I'm out of your way."

"Not Ormerod!" he exclaimed.

"Oh! no, no!" I can hear her dash of scorn now, for I was just behind my brother, but she went on out of breath—

"You may go on seeing her, provided you don't say a word—till—till she's been out two years."

"Adela! you queen of girls, how have you done it?" he began, but she thrust him aside and flew up into my arms; and when I had her in her own room it came out, I hardly know how, that she had so shown that she cared for no one she had ever seen except my father, that they found they did love each other; and—and—in short they were going to be married."

Really it seemed much less wonderful then than it does in thinking of it afterwards. My

father was much handsomer than any young man I ever saw, with a hawk nose, a clear rosy skin, pure pink and white like a boy's, curly little rings of white hair, blue eyes clear and bright as the sky, a tall upright soldierly figure, and a magnificent stately bearing, courteous and grand to all, but sweetly tender to a very few, and to her above all. It always had been so ever since he had brought her home an orphan of six years old from her mother's death-bed at Nice. And he was youthful, could ride or hunt all day without so much fatigue as either of his sons, and was as fresh and eager in all his ways as a lad.

And she, our pretty darling! I don't think Torwood and I in the least felt the incongruity of her becoming our step-mother, only that papa was making her more entirely his own.

I am glad we did not mar the sunshine. It did not last long. She came home thoroughly

unwell from their journey to Switzerland, and never got better. By the time the spring had come round again, she was lying in the vault at Trevorsham, and we were trying to keep poor little Alured alive and help my poor father to bear it.

He was stricken to the very heart, and never was the same man again. His age seemed to come upon him all at once; and whereas at sixty-five he had been like a man ten years younger, he suddenly became like one ten years older; and though he never was actually ill, he failed from month to month.

He could not bear the sight or sound of the poor baby. Poor Adela had scarcely lived to hear it was a boy, and all she had said about it was, "Ursula, you'll be his mother." And, oh! I have tried. If love would do it, I think he could not be more even to dear Adela!

What a frail little life it was! What nights

and days we had with him; doctors saying that skill could not do it, but care might; and nurses knowing how to be more effective than I could be; yet while I durst not touch him I could not bear not to see him. And I do think I was the first person he began to know.

Meantime, there was a great difference in Torwood. He had been very much of a big boy hitherto. No one but myself could have guessed that he cared for much besides a lazy kind of enjoyment of all the best and nicest things in this world. He did what he was told, but in an uninterested sort of way, just as if politics and county business, and work at the estate, were just as much tasks thrust on him as Virgil and Homer had been; and put his spirit into sporting, &c.

But when he was allowed to think hopefully of Emily, it seemed to make a man of him,

and he took up all that he had to do, as if it really concerned him, and was not only a burden laid on him by his father.

And, as my father became less able to exert himself, Torwood came forward more, and was something substantial to lean upon. Dear fellow! I am sure he did well earn the consent he gained at last, though not with much satisfaction, from papa.

Emily had grown into great sweetness and grace, and Mrs. Deerhurst had gone on very well. Of course, people were unkind enough to say, it was only because she had such prey in view as Lord Torwood; but, whatever withheld her, it is certain that Emily only had the most suitable and reasonable pleasures for a young lady, and was altogether as nice, and gentle, and sensible, as could be desired. There never was a bit of acting in her, she was only allowed to grow in what seemed natural to

her. She was just one of the nice simple girls of that day, doing her quiet bit of solid reading, and her practice, and her neat little smooth pencil drawing from a print, as a kind of duty to her accomplishments every day; and filling books with neat up-and-down MS. copies of all the poetry that pleased her. Dainty in all her ways, timid, submissive, and as it seemed to me, colourless.

But Fulk taught her Wordsworth, who was his great passion then, and found her a perfect listener to all his Tory hopes, fears, and usages.

Papa could not help liking her when she came to stay with us, after they were engaged, at the end of two years. He allowed that, away from her mother and all her belongings, she would do very well; and she was so pretty and sweet in her respectful fear of him—I might almost say awe—that his graceful, chivalrous courtesy woke up again; and he

was beginning absolutely to enjoy her, as she became a little more confident and understood him better.

How well I remember that last evening! I was happier than I had been for weeks about little Alured: the convulsions had quite gone off, the teeth that had caused them were through, and he had been laughing and playing on my lap quite brightly—cooing to his mother's miniature in my locket. He was such an intelligent little fellow for eighteen months! I came down so glad, and it was so pleasant to see Emily, in her white dress, leaning over my father while he had gone so happily into his old delight of showing his prints and engravings; and Torwood, standing by the fire, watching them with the look of a conqueror, and Jaquetta—like the absurd child she loved to be - teasing them with ridiculous questions about their housekeeping.

They were to have Spinney Lawn bought for them, just a mile away, and the business was in hand. Jaquey was enquiring whether there was a parlour for The Cid, Torwood's hunter, whom she declared was as dear to him as Emily herself. Indeed, Emily did go out every morning after breakfast to feed him with bread. I can see her now on Torwood's arm, with big Rollo and little Malta rolling over one another after them.

Then came an afternoon when we had all walked to Spinney Lawn, laid out the gardens together, and wandered about the empty rooms, planning for them. The birds were singing in the March sunshine, and the tomtits were calling "peter" in the trees, and Jaquetta went racing about after the dogs, like a thing of seven years old, instead of seventeen. And Torwood was cutting out a root of primroses, leaves and all, for Emily, when we saw a fly go along the lane,

and wondered, with a sort of idle wonder. We supposed it must be visitors for the parsonage, and so we strolled home, looking for violets by the way, and Jaquetta getting shiny studs of celandine. Ah! I remember those glistening stars were all closed before we came back.

Well, it must come, so it is silly to linger!
There stood the fly at the hall-door, and the butler met us, saying—

"There's a person with his lordship, my lord. She would not wait till you came in, though I told her he saw no one on business without you——"

Torwood hastened on before this, expecting to see some importunate person bothering my father with a petition. What he did see was my father leaning back in his chair, with a white, confounded, bewildered look, and a woman, with a child on her lap, opposite. Her back was to the door, and Torwood's

first impression was that she was a well-dressed impostor threatening him; so he came quickly to my father's side, and said—

"What is it father? I'm here."

My poor father put out his hand feebly to him, and said—

"It is all true, Torwood. God forgive me; I did not know it!"

"Know what?" he asked anxiously. "What is it that distresses you, father? Let me speak to this person——"

Then she broke out—not loud, not coarsely, but very determinately—"No, sir; you would be very glad to suppress me, and my child, and my evidence, no doubt; but the Earl of Trevorsham has acknowledged the truth of my claim, and I will not leave this spot till he has acknowledged my mother as his only lawful wife, and my child, Trevor Lea, as his only lawful heir!"

Torwood thought her insane and only said quietly, as he offered my father his arm, "I will talk it over with you presently; Lord Trevorsham is not equal to discuss it now."

"I see what you mean!" she said quickly.
"You would like to make me out crazy, but
Lord Trevorsham knows better. Do not you,
my father?" she said, with a strong emphasis,
the more marked, because it was concentrated,
not loud.

My poor father was shuddering all over with involuntary trembling; but he put Torwood's hand away from him, and looked up piteously, as if his heart was breaking (as it was); but he spoke steadily. "It is true. It is true, Torwood. I was married to poor Faith, when I was a young man, in Canada. They sent me proofs that all had perished when the Indians attacked the village; but—" and then he put his hands over his face. It must have been dreadful to

see; but Hester Lea was too much bent on her rights to feel a moment's pity; and she spoke on in a hard tone, with her eyes fixed on my brother's face.

"But you failed to discover that she was rescued from the Indians; gave birth to me, your daughter, Hester; and only died two years ago."

"You hear! My boy, my poor boy, forgive me; don't leave me to her," was what my poor father had said—he who had been so strong.

My brother saw what it all meant now. "Never fear that, sir," he said; "I am your son still, any way, you know."

"You will do justice to me," she began, in her fierce tone; but my brother met it calmly with, "Certainly, we will do our best that justice should be done. You have brought proof?"

His quietness overawed her, and she pointed to the papers on the table. They were her mother's attested narrative, and the certificate of her burial.

My brother read aloud, "The 3rd of February, 1836," then he turned to my father and said, "You observe, father, the difference this may make, if true, is that of putting little Alured into the place I have held. My father's last marriage was on the 15th of April, 1836," he added to her. He says she quite glared at him with mortification, as if he had invented poor little Alured on purpose to baffle her; but my father breathed more freely.

"And is nothing—nothing to be done for my child, your own grandson?" exclaimed she, "after these years."

Torwood silenced her by one of his looks. "We only wish to do justice," he said. "If it be as you say, you will have a right to a

great deal, and it will not be disputed; but you must be aware that a claim made in this manner requires investigation, and you can see that my father is not in a state for an exciting discussion."

"Your father!" she said, with a bitter tone of scorn; but he took it firmly, though the blood seemed to come boiling to his temples.

"Yes," he said, "my father! and if you are indeed his daughter, you should show some pity and filial duty, by not forcing the discussion on him while he can so little bear it."

That staggered her a little, but she said, "I do not wish to do him any harm, but I have my child's interests to think of. How do I know what advantage may be taken against him?"

Torwood saw my father lying back in the chair, trembling, and he dreaded a fit every moment.





"Come, my boy, since your own grandfather will not so much as look at you."

"I give you my word," he said, "that no injustice shall be done you;" and as she looked keenly at him, as if she distrusted him, he said, "Yes, you may trust me. I was bred an English gentleman, whatever I was born, and I promise you never to come between you and your rights, when your identity as Lord Trevorsham's daughter is fully established. Meantime, do you not see that your presence is killing him? Tell me where you may be heard of?"

"I shall stay at the Shinglebay Hotel till I am secure of the justice I claim," she said. "Come, my boy, since your own grandfather will not so much as look at you."

Torwood walked her across the hall. He was a little touched by those last words, and felt that she might have looked for a daughter's reception, so he said in the hall—

"You must remember this is a very sudden

shock to us all. When my father has grown accustomed to the idea, no doubt he will wish to see you again; but in his present state of health, he must be our first consideration. And unprepared as my sisters are, it would be impossible to ask you to stay in the house."

She was always a little subdued by my brother's manner; I think its courtesy and polish almost frightened her, high-spirited, resolute woman as she was.

"I understand," she said, with a stiff, cold tone. Jaquetta heard the echo of it, and wondered.

"But," he added, "when they understand all, and when my father is equal to it, you shall be sent for."

When he went back to the library he found my poor father unconscious. It was really only fainting then, and he came round without anyone being called, and he shrank from seeing anyone but Torwood, explaining to him most earnestly how, though he was too ill himself to go to the place, his brother-officer, General Poyntz, had done so for him, and had been persuaded that the whole settlement and all the inhabitants had been swept off. It was such a shock to him that it nearly killed him. Poor father! it was grievous to hear him wish it had quite done so!

We only knew that the woman had upset my father very much, and that Torwood could not leave him. Word was sent us to sit down to dinner without them, and Torwood sent for some gravy soup and some wine for him. He went on talking—sometimes about us, but more often about poor Faith, who seemed to have come back on him in all the beauty and charm of his first love. He seemed to be talking himself feverish, and after a time Torwood thought that silence would be better for him; so he got

him to go to bed, and sent good old Blake, the butler, who had been his servant in the army, to sit in the dressing-room. Blake, it turned out, had known all about the old story, so he was a safe person. Not that safety mattered much. "Lady Hester Lea"—she called herself so now, as, indeed, she had every right—was making it known at Shinglebay.

So Torwood came out. I was very anxious, of course, and had been hovering about on the nursery stairs, where I had gone to see whether baby was quietly asleep, and I overtook him as he was going down-stairs.

"How is papa?" I asked.

I shall never forget the white look of the face he raised up to mine as he said, "Poor father! Ursula, I can only call the news terrible. Will you try to stand up against it bravely?'

And then he held out his arms and gathered

me into them, and I believe I said, "I can bear anything when you do that!"

I thought it could only be something about Bertram, who had rather a way of getting into scrapes, and I said his name; but just as Fulk was setting me at ease on that score, Jaquetta, who was on the watch, too, opened the door of the green drawing-room, and we were obliged to go in. Then, hardly answering her and Emily, as they asked after papa, he stood straight up in the middle of the rug and told us, beginning with—"Ursula, did you know that our father had been married as a young man in Canada?"

No. We had never guessed it.

"He was," my brother went on, "This is his daughter."

"Our sister!" Jaquetta asked. "Where has

But I saw there must be more to trouble

him, and then it came. "I cannot tell. My father had every reason to believe that—she—his first wife—had been killed in a massacre by the Red Indians; but if what this person says is true, she only died two years ago. But it was in all good faith that he married our mother. He had taken all means to discover—"

Even then we did not perceive what this involved. I felt stunned and numbed chiefly from seeing the great shock it had been to my father and to him; but poor little Jaquetta and Emily were altogether puzzled; and Jaquetta said, "But is this sister of ours such a very disagreeable person, Torwood? Why didn't you bring her in and show her to us?"

Then he exclaimed, almost angrily at her simplicity, "Good heavens! girls, don't you see what it all means? If this is true, I am not Torwood. We are nothing—nobody—nameless."

He turned to the fire, put both elbows on the mantelshelf, and hid his face in his hands. Emily sprang up, and tried to draw down his arm; and she did, but he only used it to put her from him, hold her off at arm's length, and look at her—oh! with such a tender face of firm sorrow!

"Ah! Emily," he said; "you too! It has been all on false pretences! That will have to be all over now."

Then Emily's great brown eyes grew bigger with wonder and dismay.

"False pretences!" she cried, "what false pretences? Not that you cared for me, Torwood."

"Not that I cared for you," he said, with a suppressed tone that made his voice so deep!

"Not that I cared, but that Lord Torwood did—Torwood is the baby upstairs."

"But it is you—you—you—Fulk!" said Emily, trying to creep and sidle up to him, white doe

fashion. I believe nobody had ever called him by his Christian name before, and it made it sweeter to him, but still he did not give in.

"Ah! that's all very well," he said, and his voice was softer then, "but what would your mother say?"

"The same as I do," said Emily, undauntedly.

"How should it change one's feelings one bit,"
and she almost cried at being held back.

He did let her nestle up to him then, but with a sad sort of smile. "My child, my darling," he said, "I ought not to allow this! It will only be the worse after!"

But just then a servant's step made them start back, and a message came and brought word that Mr. Blake would be glad if Lord Torwood would step up.

Yes, my poor father was wandering in his speech, and very feverish, mixing up Adela and Faith Le Blanc strangely together some-

times, and at others fancying he was lying ill with his wound, and sending messages to Faith.

We sent for the doctor, but he could not do anything really. It had been a death-blow, though the illness lasted a full week. He knew us generally, and liked to see us, but he always had the sense that something dreadful had happened to us; and he would stroke my hand or Jaquetta's, and pity us. He was haunted, too, by the sense that he ought to do something for us which he could not do. We thought he meant to make a will, securing us something, but he was never in a condition in which my brother would have felt justified in getting him to sign it. Indeed there was so little disease about him, and we thought he would get better, if only we could keep him free from distress and excitement; so we made his room as quiet as possible, and discouraged his talking or thinking.

Lady Hester came every day. My brother had sent for Mr. Eagles, our solicitor, to meet her the first time, and look at her papers.

He said he could not deny that it looked very bad for us. Of the original marriage there was no doubt; indeed, my father had told Torwood where to find the certificate of it, folded up in the secret drawer of his desk, with his commission in the army; and the register of Faith's burial was only too plain. The only chance there was for us was, that her identity could not be established; but Mr. Eagles did not think it would go off on this. The whole of her life seemed to be traceable; besides, there was something about Hester that forbade all suspicion of her being a conscious impostor. Whether she would be able to prove herself my father's daughter was another more doubtful point. That, however, made no difference, except as to her own rank and fortune. If the first wife were proved to have been alive till 1836, then little Alured was the only true heir to the title and estate, and, next after him, stood Hester Lea and her son.

People said she was like the family; I never could see it, and always thought the likeness due to their imagination. She took one by surprise. She was a tall, well-made woman, with a narrow waist, and a proud, peculiarly upright bearing, though quick, almost sharp in all her movements, and especially with her eyes. Those eyes, I confess, always startled me. They were clear, bright blue, well opened eyeshonest eyes one would have called them—only they appeared to be always searching about, and darting at one when one least expected it. The red and white of the face too always had a clear hard look, like the eyes; the teeth projected a little, and were so very, very white, that they

always seemed to me to flash like the eyes; and if ever she smiled, it was as much as to say, "I don't believe you." Her nose had an amount of hook, too, that always gave me the feeling of having a wild hawk in the room with me. Jaquetta used to call her a panther of the wilderness, but to my mind there was none of the purring cattish tenderness of the panther. However, that might be only because she viewed us as her natural enemies, and was always on her guard against us, though I do not well know why; I am sure we only wanted to know the truth and do justice, and Fulk was so convinced that she would prove her case, and that there was no help for it, that at the end of hearing Mr. Eagles question her, he said, "Well, the matter must be tried in due time, but since we are brothers and sisters, let us be friendly," and he held out his hand to her. Mr. Eagles, who told me, said he could have beaten him

for the imprudent admission, only he did look so generous and sweet and sad; and Lady Hester drew herself up doubtfully and proudly, as if she could hardly bear to own such a brother, but she did take his hand, coldly though, and saying, "Let me see my father."

He was obliged to tell her that this was impossible. I doubt whether she ever believed him—at least she used to gaze at him with her determined eyes, as if she meant to abash him out of falsehood, and she sharply questioned every one about Lord Trevorsham's state.

The determination to be friendly made my brother offer to take her to us. She consented, but not very readily, and I am afraid we were needlessly cold and dry; but we were taken by surprise when my brother brought her into the sitting-room. It was not very easy to welcome the woman who was going to turn us all out, and under such a stigma; and she

—she could hardly be expected to look complacently at the interlopers who had her place, and the title she had a right to.

She put us through her hard catechism about my dear father's state, and said at last that she should like to see Lord Torwood.

Taken by surprise, we looked and signed towards him whom that name had always meant. He smiled a little and said, "Little Alured! But, remember, I am bound to concede nothing till judicial minds are convinced. The parties concerned cannot judge. Can you venture to have Baby down, Ursula?"

No, I did not venture. I thought it might have been averted; but I was only obliged to take her up to the nurseries. On the way up she asked which way my father's room lay. I answered, "Oh! across there;" I did not know if she might not make a dash at it.

I think she must have heard at Shinglebay

how delicate poor little Alured was, and thence gathered hopes of the succession for her boy, for she asked her sharp questions about his health all the way up, and knew that he had had fits. I could not put her down as one generally can inquisitive people. I suppose it was because she was more sensible of the difference in our real positions than I have as yet felt.

Baby was asleep; and I think she was touched by the actual sight of him. She said he was very like her boy; and though I supposed that a mere assertion at the time, it was quite true. Alured and Trevor Lea have always been remarkably alike. However, she cross-examined Nurse about his health even more minutely, and then took her leave; but she came again every day, walking after the first, as long as my dear father lived.

And she must have talked, for there came

a kind of feeling over everyone, as well as ourselves, that something was hanging over us, of which the issue would be known when my father's illness took some turn.

Mr. Decies came every day to inquire, but I could not bear a strange eye, and Hester might have been looking on. I was steeling myself against him. Was I right?—oh! was I right? I have wondered and grieved! For I knew well enough what he had been thinking of for months before; only I did not want it to come to a point. How was I to leave little Alured to Jaquetta? or disturb my father by breaking up his home? I liked him on the whole, and had come the length of thinking that if I ever married at all, it would be-But that's all nonsense; and mine could not have been what other people's love was, or I should not have shrunk from the sight and look of him. If it had been only poverty that was coming, it would have been a different thing; but to be nameless impostors!

Mrs. Deerhurst had gone out on a round of visits, when Emily came to us, taking her younger daughter. They were not a very letter-writing family. It is odd how some people's pen is a real outlet of expression; while others seem to lack the nerve that might convey their thoughts to it, even when they live in more sympathy than Emily could well have had with her mother.

At least, so I understand, what afterwards we wondered at, that Emily never mentioned Hester; only saying, when, after some days she did write, that Lord Trevorsham was ill.

So Fulk had the one comfort of being with her when he was out of the sick room. I used to see them from the window walking up and down the terrace in the blue east wind haze of those March days, never that I could see speaking. I don't think my brother would have felt it honourable to tie one additional link between himself and her. He had not a doubt as to how her mother would act, but to be in her dear little affectionate presence was a better help than we could give him, even though nothing passed between them.

Jaquetta used to wonder at them, and then try to go on the same as usual; and would wander about the garden and park with her dogs, and bring us in little anecdotes, and do all the laughing over them herself. Poor child! she felt as if she were in a bad dream, and these were efforts to shake it off, and wake herself.

After all, nothing was ever so bad as those ten days! But, my brother always said he was thankful for the respite and time for thought which they gave him.

## CHAPTER III.

## THE PEERAGE CASE.

THE end came suddenly at last, when we were thinking my dear father more tranquil. He passed away in sleep late one evening, just ten days after Hester's arrival. She had gone back to her lodgings, and we did not send to tell her till the morning; but by nine o'clock she was in the house.

We had crept down to breakfast, Jaquetta and I, feeling very dreary in the half-light, and as if desolation had suddenly come on us; and when we heard her fly drive up to the door, Jaquetta cried out almost

angrily, "Torwood, how could you!" and we would have run away, but he said, "Stay, dear girls; it is better to have it over."

As she came in he rang the bell as if for family prayers, and she had only asked one or two questions, which he answered shortly, when all the servants came in, some crying sadly. Fulk read a very few prayers—as much as he had voice for, and then, as all stood up, he had to clear his voice, but he spoke firmly enough.

"It is right that you all should know that a grave doubt has arisen as to my position here. Lord Trevorsham had every reason to believe his first wife had perished by the hands of the Red Indians long before he married my mother. What he did was done in entire ignorance—no breath of blame must light on him. This lady alleges that she can produce proofs that she is

his daughter, and that her mother only died in February, '36. If these proofs be considered satisfactory by a committee of the House of Lords, then she and Alured Torwood Trevor will be shown to be his only legitimate children. I shall place the matter in the right hands as soon as possible—that is " (for she was glaring at him), "as soon as the funeral is over. Until that decision is made I request that no one will call me by the title of him who is gone; but I shall remain here to take care of my little brother, whose guardian my father wished me to be; and for the present, at least, I shall make no change in the establishment."

I think everyone held their breath: there was a great stillness over all—a sort of hush of awe—and then some of the maids began sobbing, and the butler tried to say something, but he quite broke down; and just then a troubled voice cried out—

"Torwood, Torwood, what is this?"

And there we saw Bertram in the midst of us, with the haggard look of a man who had travelled all night, and a dismayed air that I can never forget.

He had been quartered at Belfast, and we had written to him the day after my father's illness, to summon him home, but there were no telegraphs nor railways; and there had been some hindrance about his leave, so that it had taken all that length of time to bring him. Fulk had left all to be told on his arrival. He had come by the mail-coach, and walked up from the Trevorsham Arms, where he had been told of our father's death; and so had let himself in noiselessly, and was standing in the dining-room door, hearing all that Fulk said!

Poor fellow! Jaquetta flung herself on him, hiding her face against him, while the servants went, and before any one else could speak, Hester stood forth, and said, to our amazement—

"Captain Trevor! You know me. You can and must bear me witness, and do me justice——"

"You! I have seen you before—but—where? I beg your pardon," he said, bewildered.

"You remember Sault St. Pierre farm?" she said.

"Sault St. Pierre! What? You are Mrs. Lea! Good heavens! Where is your mother?"

"My mother is dead, sir. You were the first person who made known to her that her husband, my father, was not dead, but had taken—or pretended to take—an English woman for his wife."

"Wait!" thundered Fulk, "whatever my

father did was ignorantly and honourably done!"

Bertram was as pale as death, and looked from one of us to the other, and at last, he gasped out—-...

"And that—was what she meant?"

"There, sir," said Hester, turning to Torwood, "You see your brother cannot deny it! You will not refuse justice to me, and my son."

I fancy she expected that the house was to be given up to her, and that we were only to remain there on her sufferance, perhaps till after the funeral.

My brother spoke, "Justice will no doubt be done; but the question does not lie between you and me, but between me and Alured. It is, as I said, a peerage question—and will be decided by the peers. Incidentally, that enquiry will prove what is your position

and rank, as well as what may or may not be ours. Any further points depend upon my father's will, and that will be in the hands of Mr. Eagles. I think you can see that it would be impossible, as well as unfeeling, to take any steps until after the funeral."

Whatever Hester Lea was, she was a high-spirited being, standing there, a solitary woman, a stranger, with all of us four, and one whole household, as it must have seemed, against her. I was outraged and shocked at her defiance at the time, but when, some time after, I re-read King John, I saw that there was something of Constance in her.

"That may be," she answered, "but when my child's interests are at stake, I cannot haggle over conventionalities and proprieties.

I am the Earl of Trevorsham's only legitimate daughter, and I claim my right to remain in

his house, and to take charge of my infant brother."

A sign from Fulk stopped me, as I was going to scream at this.

"Remember," he said, "your identity has yet to be proved."

"Your brother there must needs witness. He has done so."

"What do you witness to, Bertram?" asked Fulk.

"I do not know; I cannot understand," said Bertram. "I saw this person in a farm in Lower Canada, and there was an old lady who seemed to have known my father, and was very much amazed to find he was not killed in 1814. I did not hear her name, nor know whose mother she was, nor anything about her, nor what this dreadful business means."

"At any rate," said Fulk to her, "your claim to remain in the house must depend on the legal proof of the fact. My father's first marriage is undoubted, but absolute legal certainty that you are the child of that marriage alone can entitle you to take rank as his daughter; and, therefore, I am not compelled to admit your claim to remain here, though if you will refrain from renewing this discussion till after the funeral, I will not ask you to leave the house."

"I do not recognize your right to ask or not to ask," she said, undauntedly.

"I am either Lord Trevorsham's rightful heir—and it is not yet shown that I am not—or else I am the guardian he appointed for his son. I know this to be so, and Mr. Eagles, who will soon be here, will show it to you in the will if you wish it. Therefore, until the decision is made, when, if it goes against me, the child will no doubt be made a ward in Chancery, I

am the person responsible for him and his property."

"I have no doubt you will take advantage of me and of every quibble against me;" and there at last she began to break down; "but if there is justice in heaven or earth my child shall have it, though you and all were leagued against him."

And there she began to sob. And those brothers of mine, they actually grew compassionate; they ran after wine; they called us to bring salts, and help her. Emily shuddered, and put her hands behind her; but Jaquetta actually ran up to the woman, and coaxed her and comforted her, when I had rather have coaxed a tigress.

But I had to go to the table and pour out tea and give it to her with all the rest. I don't know how we got through that breakfast. But we did, and then I made the housekeeper put her into the very best rooms. Anything if she would only stay there out of the way.

When I came back, I found Fulk explaining why he had spoken at once, and he said he felt that she would have no scruples about taking the initiative, and that everyone would be having surmises.

Poor Bertram was even more cut up than we were. It came more suddenly, and he felt as if it was all his doing. He had no hope, and he took all ours away. There had been something in the old woman that impressed him as genuine, and he had no doubt that she had known and loved our father. Nay, no one could suspect Hester of not believing in her own story; the only question was whether the links of evidence could be substantiated.

The next thing that happened—I can't tell which day it was—was Mrs. Deerhurst's

coming, professing to be dreadfully shocked and overcome by my father's death, to take away Emily. She must be so much in our way. I, who saw her first, answered only by begging to keep her—our great comfort and the one thing that cheered and upheld my brother.

Mrs. Deerhurst looked keenly at me; and I began to wonder what she knew, but just then came Fulk into the room, with his calm, set, determined face. I knew he would rather speak without me, so I went away, and only knew what he could bear to tell me afterwards.

Mrs. Deerhurst had been a great deal kinder than he expected. No doubt she would not break the thing off while there was a shred of hope that he was an earl; but he could not drive her to allow, in so many words, that it must depend upon that. He had quite made up his mind that it was not right to enjoy Emily's presence and the comfort it gave him, unless he was secure of Mrs. Deerhurst's permitting the engagement under his possible circumstances.

I believe he flattered himself she would, and let her deceive him with thinking so, instead of, as we all did, seeing that what she wanted was to secure the credit of being constant and disinterested in case he retained his position. So, although she took Emily home, she left him cheered and hopeful, admiring her, and believing that she so regarded her daughter's happiness that, if he had enough to support her, she would overlook the loss of rank and title. He went on half the evening talking about what a remarkable woman Mrs. Deerhurst was; and, at any rate, it cheered him up through those worst days.

Our Lupton uncles came, and were fright-

fully shocked and incredulous; at least, Uncle George was. Uncle Lupton himself remembered something of my father having told him of a former affair in America.

They would not let Jaquetta and me go to the funeral; and they were wise, for Hester thrust herself in—but it is of no use to think about that. Indeed, there is not much to tell about that time, and I need not go into the investigation. It was all taken out of our hands, as my brother had said. Perrault came over from Canada, and brought his witnesses, but not Joel Lea. He had nothing to prove, had conscientious scruples about appearing in an English court of justice, and still hoped it would all come to nothing.

We stayed on at the London house—the lawyers said we ought, and that possession was "nine-tenths," &c. Besides, we wanted advice for Baby, who had been worse of late.

The end of it was that it went against us. Faith's marriage, her identity, and Hester's, were proved beyond all doubt, and little Alured was served Earl of Trevorsham. Poor child, how ill he was just then! It was declared water on the brain! I could hardly think about anything else; but they all said it seemed like a mockery, and that he would not bear the title a week. And then Lady Hester would have been, not Countess of Trevorsham, but Viscountess Torwood, and at any rate she halved the personal property: all that had been meant for us.

For we already knew that there was nothing in the will that could do us any good. All depended on my mother's marriage settlements, and as the marriage was invalid they were so much waste paper.

My uncles, to whom my poor mother's fortune reverted, would not touch it, and

gave every bit back to us; but it was only £10,000, and what was that among the four of us?

I was in a sort of maze all the time, thinking of very little beyond dear little Alured's struggle for life, and living upon his little faint smiles when he was a shade better.

Jaquetta has told me more of what passed than I heeded at the time.

Our brothers decided not to retain the Trevor name, to which we had no right; but they had both been christened Torwood, after an old family custom, and they thought it best to use this still as a surname.

Bertram felt the shame, as he *would* call it, the most; but Fulk held up his head more. He said where there was no sin there was no shame; and that to treat ourselves as under a blot of disgrace was insulting our parents, who had been mistaken, but not guilty.

Bertram was determined against returning to his regiment, and it would have been really too expensive. His plan was to keep together, and lay out our capital upon a piece of ground in New Zealand, which was beginning to be settled.

Jaquetta was always ready to be delighted. Dear child, her head was full of log huts and Robinson Crusoe life, and cows to milk herself; and I really think she would have liked to go ashore in the Swiss family's eight tubs!

The thorough change, after all the sorrow, seemed delicious to her! I heard her and Bertram laughing down below, and wondered if they got the length of settling what dogs they would take out!

And Fulk! He really had almost persuaded himself that Emily would go with us; or at the very worst, would wait till he had achieved prosperity and could come home and fetch her.

Mrs. Deerhurst had declared that waiting for the decision was so bad for her nerves, that she must take her to Paris; and actually our dear old stupid fellow had not perceived what that meant, for the woman had let him part tenderly with Emily in London, with promises of writing, &c., the instant the case was decided. It passed his powers to suppose she could expose her daughter's heart to such a wreck. So he held up, cheerful and hopeful, thinking what a treasure of constancy he had! And when they had built their castle in New Zealand, they sent up Jaquey to call me to share it with them. Baby was asleep, and I went down; but when I heard the plan -it was cross to be so unsympathizing, but I did feel hurt and angry at their forgetting him; and I said, "I shall never leave Alured."

"Ursula! you could not stay by yourself," said Jaquey. And Bertram, who had hardly ever seen him, and could not care for him said it was nonsense, and even if there were a chance of the child living, I could not be left behind.

I was wrought up, and broke out that he would and should live, and that I would come as a stranger, a nursery governess, and watch over him, and never abandon him to Hester.

"Never fear, Ursula," said Fulk, "if he lives, he will be in safe hands."

"Safe hands! What are safe hands for a child like that! Hester's, who only wishes him out of her way?"

"For shame!" the others said, and I answered that, of course, I did not think Hester meant ill by him, but that, where the doctors had said only love and care could save him—no care was safe where he

was not loved; and I cried very, very bitterly, more than I had done even for my father, or for anything else before; and I fell into a storm of passion, at the cruelty of leaving the poor little thing, whom his dying mother had trusted to me, and declared I would never, never do it.

I was right in the main, it seems to me, but unjust and naughty in the way I did it; and when Fulk, with some hesitation, began to talk of my not being asked to go just yet—not while the child lived—I turned round in a really violent, naughty fit, with—"You too, Fulk, I thought you loved your little brother better than that? You only want to be rid of him, and leave him to Hester, and he will die in her hands."

Fulk began to say that the Court of Chancery never gave the custody to the next heir. But I rushed away again to the nursery, and sat there, devising plans of disguising myself in a close cap and blue spectacles, and coming to offer myself as Lord Trevorsham's governess.

The child had no relations whatever on his mother's side, and though, if he had been healthy, nurses and tutors might have taken care of this baby lordship, even that would have been sad enough; and for the feeble little creature, whose life hung on a thread, how was it to be thought of? I fully made up my mind to stay, even if they all went. I told Jaquetta, so—in my vehemence dashed all her bright anticipation, and sent her again in tears to bed. I wish unhappiness would not make one so naughty!

The next day poor Fulk was struck down. A letter came from Mrs. Deerhurst to break off the engagement, and a great parcel containing all the things he had given Emily.

She must have packed them up before leaving England, while she was still flattering him. Not a word nor a line was there from Emily herself!—only a supplication from the mother that he would not rend her child's heart by persisting—just as if she had not encouraged him to go on all this time!

Nothing would serve him but that he must dash over to Paris, to see her and Emily.

Railroads were not, and it was a ten days' affair at the shortest; and, with all our prospects doubtful and Alured still so ill, it was very trying. How Bertram did rave at the folly and futility of the expedition! but one comfort was, that Alured was a ward of Chancery, and, in the vast kindness and commiseration everyone bestowed upon us, no one tried to hurry us or turn us out.

Hester used to come continually to inquire after her brother, and there was something in her way that always made me shudder when she asked after him. I knew she could not wish for his life, and gloated over all the reports she could collect of his weakness. I felt more and more horror of her; God forgive me for not having tried not to hate her. I sometimes doubt whether my dread and distrust were not visible, and may not have put *it* into her head.

And then came Mr. Decies, again and again. He was faithful—I see it now. He cared not if I had neither name nor fortune; he held fast to his proposals. And I? Oh, I was absorbed—I was universally defiant—I did not do him justice in the bitterness I did not realisc. I thought he was constant only out of honour and pity, and I did not choose to open my heart to understand his pleadings or accept them as earnest—I was harsh. Oh, how little one knows what one is doing! Too proud to be grateful

—that was actually my case. I was enamoured of the blue-spectacle plan; I had romances of watching Alured day and night, and pouring away dangerous draughts. The very fancy, I see now, was playing with edged tools; I feel as if my imagination had put the possibility into the very air.

Once indeed—when Jaquetta had been telling me she did not understand my unkindness; and observed that, even for Alured's sake, she could not see why I did not accept—I did begin to regard him as a possible protector for the boy. But no; the blue spectacles would be the more assiduous guardian, said my foolish fancy.

Before I had thought it over into sense or reason, Fulk came back from Paris. He had not been really crushed till now. He was white, and silent, and resolute, and very gentle; all excitement of manner gone. He did not

say one word, but we knew it was all over with him, and that he could not have had one scrap of comfort or hope.

Nor had he, though even to me he told nothing, till we were together in the dark one evening, much later. He did insist upon seeing Emily; but her mother would not leave her, or take her eyes off her, and the timid thing did nothing but sob and cry, in utter helplessness and shame, and never even gave him a look.

It was not the being neglected and cast off that he felt as such a wrong, to both himself and Emily, but the being drawn on with false hopes and promises to expect that she was to belong to him, after all; and he was cruelly disappointed that Emily had not energy to cling to him—he had made so sure of her.

Bertram and Jaquetta had expected all along

that he would be the more eager to be off to the Antipodes when everything was swept away from him here, and he did sit after dinner talking it over in a business-like way, while Bertram gave him all the information he had been collecting in his absence.

I would not listen. I was determined against going away from my charge; I had rather have been his housemaid than have left him to Hester, and I must have looked like a stone as I got up, and left them to their talk while I went back to the boy.

I heard Bertram say while I was lighting my candle, "Poor Ursula! she will not see it. Hart told me to-day that the child is dying—would hardly get through the night."

Now I had been thinking all the afternoon that he was better, and I had gone down to dinner cheered. I turned into the doorway, and told Fulk to come and see.

He did come. There was Alured, lying, as he had lain all day, upon his nurse's knees, with her arm under his head. He had not moaned for a long time, and I had left him in a more comfortable sleep. He opened his eyes as we came in, held out his hands more strongly than we thought he could have done, quite smiled—such an intelligent smile—and said, "Tor—Tor—," which was what he had always called his brother, making his gesture to go to him.

The tears came into Fulk's eyes, though he smiled back and spoke in his sweet, strong voice, and held out his arms, while we told him he had better sit down. Poor nurse! she must have been glad enough—she had held him all that live-long day! And he was quite eager to go to his brother, and smiled up and cooed out, "Tor—Tor," again, as he felt himself on the strong arm.

Fulk bade nurse go and lie down, and he would hold him. And so he did. I fed the child, as I had done at intervals all day; and he sometimes slept, sometimes woke and murmured or cooed a little, and Fulk scarcely spoke or stirred, hour after hour. He had been travelling day and night, but, strange to say, that enforced calm—that tender stillness and watching, was better for him than rest. He would only have tossed about awake, if he had gone to bed after a discussion with Bertram.

But in the morning Dr. Hart came, quite surprised to find the child alive; and when he looked at him and felt his pulse, he said, "You have saved him for this time, at least." (Everybody was lavish of pronouns, and

(Everybody was lavish of pronouns, and chary of proper names. Nobody knew what to call anybody.)

His little lordship was able to be laid in his

cot, and Fulk, almost blind now with sheer sleep, stumbled off to his room, threw himself on his bed, and slept for seven hours in his clothes without so much as moving. He confessed that he had never had such unbroken, dreamless sleep since he had first seen Hester Lea's face.

That little murmur of "Tor—Tor" had settled all our fates. I don't think he had realised before how love was the one thing that the child's life hung upon, and that the boy himself must have that love and trust. Then, too, when he had waked and dressed and come down, the first person he met was Hester, with her hard, glittering eyes, trying to condole, and not able to hide how the exulting look went out of her face on hearing that the Earl (as she chose to term him) was better.

She supposed some arrangement would soon be made, and Fulk said he should see the lawyers at once about it, and arrange for the personal guardianship of Lord Trevorsham.

"Of course I am the only proper person while he lives, poor child," she said.

I broke in with, "The next heir is never allowed the custody."

I wish I had not. She hastily and proudly said "What do you mean?" and Fulk quickly added that "the Lord Chancellor would decide."

The next day he went out, and on returning came up to me in the nursery, and called me into the study.

"Ursula," he said, "I find that, considering the circumstances, there will be no objection made to our retaining the personal charge of our little brother. Everyone is very kind. Ours is not a common case of illegitimacy, and my father's well-known express wishes will be allowed to prevail."

"And your character," I could not help saying; and he owned that it did go for something, that he was known to everybody, and had some standing of his own, apart from the rank he had lost.

Then he went on to say that this would of course put an end to the emigration plan, so far as he was concerned. No doubt in the restless desire of change coming after such a fall and disappointment it was a great sacrifice; but as he said, "There did not seem anything left for him in life but just to try to do what seemed most like one's duty." And then he said it did not seem a worthy thing to do nothing, but just exist on a confined income, and the only thing he did know anything about, and was not too old to learn, was farming, and managing an estate.

Trevorsham would want an agent, for old Hall was so old, that my brother had really

done all his work for a year or two past; and he had felt his way enough to know he could get appointed to the agency, if he chose. The house was to be let, but there was a farm to be had about two miles off, with a good house, and he thought of taking it, and stocking it, and turning regular farmer on his own account; while looking after the property, and bringing Alured up among his own people and interests.

Bertram did not like this at all, "Among all our old friends and acquaintance? Impossible! unbearable!" he said.

But Fulk's answer, was—"Better so! If we went to a strange place, and tried to conceal it, it would always be oozing out, and be supposed disgraceful. If my sisters can bear it, I had rather confront it straightforwardly—"

"And be *pitied*"—said Bertram, with *such* a contemptuous tone.

Nobody, however, thought it would be advisable for him to give up the New Zealand plan, nor did he ever mean it for a moment; indeed, he declared that he should go and prepare for us; for that we should very soon get tired of Skimping's Farm, and come out to him; meaning, of course, that our dear charge would be over.

He even wanted Jaquetta to come with him at once, and the log huts and fern trees danced before her eyes as the blue spectacles had done before mine; but she did not like to leave me, and Fulk would not encourage it, for we both thought her much too young and too tenderly brought up to be sent out to a wild settler's life alone with Bertram, and without a friend near.

To be farmers' sisters where we had been the Earl's daughters—well, I had much rather then that it had been somewhere else; but I saw it was best for Baby and still more so for Fulk, and dear little Jaquey held fast to me and to him, and so it was settled!

Our friends and relatives had much rather we had all emigrated. They did not know what to do with us, and would have been glad to have had us all out of sight for ever, "damaged goods shipped off to the colonies." We felt this and it heartened us up to stay, out of the spirit of opposition.

Old Aunt Amelia, who fussed and cried over us, and our two uncles, who gave us good advice by the yard! Alas! I fear we were equally ungrateful to them, both cold and impatient. No, we did not bear it really well, though they said we did. We had plenty of pride and self-respect, and that carried us on; but there was no submission, no notion of taking it religiously. I don't mean that we did not go to church, and in the main try to

do right. Any one more upright than my brother it would have been hard to find; but as to any notion that religious feeling could help us, and that our reverse might be blessed to us, that would have seemed a very strange language indeed!

And so we were hard, we would bear no sympathy but from one another, and even among ourselves we never gave way.

People admired us, I fancy, but were alienated and disappointed, and we were quite willing then to have it so.



## CHAPTER IV.

## SKIMPING'S FARM.

Skimping's Farm was the unlucky name of the place, and Fulk would allow of no modification—his resolution was to accept it all entirely. *Now* I love no spot on earth so well. It was very different then.

The farm-house lay on the slope of the hill, in the parish of Trevorsham, but with the park lying between it and the main village. The ground sloped sharply down to the little river, which, about two miles lower down, blends with the Avon, being, in fact, a creek out of Shinglebay. Beneath the house the stream is

clear and rocky, but then comes a flat of salt marsh, excellent for cattle; and then, again, the river becomes tidal, and reaches at high water to the steep banks, sometimes covered with wood, sometimes with pasture or corn.

Then under the little promontory comes the hamlet of fisherfolk at Quay Trevor; and then the coast sweeps away to Shinglebay town, as anyone may see by the map.

Ours is an old farm, and had an orchard of old apple-trees sloping down to the river—as also did the home field, only divided by a low stone wall from the little strip of flower-garden before the house, which in those days had nothing in it but two tamarisks, a tea-tree, and a rose with lovely buds and flowers that always had green hearts.

There was a good-sized kitchen-garden behind, and the farm-yard was at the side by the back door. The house is old and there-

fore was handsome outside, even then, but the chief of the lower story was comprised in one big room, a "keeping-room," as it was called, with an open chimney, screened by a settle, and with a long polished table, with a bench on either side. Into this room the front porch—a deep one, with seats—opened. At one end was a charming little sitting-room, parted off; at the other, the real kitchen for cooking, and the dairy and all the rest of the farm offices.

Up-stairs—the stairs are dark oak, and come down at one end of the big kitchen—there is one beautiful large room, made the larger by a grand oriel window under the gable, one opening out of it, and four more over the offices; then a step-ladder and a great cheeseroom, and a perfect wilderness of odd nooks up in the roof.

As to furniture, Fulk had bought that with the stock and everything else belonging to the farm for a round sum; and the Chancery people told us that we might take anything for ourselves from home that had been bought by ourselves, had belonged to our mother, or been given to us individually.

So the furniture of Fulk's rooms in London -most of which he had had at Oxford-my own piano, our books, and various little worktables, chairs, pictures, and knicknacks appertained to us; also, we brought what belonged to the little one's nursery, and put him in the large room. His grand nurse—Earl though he was-could not stand the change; but old Blake, who was retiring into a public house, as he could do nothing else for us, suggested his youngest sister, who became the comfort of my life, for she was the widow of a small farmer, and could give me plenty of sound counsel as to how much pork to provide for the labourers, and how much small beer would

keep them in good heart, and not make them too merry. And she had too much good sense to get into rivalry with Susan Sisson, the hind's wife, who lived in a kind of lean-to cottage opening into the farm-yard, and was the chief (real) manager of the dairy and poultry—though such was not Jaquetta's view of the case by any manner of means.

What a help it was to have one creature who did enjoy it all from the very first!

The parting with Bertram was sore, and one's heart will ache after him still at times, though he is prosperous and happy with his wife and fine family at the new Trevorsham. Fulk went through it all in a grave set way, as if he knew he never should be happy again, and accepted everything in silence, as a matter of course, not wanting to sadden us, but often grieving me more by his steady silence than if he had complained.

One thing he was resolved on, that he would be a farmer out and out—not a gentleman farmer, as he said; but though he only wore broadcloth in the evening and on Sundays, I can't say he ever succeeded in not looking more of the gentleman.

We fitted up the little parlour with our prettiest things, and it was our morning room, and we put a screen across the big keeping-room, which made it snug for a family gathering place. But those were the days when everyone was abusing the farmers for not living with their labourers in the house, and Fulk was determined to try it, at least the first year, either for the sake of consistency, or because he was resolved to keep our expenses as low as possible. "Failure would be ruin," he impressed on us, and he thought we ought to live on the profits of the farm, except what was directly spent on the boy, and to

save the income of the agency. (Taking one year with another, we did so.)

So he gave up his own dear old Cid, and only used the same horses that had sufficed for our predecessor—a most real loss and deprivation-and he chose to take meals at the long table in the keeping-room with the farm servants. He said we girls might dine in our little parlour apart, but there was no bearing that, and the whole household dined and supped together. Breakfast was at such uncertain times that we left that for the back kitchen, and had our own little round table by the fire, or in the parlour, at half-past seven; and so we took care to have a good cup of coffee for Fulk when he came in about five or six; but the half-past twelve dinner and eight o'clock supper were at the long table, our three selves and Baby at the top—Baby between me and Mrs. Rowe ("Ally's Rowe," as he called her), then George and Susan Sisson opposite each other, the under nurse, the two maids, the hind, and the three lads.

I believe it was a very awful penance to them at first. We used to hear them splashing away at the pump and puffing like porpoises; and they came in with shining faces and lank hair in wet rats' tails, the foremost of which they pulled on all occasions of sitting down, getting up, or being offered food.

But they always behaved very well, and the habit of the animal at feeding-time is so silent that I believe the restraint was compensated by the honour; and it *did* civilise them, thanks, perhaps, to Susan's lectures on manners, which we sometimes overheard.

Fulk made spasmodic attempts to talk to Sisson; but the chief conversation was Jaquetta's. She went on merrily all dinnertime, asking about ten thousand things, and hazarding opinions that elicited amusement in spite of ourselves: as when she asked, what sheep did with their other two legs, or suggested growing canary seed, as sure to be a profitable crop. Indeed, I think she had a little speculation in it on her own account in the kitchen garden—only the sparrows were too many for her—and what they left would not ripen.

But the child was always full of some new and rare device, rattling on anyhow, not for want of sense, but just to force a smile out of Fulk and keep us all alive, as she called it.

She knew every bird and beast on the farm, fed the chickens, collected the eggs, nursed tender chicks or orphan lambs and weaning calves, and was in and out with the dogs all day, really as happy as ten queens, with the freedom and homely usefulness of the life—

tripping daintily about in the tall pattens of farm life in those days, and making fresh enjoyment and fun of everything.

I used to be half vexed to see her grieve so little over all we had lost; but Fulk said, "I suppose it is very hard to break down a creature at that age."

And even I was cheered by the wonderful start of health Alured took from the time Mrs. Rowe had him. He grew fat and rosy, and learnt to walk; and Dr. Hart was quite astonished at his progress, and said he was nearly safe from any more attacks of that fearful water on the brain till he was six or seven years old, and that, till that time, we must let him be as much as possible in the open air, and with the animals, and not stimulate his brain—neither teach, nor excite, nor contradict him, nor let him cry. The farm life was evidently the very thing he wanted.

What a reprieve it was, even though it should be only a reprieve!

He was already three years old, and was very clever and observant.

We were glad that he was too young to take heed of the change, or to see what was implied by his change from "baby," to "my lord;" and we always called him by his Christian name. Mrs. Rowe felt far too much for us to gossip to him, and he was always with her or with me, though I do believe he liked Ben - the great, rough, hind-better than anyone else; would lead Mrs. Rowe long dances after him, to see him milk the cows, and would hold forth to him at dinner, in a way as diverting to us as it was embarrassing to poor Ben, who used to blurt out at intervals, "Yoi, my lord," and "Noa, my lord;" while the two maids tried to swallow their tittering. The farmers at market used to call Fulk, "my lord," by mistake, and then colour up to their eyes through their red faces.

I believe, indeed, it was their name for him among themselves, and that they watched him with a certain contemptuous compassion, in the full belief that he would ruin himself.

And he declares he should if he had lived a bit more luxuriously, or if he had not had the agency salary to help him through the years of buying experience and the bad season with which he began.

Nor was it till he had for some years introduced that capital breed which thrives so well in the salt marshes, and twice following showed up the prize ox at the county show, that they began to believe in "Farmer Torwood," or think his "advanced opinions" in agriculture anything but a gentleman's whimsies.

As to friends and acquaintance, I am afraid

we showed a great deal of pride and stiffness. They were kinder than we deserved, but we thought it prying and patronage, and would not accept what we could not return.

It is not fair to say we. It was only myself - Jaquetta never saw anything but kindness, and took it pleasantly, and Fulk was too busy and too unhappy to be concerned about our visiting matters. If I saw anyone coming to call I hid myself in the orchard, or if I was taken by surprise I was stiffness itself; and then I wrote a set of cards (Miss Torwood and Miss Jaquetta Torwood), and drove round in the queer oldfashioned gig to leave them, and there was an end of it; for I would accept no invitations, though Jaquetta looked at me wistfully. And thus I daunted all but old Miss Prior. Poor old thing! All her pleasures had oozed down from our house in old times to her; and her gratitude was indomitable, and stood all imaginable rebuffs that courtesy permitted me. I believe she only pitied and loved me the more, and persevered in the dreadful kindness that has no tact.

It did not strike me that pleasure might be good for Jaquetta, or that Fulk's stern silent sorrow might have been lightened by variety. Used as he had been to political life and London society, it was no small change to have merely the market for interest, the farm for occupation, and no society but ourselves; no newspaper but the County Chronicle once a week: no new books, for Mudie did not exist then, even if we could have afforded it. had dropped out of the guinea country book club, and Knight's "Penny Magazine" was our only fresh literature. However, Jaquetta never was much of a reader, and was full of business —queen of the poultry, and running after the weakly ones half the day, supplementing George Sisson's very inadequate gardening—aye, and his wife's equally rough cooking. She found a receipt book, and turned out excellent dishes. She could not bear, she said, to see Fulk try to eat grease, and with an effort at concealment, assisted by the dogs, fall back upon bread and cheese.

Luckily plain work in the school-room had not gone out in our day, and I could make and mend respectably, but I had to keep a volume of Shakespeare, Scott, or Wordsworth open before me, and learn it by heart, to keep away thoughts, which might have been good for me; but no—they were working on their own bitterness.

Sunday was the hardest day of all to Fulk, for this was the only one on which he could not be busy enough to tire himself out. We were a mile from church, and when we got to

the worm-eaten farm pew there was a smell, as Jaquey said, as if generations of farmers had been eating cheese there, and generations of mice eating after them; and she always longed to shut up a cat there.

The old curate was very old, and nothing seemed alive but the fiddles in the gallery—indeed, after the "Penny Magazine" had made us acquainted with the Nibelung, Jaquey took to calling Sisson, Folker the mighty fiddler, so determined were his strains.

After the great house was shut up, one service was dropped, and so the latter part of the day was spent in a visit to all the livestock, Fulk laden with Alured, and Jaquetta with tit bits for each and all.

She and Alured really enjoyed it, and we tried to think we did! And then Fulk used to stride off on a long solitary walk, or else sit in the porch with his arms across, in a dumb heavy silence, till he saw us looking at him; and then he would shake himself, and go and find Sisson, and discuss every field and beast with him.

At least we thought we should have been at peace here; but one afternoon, when Jaquetta had gone across to the village to see some purchase at the shop, she came back flushed and breathless, and said as she sat down by me, "Oh! Ursie, Ursie, I met Miss Prior; and she has bought Spinney Lawn."

She was Hester; it had never meant anyone else amongst us when it was said in that voice. Fulk, when we told him, had, it appeared, known it for some days past. All he said was, "Well! she has every right."

And when I exclaimed, "Just like a harpy, come to watch our poor child!" he said, "Nonsense."

But I knew I was right, and sat brooding-

till presently he said, "Put that out of your head, Ursula, or you will not be able to behave properly to her."

"I don't see any good in behaving properly to her," said Jaquetta. "What business has she to come here?"

"I do not choose to regale the neighbour-hood with our family jars"—said Fulk, quietly.

And then—such a ridiculous child as Jaquetta was—she burst out laughing, and cried, "What a feast they would be! Preserved crabs, I suppose;" and she brought a tiny curl into the corner of his mouth.

My pride was up, and I remember I answered, "You are right, Fulk. No one shall say we are jealous, or shrink from the sight of her!"

"When Smith told me that he had no idea who was the bidder, or he would not have suffered it," said Fulk, "I told him I could have no possible objection!"

And so we endured it in our pride and our dignity.

Lady Hester Lea was the heroine of the neighbourhood. The romance of the disowned daughter was charming; and I was far too disagreeable to excite any counterbalancing pity. She was handsome, and everybody raved about her likeness to poor papa and the family portraits; and her Montreal convent had given her manners quite distinct from English vulgarity; or, maybe, her blood told on her bearing, for she was immensely admired for her demeanour, quite as much as for her beauty.

Old Miss Prior—whom no coldness on my part could check in her assiduous kindness, and nothing would hinder from affectionately telling us whatever we did not want to hear—kept us constantly informed of the new comer's

triumphs. Especially she would dwell upon the sensation that Lady Hester produced, and all that the gentlemen said of her. Her name stood as lady patroness to all the balls and fancy fairs, and archery, that Shinglebay produced; and there was no going to shop there without her barouche coming clattering down the street with the two prancing greys, and poor little Trevor inside, with a looped-up hat and ostrich feather exactly like Alured's; for by some intention she always dressed him in the exact likeness of his little uncle's. I used to think Miss Prior told her, and sedulously prevented her ever seeing his lordship out of his brown holland pinafores, but the same rule still held good.

What tender enquiries poor Miss Prior used to make after "the dear little lord," as she called him. My asseverations of his health and intelligence generally eliciting that it was current

among Lady Hester's friends that he could neither stand nor speak, and was so imbecile that it was a mercy that he could not live to be eight years old.

Of course that was what Hester was waiting for. And no small pleasure was it when Alured would come pattering in with a shout of "Ursa, Ursa," and as soon as he saw a lady, would stop, and pull off his hat from his chesnut curls like the little gentleman he always was.

Spinney Lawn was bought before Joel Lea came to England. If he had seen where it was I doubt whether he would have consented to the purchase; but Perrault managed it all, and then, with what he had made out of the case, bought himself a share in Meakin's office at Shinglebay, and constituted himself Lady Hester's legal adviser.

Mr. Lea, after vainly trying to get his wife

to return to Sault St. Pierre, thought it wrong to be apart from her and his son, and came to England.

Fulk went at once to call on him, expecting to be disgusted with Yankeeisms; but came home, saying he had found a more unlucky man than himself!

Fancy a great, big, plain, hard-working back-woodsman, bred only to the axe and rifle, with illimitable forests to range in, happy in toil and homely plenty, and a little king to himself, set down in an English villa, with a trim garden and paddock, and servants everywhere to deprive him of the very semblance to occupation!

Poor man! he had not even the alleviation of being proud of it, and trying to live up to it. Puritan to the bone of his broad back, he thought everything as wicked as it was wearisome and foolish; and lived like Faithful in

"Vanity Fair," solely enduring it for the sake of his wife and son. I suppose he could not have carried her off, or altered her course without the strong hand; for she was a determined woman, all the more resolute because she acted for her child.

He was a staunch Dissenter, and would not go to church with Lady Hester, who did so as a needful part of the belonging of her station, or, perhaps, to watch over us, but trudged two miles every Sunday to the meeting-house at Shinglebay, where he was a great light, and spent all that she allowed him on the minister and the Sunday school.

As to society, he abhorred it on principle, and kept out of the way when his wife gave her parties. If she had an old affection for him in the depths of her heart, it was swallowed up in vexation and provocation; and no wonder, for the verdict of society, as Miss

Prior reported it, was—"How sad that such a woman as Lady Hester should have been thrown away on a mere common man—not a bit better than a labourer."

I detested him like all the rest; but Fulk declared he was sublime in passive endurance, and used to make opportunities of consulting him about cattle or farming, just to interest him.

Fulk and the dissenting minister were the only friends the poor man had, and the latter Hester would not let into her house. As to Perrault, he loathed and shrank from him as the real destroyer of all his peace, and still the most dangerous influence about his wife. He never said so, but we felt it.

I think the poor man's happiest hours were spent here; and, now and then in a press of work, or to show how a thing ought to be done, he put his own hand to axe, lever, or hay-fork, and toiled with that cruelly-wasted alert strength.

Fulk always says there never was anyone who taught him so much as Joel Lea, and he means deeper things than farming.

Sometimes Mr. Lea brought his little boy. I was vexed at first; but Alured, who had hardly spoken to a child before, was in ecstasies, as if a new existence had come upon him; and Trevor Lea was really a very nice little boy. He was only half a year the elder; and they were so much alike that strangers did not know them apart, dressed alike, as they were; or they were taken for twins, and it made people laugh to find they were uncle and nephew.

And I must allow the nephew was the best behaved, though it made me savage to hear Fulk say so.

But our Ally's was not real naughtiness-

only the consequence of our not being able to keep up discipline, while we lived in dread of that seventh year that might rob us of our darling—always sweet and loving.

## CHAPTER V.

## SPINNEY LAWN.

A CHANGE or two began to creep into our life. One afternoon, as Jaquetta, in her pretty pink gingham and white apron, with her black hair in the Grecian coil we used to wear when our heads were allowed to be of their own proper size, was gathering crimson apples from the quarrendon tree close to the river, a voice came over the water—

"Oh, my good girl, if you would but stand so a minute, and allow me to sketch you!"

Jaquetta started round and laughed. No doubt she was looking like an Arcadian; but

I—as from under the trees I saw two gentlemen on the other side of the little stream, and jumped up to come to her defence—I must have looked more like a displeased if not draggle-tailed duchess, for there was an immediate disconcerted begging of our pardons, and a hasty departure.

Jaquetta made a very funny account of my spring forward in awful dignity, so horribly affronted at her being called a good girl! and she made Fulk laugh heartily. The gloom did seem to be lightening on him now.

Walking tourists, we supposed, though one we thought was a clergyman; and on Sunday we saw him in the desk and the draughtsman in the parsonage pew; and we discovered that these were the proposed new curate, Mr. Cradock, and his younger brother. Our rector was a canon who had bad health and never came near us, and the poor old curate was

past work, and, indeed, died a week or two after he had given up.

I saw that younger brother colour up to the roots of his bright hair as Jaquetta walked up the aisle, in her drawn black silk bonnet with the pink lining (made by herself); and I think she coloured too, for she was rosier than usual when we faced round in the corners of our pew.

We saw no more of them for a month, and a dainty, bridal-looking little lady appeared in the parsonage seat, with white ribbons in her straw bonnet, and modest little orange flowers in the frill round her pleasant face.

Mrs. Cradock she was, we heard; and not only Miss Prior, but Fulk, wanted us to call on her.

"What's the use?" said I. "Farmers' families are not on visiting terms with the ladies of the parsonage."

Poor Jaquey uttered an "Oh dear!" but she

and Fulk knew I was past moving in that mood.

However, one morning in the next week, in walked Fulk into the keeping-room, and the clergyman with him, and found Jaquey and me standing at the long table under the window, peeling and cutting up apples for apple-cheese.

"Mr. Cradock, my sister," he said, just in the old tone when he brought a friend into our St. James's-street drawing-room; and he hardly gave time for the shaking of hands before he had returned to the discussion about the change of ministry, just with the voice and animation I had not seen for two whole years.

We went on with our apples. For one thing, we were not wanted; for another, there was no fire in the little parlour, and the gentlemen both seemed to be enjoying the bright one that was burning on the hearth.

The only difficulty was that dinner time began to approach. The men could not be kept waiting; and I heard Alured awake from his sleep, pattering about and shouting; and as we began to gather up our apples one of the maids peeped in with a table-cloth over her arm.

Mr. Cradock saw, though Fulk did not, and said his wife would expect him; and then he looked most pleasantly to me, and said he was not at all wanted at home, while his wife was luxuriating in a settlement of furniture; but this was, he was assured, the last day of confusion, and to-morrow she would be quite ready for all who would be so good as to call on her.

I could only say I would do myself the pleasure; and then he still waited a moment to say that his brother Arthur could not recover

from his dismay at his greeting to Miss Torwood.

"But," he said, "the boy's head was quite turned by the beauty of the country. He had been raving all day about the new poet, Alfred Tennyson, and I believe he thought he had walked into lotus-land."

"Nearer the dragon of the Hesperides, perhaps," said Fulk, laughing. "Is he with you now?"

"No; he has gone back to Oxford. He is in his second year; and whether he takes to medicine or to art is to be settled by common-sense or genius."

"Oh, but if he has genius?" began Jaquetta eagerly.

"That's the question," said Mr. Cradock, laughing. "But I am hindering you shamefully;" and with that he took his leave, having quite demolished our barriers.

And his wife was of the same nature—simple, blithe, and bonny—ready to make friends in a moment; and though she must have known all about us, never seeming to remember anything but that we were her nearest lady neighbours.

Jaquetta, whose young friendships had been broken short off, because the poor girls really did not know how to correspond with her under present circumstances, took to Mrs. Cradock with eager enthusiasm, and tripped across the park to her two or three times a week, and became delightedly interested in all her doings, parochial or otherwise.

Dear Jaquey's happy nature had always been content; but when I saw how exceedingly she enjoyed the variety, liveliness, and occupations brought by the Cradocks, I felt that it had been scarcely kind to seclude her to gratify my own sole pride; but then there had been

nobody like the Cradocks--to drop or be dropped.

The refreshment to Fulk was even greater. The having a man to converse with, and break his mind against, one who would argue, and who really cared for the true principles of politics, made an immense difference to him. When after tea he said he would walk to the parsonage to see how the debate had gone, and we knew we should not see him till half-past ten, we could not but be glad; it must have been so much pleasanter than playing at chess, listening to our old music, or reading even the new books they lent us.

He brightened greatly that winter, and I ceased to fear that he was getting a farmer's slouch. He looked as stately and beautiful as ever Lord Torwood had done, and the dejection had gone out of his face and bearing, when suddenly it returned again; and as

Miss Prior was away from home, I never found out the cause till one day, as I was shopping at Shinglebay, and was telling the linendraper that Mr. Torwood would call for the parcel, I saw the lady at the other counter start and turn round, as if at a sudden shock.

Then I saw the white doe eyes, full of the old pleading expression, and the lips quivering wistfully, but I only said to myself, "The old arts! That is what has overthrown Fulk again;" and away I went with a rigid bow, and said nothing.

There was no exchange of calls. That was not my fault, for we could not have begun; and we heard that Mrs. Deerhurst said, "The Torwoods had shown very good taste in retiring from all society, poor things. Only it was a great mistake to remain in the neighbourhood—so awkward for everybody!"

Mrs. Cradock was much struck with Emily's sweet looks; but I believe that Jaquetta told her all about it, and we never met the Deerhursts there.

In fact they were not intimate, for there must have been a repulsion between Mrs. Deerhurst and such a woman as Mary Cradock.

The Deerhursts owned a villa on the outskirts of Shinglebay; indeed, I believe it was the difficulty in letting it that had unwillingly forced Mrs. Deerhurst home, after having married her second daughter, but not Emily. She was only a mile and a half from Spinney Lawn, and speedily became familiar there, being as entirely Hester's counsellor in etiquette as was Perrault on business. People saw a marked improvement in elegance from the time she became adviser.

That next winter poor Joel Lea died. I suppose it was merely the dulness and want of exercise that killed him, for he had lost flesh and grown languid in manner for months before a low fever set in, and he had no power to struggle with it.

He had been ill a long time, when he sent a message to beg Mr. Torwood to come and see him. Jaquetta and I persuaded ourselves that he had discovered that Perrault had suborned witnesses, or done something that would falsify the whole trial.

Jaquetta said she should be very glad for Fulk, and if it happened now little Alured would never feel it; but for her own part, she should hate to go back to be my lady again. She had never known before what happiness was.

I could not help laughing. Nobody had ever

detected anything amiss with Lady Jaquetta Trevor's spirits, but that they were too high at times.

"Of course I don't mean that I was miserable!" she said; "but there's something now that does make everything so delicious."

"Could you not take that something to the park?" I asked, laughing.

"I don't know! It would not be so bad if I could run in and out at the parsonage as I do now."

And as I smiled, it smote me as I recollected that Arthur Cradock was always at the parsonage in the vacations. Jaquetta had been sketched many a time as nymph of the orchard, and many a nymph besides. And if he was yielding to his brother's wisdom in making medicine his study and art his pleasure, was not our unconscious maiden the sugar that sweetened the cup of prudence? Might not

elevation be as sore a trial to her as depression had been to us?

However, our troubling ourselves was all nonsense. Good Joel Lea would never have connived at any evil doings. All he had wanted of Fulk was to be certain of his forgiveness for the injury he had suffered through his wife, and to entreat him to keep a watch over her and the boy.

"You are her brother, when all is come and gone," he said; "and I do not trust that Perrault. If ever he fails her, or turns against her, you'll stand her friend, and look to the boy?"

Fulk heartily promised, and Joel further begged him to write to her eldest brother, Francis Dayman (who was prospering immensely in the timber trade), and let him know the state of things—though he had been so angered at Hester's sacrifice of his mother's

good name and his own birth, that he had broken with her entirely.

"But if anyone can get her out of Perrault's hands, it is Francis," poor Joel said; and he went on to talk of his poor boy, about whom he was very anxious, having no trust in any of Hester's intimates, and begging Fulk to throw a good word to him now and then.

"He thinks much of you," he said. "I heard him tell Miss Deerhurst that it was no use for anyone to try to be such an out-and-out gentleman as his uncle, for they couldn't do it, and he had rather be like you than anyone else. I don't care for gentlemen, and all that foolery, as you know. I wish I could leave him to my old mate, Eli Potter; but you are true and honest, Fulk Torwood, and I think not so far from the kingdom—"

Then he asked Fulk to read a chapter to

him. No one else would do so, except little Trevor, when now and then left alone with him; but Hester would not believe him seriously ill, and thought the Bible wearied him and made him low spirited; and as to his friend the Dissenter, she would never admit him.

Fulk was so indignant that he wanted to drive to Shinglebay and fetch Mr. Ball, but Lea thanked him and half smiled at his superstition of thinking that a minister was needed to speed his soul; but he was pleased that Fulk came to him on each of the four or five remaining days of his life, and read to him whatever he wished.

He sank suddenly at last, while Hester was at church on Sunday morning, and died when alone with Fulk.

Somehow the intense reality of that man and the true comfort his faith was to him made an immense impression on my brother, and seemed, as it were, to give the communication between his religious belief and his feelings, which had somehow not been in force before. He thought and borrowed books from Mr. Cradock, and there came a deepening and softening over him, which one saw in many ways, that made him dearer than ever. He looked more at peace, even though one felt that each passing sight of Emily was a sting.

Hester was dreadfully stricken down at first, and her anguish of lamentation and self-reproach was terrible to witness; but she would not hear of Fulk's fetching either of us—indeed, I fancy that was the fault of my dry, cold looks—nor would she allow him to do anything for her.

Mrs. Deerhurst came to be with her, and Perrault managed everything.

They had a magnificent funeral—much grander

than my father's—and laid him in the family vault.

Perrault took the opportunity of insulting Fulk by pairing him with old Hall, the exagent; but Hall found it out in time, and refused to go, and when the moment came everybody fell back, and Fulk found himself close to poor little Trevor, who tried to get his hand out of Perrault's and cling to him; but Perrault held him tight till, at the moment when they moved to the mouth of the vault and were to go down the steps, terror completely seized the poor child, and he began to shriek so fearfully that Fulk had to snatch him up and carry him out of the church, trembling from head to foot.

It was very cruel to send a sensitive child of six years old in that way; but Hester was too much exhausted with her violent grief to go herself, and, devoted mother as she was in all else, she never perceived that poor child's instinctive shrinking from Perrault.

We tried to be kind to her, and hoped she would soften towards us; but she did not. I could see her eyes glitter with their keen, searching glance under her crape veil, as if she were measuring Alured all over when the child walked into church with me; and, indeed, when he went to the Zoological Gardens some time later, and saw the cobra di capello, he said—

"Ursa, why does that snake look at me just like Lady Hester?"

There must have been fascination in the eager mystery of the gaze, for, strangely enough, he was not afraid of her. She always made much of him if he came in her way, and he was so fond of Trevor Lea that nothing made him so eager or happy as the thought of seeing him. The one idea that her boy was ousted by Alured, and the longing to see him the heir, seemed to drive out everything else from Hester—almost feeling for her husband.

Fulk had written to Francis Dayman, and he intended to come and see after his sister as soon as he could leave his business; but this rather precipitated matters. Hester was persuaded that Alured could not live through that eighth year of his life at the utmost, and Perrault somehow persuaded her, that only as her husband could he protect her interests and Trevor's, though what machinations she could have expected from us, I cannot guess; or how, in the case of a minor, we could have interfered with her rights. But the man had gained such an ascendancy over her, that she did not even perceive that the connection was not good for that great object of her's, her son's position in society. In fact, he

persuaded her that he was of a noble old French family, and ought to be a count. How we laughed when we heard of it! She did preserve wisdom enough to insist upon having her fortune conveyed to trustees for her son, so that Perrault could only touch the income, and not the principal; and as she told everyone that he had been determined upon this being done, I suppose he saw that any demur would excite her suspicion.

They went to London, and were married there, while we were still scouting poor Miss Prior's rumours. We were very sorry when we thought of poor Joel's charge; and, besides, "the count" had an uncomfortable slippery look about him. I can't describe it otherwise. He was a slim, trim, well-dressed man, only given to elaborate jewellery and waistcoats, with polished black hair and boots, and keen French-looking eyes, well-mannered, and so

versatile and polite, that he soon overcame people's prejudices; and he was thought to make a much better master of the house than poor Joel had ever done.



## CHAPTER VI.

## THE WHITE DOE'S WARNING.

HERE was Alured's eighth birthday, and he had never been ill at all, but was as finelooking healthy a boy as could be seen.

We took him to London, and showed him to Dr. Hart, and he said that the old tendency was entirely outgrown, and that Lord Trevorsham was as likely to live and thrive as any child of his age in England.

It really seemed the beginning of a new life, not to have that dreadful fear hanging over us any longer! We felt settled, that was one thing; not as if we should do as Bertram expected, have to come off to New Zealand.

The farm had just began to pay. Fulk's sales of cattle had been, for the first time, more than enough to clear his rent. He had a great ox in the Smithfield Cattle Show, and met our Lupton uncles there not as an unsuccessful man.

And I? I had a dim feeling that Alured would soon cease to need me, and Jaquetta would not be claimed for a long time; and if——

But in the midst of that if I saw a haggard face driving in the park by the side of a little, over-dressed, faded woman.

And Aunt Amelia told me how (in the rebound from my harshness, no doubt) Mr. Decies had, as it were, dropped into the hands of a weak, extravagant girl, who had long been using all the intellect she had to attract him, and now led him a dreary life of perpetual dissipation.

I don't know how much I had been to blame. I am sure he was meant for better things. Mine could never have been real love for him, and the refusal could not have been wrong. It must have been the pride and harshness that stung him!

I was very sorry for him, though I could not think about it, of course, still less speak; but that was the beginning of my hating myself, and I have hated myself more and more ever since I have taken to write all this down, and seen how hard and foolish I was, how very much the worst of the three.

Even my care for Alured sprang out of exclusive passion, and so, though I do think that by Heaven's mercy I had a great share in cherishing him into strength and health, I had managed him badly, I had indulged him over

much, and was improperly resentful of any attempt of Jaquetta, or even of Fulk, to interfere with him or restrain him.

Thus, when the anxiety was over, and he was a strong boy, full of health and activity, his will was entirely unrestrained, he had no notion of minding any of us, still less of learning. Trevor Lea could read, write, talk French, say a few Latin declensions, when Alured could not read a word of three letters, and would not try to learn.

Oh! the antics he played when I tried to teach him! Then Fulk tried, and he was tame for three days, but then came idleness, wilfulness, anger, punishment, but he laughed to scorn all that we could find in our hearts to do to him.

As to getting other help we were ashamed till he should be a little less shamefully backward. The Cradocks offered to teach him, but then, unless he was elaborately put on honour, he played truant.

He had plenty of honour, plenty of affection, but not the smallest conscience as to obedience; and Fulk would not have the other two motives worked too hard, saying the one might break, the other give way.

We had not taught obedience, so we had to take the consequences, and we were the less able to enforce it that he had come to a knowledge of our mutual relations much sooner than we intended, and in the worst manner possible.

Of course he knew himself to be Lord Trevorsham, and owner of the property; but one day, when Fulk found him galloping his pony in the field laid up for hay, and ordered him out, he retorted that "You ain't my proper brother, and you haven't any rights over me! It is my field, and I shall do as I like."

Fulk got hold of the pony's bridle, and took Alured by the shoulder without one word, then took him into the little study, and had it out with him.

It was Hester who had told him. He had been at Spinney Lawn with Trevor all one afternoon, when we had thought him out with old Sisson. He had told no falsehood indeed, but Hester and her husband had made him understand, so far as such a child could do, that there was some disgrace connected with us; that Fulk had once been in his place, and only wanted to get it back, and now had it all his own way with his young lordship's property, and that he owed us neither duty nor affection, only to his true relative, Lady Hester Perrault.

The dear boy had maintained stoutly that he did love Ursula and Jacquey, and that Hester wasn't half so nice, and that he had rather they bullied him than that she coaxed him! But there was the poison sown—to rankle and grow and burst out when he was opposed. He had full faith and trust in Fulk, and accepted his history, owning, indeed, from a boy, that he had been a horrid little wretch for saying what he did, and asking whether it had not been a great bore; indeed, he behaved all the better instead of the worse for some little time, dear fellow.

But he was too big and strong to tie to one's apron-string, and his greatest pleasure was in being with Trevor. I think Trevor's own influence never did any harm. Poor Joel Lea had trained him well, and he was a conscientious, good boy, who often hindered Alured from insubordination; but the attraction to Spinney Lawn was a mischievous thing—for there was no doubt that the heads of the family would set him against us if they could.

So Fulk thought it wiser to send him to school, since he was learning nothing properly at home, and only getting more disobedient and unruly.

Immediately Trevor Lea was sent to the same school, to the boys' great delight. They cared little that Trevor was placed nearly at the top and Trevorsham at the bottom of the little preparatory school. They held together just as much, and Alured came home wonderfully improved and delightfully good, but more than ever inseparable from Trevor.

In the meantime Francis Dayman had come to pay his sister a visit. He had made some fortunate speculations, and had come on to be a merchant of considerable wealth and weight in the Hudson's Bay Company.

A handsome man of a good deal of strength and force he seemed to be, and Perrault had

certainly been wise in securing his prize before Hester had such a guardian.

He was an open, straight-forward man, with a fresh breath of the forest about him; successful beyond all his hopes, and full of activity. He took to Fulk, and seemed to have a strong fellow-feeling for us.

But little had Fulk expected to be made the confidant of his vehement admiration for Emily Deerhurst. The gentle lady-like girl impressed the backwoodsman in a wondrous manner. It seemed to him, as if his wealth would have real value, if he could pour it all out on her.

And her mother encouraged him. Emily was six years older than when she had cast off Fulk, and there was a pale changed look about her; and the rich Canadian, who could buy a baronetcy, and do anything she asked, tempted Mrs. Deerhurst.

Though, as Fulk said bitterly, if the stain on his birth was all the cause of the utter withdrawal, was it not the same with Francis Dayman? Only in his case it was gilded!

Dayman knew nothing of this former affair. The world was forgetting it, and if Hester knew it, she kept it from his knowledge, so he used to consult Fulk as to what was to be done to please an English lady, and whether he was too rough for her; and Fulk stood it all. He even knew when the young lady herself was brought forward—and refused, gently, sadly, courteously, but unmistakably; and then, when driven hard by the eager wooing, owned to an old attachment, that never would permit her to marry!

What a light there was in Fulk's eyes when he whispered that into my ears! And yet he had kept his counsel, even though Mr. Dayman told him that the mother declared it to be a foolish romantic affair of very early girlhood, that no doubt his perseverance would overthrow.

"And her persecution!" muttered poor Fulk. But he did enjoy the confidences in a bittersweet fashion. It was justifiable to be a dog in the manger under the circumstances.

Mr. Dayman went to London, and Hester was negociating about a house where Mrs. Deerhurst and her daughters were to stay with her for a few weeks. I fancy Mrs. Deerhurst thought that the chance of seeing Farmer Torwood ride by to market had a bad effect. It was the Easter holidays, and both boys were at home; always trying to be together, and we not finding it easy to keep Alured from Spinney Lawn, without such flat refusals as would have given his sister legitimate cause of complaint and offence.

One beautiful spring afternoon, when Alured,

to my vexation and vague uneasiness, had gone over there, I was sowing annuals in the garden and watching for him at the same time, when, to my surprise, I saw, coming over the fields from the park, a lady with a quick, timid, yet wearied step. Had she lost her way, I thought? There was something of the tame fawn in her movement; and then I remembered the white doe. Yes! it was Emily!

The one haunting anxiety of my life broke out—"You havn't come to say there's anything amiss with my boy?" I cried out.

"No; oh no! I think he is safe now; but I wanted to tell you, I think you ought to be warned."

She was trembling so much that I wanted to bring her in and make her rest; but she would only sit down on the step of the stile, and there she whispered it, in this way.

"You know there's a dreadful scarlet fever at old Brown's."

"The old man that sells curiosities? No, I did not know it; I'll keep Trevorsham away," I said, wondering she had come all this way; and then asking in a fright, "Surely he has not been there?"

"No; I met him on the road with Lady Hester Perrault, and I told them. I walked back to Spinney Lawn with them. But," as I began to thank her, and her voice went lower still, "but—oh, Ursula, Lady Hester knew it!"

"Oh," Emily hid her face in her hands, "I pray God to forgive me if I am doing a very cruel wicked wrong; but I can't help thinking it. I had told her only yesterday how bad the fever was in that street. She said she had

<sup>&</sup>quot;Knew it!"

<sup>&</sup>quot;Yes, knew it quite well."

<sup>&</sup>quot;She was doing it on purpose!"

forgotten it, and thanked me; but she had not her own boy, Trevor, with her.

I was too much frozen with the horror of the thing to speak at first, and perhaps Emily thought I did not quite believe her, for she said, under her breath, "And I've heard her talk — talk to mamma — about her being so certain that Lord Trevorsham could not live. even when he was past seven years old. They always have said that the first illness would go to his head and carry him off. And when people do wish things very much—" And then she grew frightened at herself, and began blaming herself for the horrible fancy, but saying it haunted her every time she saw Lord Trevorsham in Lady Hester's sight. That old ballad, "The wee grovelling doo," would come into her head, and she had felt as if any harm happened to the child it would be her fault for not having spoken a word of warning, and this had determined her.

By this time I had taken it in, and then the first thing I did was to spring up and ask how she could leave the boy still in the woman's power, to which she answered that she had walked them back to Spinney Lawn—a whole mile—and that Lady Hester could not set forth again, now that Alured had heard the conversation.

He had been bent on going to buy a tame sea-gull there, as a birthday present for Trevor; and Emily had lured him off from that, by a promise of getting one from an old fisherman whom she knew. So there was not much fear of his running back into the danger, though I should not have a happy moment till he was in my sight again.

Then Emily sprang up, saying, she must go. She had walked four miles, and she must get back as fast as she could. Most likely mamma would think her at Spinney Lawn.

But what must not it have cost that timid thing to venture here with her warning!

It gave me a double sense of the reality of my boy's peril, that she had been excited to it, and she would not hear of coming in to rest; and when I entreated her to wait till I could get the gig to drive her part of the way, she held me fast, and insisted, with all the terror of womanly shamefacedness, that, "he—that Tor—that Mr. Torwood—should not know." And she sprang up to go home instantly, before he could guess.

"Oh, Emily, that is too bad, when nothing would make him so glad."

"Oh! no, no! he has been used too ill; he can't care for me now, and as if I should——"

I don't think poor Emily uttered anything half so coherent as this, at any rate I understood that she disclaimed the least possibility of his affection continuing, and felt it an outrage on herself to be where she could even suppose herself to have voluntarily put herself in his way.

I thought there was nothing for it but to let her start, hurry after her with some vehicle, and then call and bring home my boy; but in the midst of my perplexity and her struggle with her tears, who should appear on the scene but Fulk himself, driving home the spring cart wherein, everybody being busy, he had conveyed a pig to a new home.

I don't know how it was all done or said. My first notion was that he should be warned of our dear boy's danger, and rescue him before anything else. I could not get into my head

that there was no present reason for dread, and yet when I had gasped out "Oh, Fulk-Alured-Fetch him home! Emily came to warn us!" the accusation began to seem so monstrous and horrible that I could not go on with it before Emily. She too, perhaps, found it harder to utter to a man than to a woman, and between the strangeness of speaking to one another again, and her shyness and his wonder and delight, it seemed to me unreasonable that poor little Alured's danger was counting for nothing between them, and I turned from the former reticence to the bereaved tigress style, and burst out, "And are we to stand talking here while our boy is in these people's power?"

Then Fulk did listen to what it was all about; but even then it seemed to me he awould not think half so much of the peril as of what Emily had done. In truth, I believe

all they both wanted was to get out of my way; but they pacified me by Fulk's undertaking, if Emily did not object to the cart, to drive her across the park where no one would meet her, and she could get out only a mile from home, and to call at Spinney Lawn in returning by the road and take up Alured

What a drive that must have been! Fulk had the advantage over Emily in knowing what poor Mr. Dayman had told him, whereas she, poor child, only knew that he had been so vilely served that she thought his affection and esteem had been entirely killed.

They had it all out in that tax cart, a vehicle Fulk now regards as a heavenly chariot, and I heard it all afterwards.

Poor Emily! she had grown a great deal older in those six years. At eighteen she had implicitly believed in her mother. Mrs. Deerhurst had been so good all those years of striving not to frighten my father, that she had been perfection in her daughter's eyes. Emily had believed with all her heart in her apparent disinterestedness, and her hopes and sympathy for us were real; and so, when the crash really came, and she told the poor girl with floods of tears that it was impossible, and a thing not to be thought of, for a right-minded woman to unite herself to a man of such birth. And poor Emily, with the conscious ignorance of eighteen, believed, and was the sort of gentle creature who could easily be daunted by the terror that her generous impulses to share the shame and namelessness were unfeminine and wrong. The utter silence had been the consequence of her mother assuring her, with authority, that the true kindness was to betray no token of feeling that could cherish hope where all was hopeless, and that he would

regret her less if she commanded herself and gave him no look.

It had been terrible, calm self-command, and obedience to abused filial confidence in her mother's infallibility.

And then Mrs. Deerhurst had been sinking ever since in her daughter's esteem, as Emily could not but rise higher from the conscientious struggle and self-denying submission, and besides grew older and had more experience; while Mrs. Deerhurst, no doubt, deteriorated in the foreign wandering life, and all her motives made themselves evident when she married the younger daughter.

Emily had thought for herself, and seen that advantage had been taken of her innocence, and that her betrothed had rights, which, if she had been older, she would not have been persuaded to ignore. But coming home, two years later, and meeting my cold eyes and Fulk's ceremonious bow, and hearing on all parts that he had accepted his position and had a hard struggle to maintain his two sisters; she, knowing herself to be portionless, could but suffer and be still.

Of course every attempt of her mother's to get her to marry advantageously, and, even more, Mrs. Deerhurst's devotion to Lady Hester, tore away more and more of the veil she had tried to keep over her eyes; and as her youngest sister grew up into bloom, and into the wish for society, Emily had been allowed more and more to go her own quiet way in the religious and charitable life of Shinglebay, where she had peace, if not joy.

And then came the Dayman affair, when all the old persecution revived again, and Emily's foremost defence against him, her blushing objection to his birth, was set aside as a mere prudish fancy of a young girl.

The gentle Emily had been irate then, and all the more when her mother tried to cover her inconsistency by alleging that everybody knew of Lord Torwood's fall, whereas no one knew or cared who Francis Dayman was, or where he came from. Henceforth Emily's shame at the usage of Fulk had been double—or rather it turned into indignation. Reports that he was to marry a rich grazier's daughter had no effect in turning her in pique to Dayman. She had firmly told her mother that if it were wrong for her to take the one, it must be equally so to take the other.

This Mrs. Deerhurst had concealed from poor Mr. Dayman; nor would Emily's modesty allow her to utter the objection to the man's own face. So Mrs. Deerhurst encouraged him, and trusted to London reports of the grazier's daughter, and persevering appeals to that filial

sense of duty which had been strained so much too far.

And now, how did it stand?

When I, secure in knowing that Alured was safe at home, thinking it abominable nonsense in Miss Deerhurst to have bothered about scarlet fever, Hester herself had said so. When I could hear Fulk's happiness, and try to analyse it, what did it amount to?

Why, that they knew they loved one another still, and never meant to cease. And with what hopes? Alas! the hopes were all for some time or other. Emily would do nothing in flat disobedience, and there was little or no hope of her mother's consent to her marrying Farmer Torwood. She meant to tell her mother thus much, that she had seen him, and that they loved each other as much as ever; and as Mrs. Deerhurst had waived the objection to Dayman, it could not hold in the other

case. It would be, in fact, a tacit compact scarcely an engagement—with what amount of meeting or correspondence must be left for duty and principle to decide, but the love that had existed without aliment for six years might trust now. And "hap what hap," there never was a happier man than my Fulk that evening. He was too joyous not to be universally charitable. Nay, he called it a blessed fancy of Emily's that brought her here, as it was Emily's, and had brought him such bliss he could not quite scorn it, but he did not, could not believe in it as we did. It was culpable carelessness in Hester, but colonial people had been used to such health that they did not care about infection. But it was a glorious act of Emily's! In fact the manly mind could believe nothing so horrible of any woman.



## CHAPTER VII.

#### HUNTING.

EMILY told Mr. Dayman the whole truth. Poor fellow! he could not face Fulk again, and went back to Canada.

No doubt Emily went through a great deal, but we never exactly knew what.

Fulk wrote to Mrs. Deerhurst, stating that he hoped in four years' time to be able to purchase the farm, of which he had the lease, and without going into the past, asking her sanction to the engagement.

She sent a cold letter in answer, to desire that the impertinence should not be repeated. And Emily wrote that her mother would not hear of the engagement, and she knew Fulk would not wish her to deceive or disobey, "And so we must trust one another still; but how sweet to do that!"

And when any of us met her there were precious little words and looks, and Fulk meant to try again after the four years. In the meantime he was much respected, and had made himself a place of his own. It chafed Hester to perceive that though she had pulled us down she could not depress us after the first. She had lowered her position, too, by her marriage. At first Perrault was on his good behaviour, and made a favourable impression among the second-rate Shinglebay society Hester got round her; but as the hopes of the title coming to her diminished, he kept less within bounds, did not treat her well at home, and took to racing and gambling.

I never could get Fulk to share my alarms about Alured, but he did not think Perrault's society fit for the boy, told Alured so, and forbade him to go to Spinney Lawn. But though Alured was much improved as to obedience, it was almost impossible to enforce this command. Hester had some strange fascination for him. She would fiercely caress him at times, and he knew she was his sister, and could not see why, when she was often alone, he should not be with her. The passion for Trevor was in full force, too, and the boys could not be content only to meet at the farm. We tried sending Alured to make visits from home in the holidays, but he did not like it, and he was not happy; his heart was with his home, and with Trevor. We tried having a tutor for the spring holidays before he went to Eton, but it did not answer. He was not a sensible man, did not like dining in the keeping-room with the household, and though he did it, he showed that he thought it a condescension.

Moreover, instead of attending to Alured, he was always trying to flirt with Jaquetta, infinitely disturbing Arthur Cradock's peace; and the end of it was, that Alured was a great deal more left to his own devices than ever he had been before, and exasperated besides.

He was in that mood, when one day, as he was riding along the lanes, he met Perrault and Trevor coming in from lunting.

Alured had a very pretty pony, but he was growing rather large for it, and Fulk had promised that, if he worked well at Eton, he should have a lovely little Arab, that was

being trained by a dealer he knew; and that another year, Fulk himself would go out hunting with him.

Perrault began to pity him for having missed the run. Why did not his brother take him out? Fulk's old mare was a sort of elephant, and it was not convenient to get another horse just then. That Alured knew and explained, but he was pitied the more for being kept back, and Perrault ended by saying that if on the next hunting day he could meet them at the corner of the park, a capital mount should be there for him.

The hour was attainable if Alured made haste with his studies, and he accepted gladly, and without compunction. Fulk had never in so many words forbidden him, and besides, Fulk had delegated his authority to the hateful tutor.

But the next morning, before Alured was up

Trevor was in his bedroom. "You won't go,
Trevorsham?"

"Yes, I shall; I'm not such a muff as to stay for that fellow."

But I need not try to tell what passed, as of course I did not hear it; I never so much as knew of it till long after, only Trevorsham was determined, and Trevor tried all round the due arguments of principle, honour, and duty; but Alured had worked up a schoolboy self-justification on all points, and besides had the stronghold of "I will," and "I don't care."

Then Trevor told him, under his breath, he was sure it was not a safe horse. But my high-spirited boy laughed this to scorn. "And perhaps he'll play you some trick," added Trevor. But Trevorsham was still undaunted in his self-will, till Trevor resolutely announced his determination, if nothing else would stop

it, of going at once to Fulk, and informing

The boy endured all the rage and scorn that a threat so contrary to all schoolboy codes of honour and friendship might deserve.

I believe Alured struck him, but at any rate Trevor Lea gained his point, though at the cost of a desperate quarrel.

Alured held aloof and sulked at him for the remaining fortnight at home, and only vouchsafed the explanation to us that "Lea was a horrid little sneak, and he had done with him."

They did not make it up till they met in the same house at Eton, and then, though Trevor was placed far above Alured, they became as friendly as ever. In fact, I believe, Alured, having imprudently denominated himself by his full title, was having it kicked out of him, when the fortunate possessor of the mono-

syllabic name came and stood by him and made common cause, to the entire renewing of love.

Poor Trevor! his was a dreary home. His mother loved him passionately, but she was an anxious, worn, disappointed woman, always craving, restless and expectant of something, and Perrault was always tormenting her for money. He was deeply in debt, and though he could not touch the bulk of her fortune—neither, indeed, could she, as it was conveyed to trustees—he was always demanding money of her, and bullying her; while matters grew worse and worse, and they were in danger of having to let Spinney Lawn and go to live abroad.

As to keeping Trevor at Eton that was becoming impossible. At Christmas the tutor consulted Fulk about how he should get Lea's bills paid, and intimated that he must not return unless this were done.

And poor Trevor himself had little comfort except with us. We encouraged him to come to us, for we had all come to have a very real love for the dear lad himself, and we saw he was unhappy at home; besides that, it was the only way of keeping Alured contented.

Trevor had entirely left off inviting Alured to Spinney Lawn. Partly, he was too gentlemanly and good a boy not to be ashamed of the men who hung about the stables; and besides, we now perceive that the same awful impression that was on Emily Deerhurst was upon him, and that he had a sense that Trevorsham was regarded in a manner that made his presence there a peril.

He was but a boy, and it was an undefined

horror, and he never breathed a word of it; but oh, there was a weight on that young brow, an anxious look about the face, and though now and then he would be all joy and fun, still there was the older, more sorrowful look about him.

We thought he was grieving at not going back to Eton, and Fulk was living in hopes of an answer to the letter he had written to Francis Dayman about it, but that was not all. One day—Christmas Eve it was—Mr. Cradock, on coming into the church to look at the holly wreaths, found Trevor kneeling on his father's gravestone in the pavement, sobbing as if his heart was breaking, and heard between the sobs a broken prayer about "Forgive"—"don't let them do it"—"turn mother's heart."

Then Mr. Cradock went out of hearing, but

he waited for the boy outside, and asked if he could do anything for him.

"No." Trevor shook his head, thanked him, and grew reserved.



# CHAPTER VIII.

#### DUCK SHOOTING.

ALURED'S thirteenth birthday was on the 10th of January, and he had extracted a promise from Fulk, to take him duck-shooting to the mouth of our little river.

Nothing can be prettier than our tide river by day, with the retreating banks overhung with trees, the long-legged herons standing in the firs, looking like toys in a German box; while the breadth of blue water reflects the trees that bend down to it.

But, on a winter's night, to creep in perfect silence and lie still under an overhanging bank, not daring to make a sound, till you could get a shot at the ducks disporting themselves in the moonlight, on the frozen mud on the banks! Such an occupation could only be endurable under the name of sport.

However, Fulk and Bertram had had their time, and now Alured was having the infection in his turn; but Trevor was driven over to spend the day, much mortified that he had a bad broken chilblain, which made his boots unwearable, and it was the more disappointing, that it was a very hard frost, and there was a report that some wild swans had been seen on the river.

But in the course of the day Jaquetta routed out a pair of India rubber boots which, with worsted stockings beneath, did not press the chilblains at all, and after having spent all the day in snow-balling and building forts, Trevor declared himself far from lame, and resolved not to lose the fun. He had not come equipped, so Alured put him into an old grey coat and cap of his own, and merrily they started in the frosty moonlight, with dashes of snow lying under the hedges, and everything intensely light. Fulk grumbling in fun at being dragged away from his warm fire, and pretending to be grown old, the boys shouting to one another full of glee, all the dogs in the yard clamouring because only the wise old retriever, Captain, was allowed to be of the party; Arthur Cradock making ridiculous mistakes on purpose between the uncle and nephew, Trevorsham and Sham Trevor, as he called them.

Alas! Nay, shall I say alas, or only be thankful?

They had been gone some time when we heard a rapid tread coming towards the porch.

Something in the very sound thrilled Jaquetta and me at once with dismay. We darted out, and saw Brand, the head gamekeeper in the park.

"Never fear, my lady; thank God," he said, "my lord is quite safe. It is poor Master Lea who is hurt; and Mr. Torwood sent me up for some brandy, and a mattress, and a lantern, and some cloths."

That assured us that he was alive, and we ran to fulfil the request in the utmost haste, without asking further questions, and sending off Sisson to ride for the poor mother, and to go on to Shinglebay for the doctor, though, to our comfort, we knew that Arthur had almost finished his surgical education, and was sure to know what was to be done.

"A stray shot," we said again and again to each other; and we called Nurse Rowe, and

made up a bed in Alured's old nursery, and lighted a fire, and were all ready, with hearts beating heavy with suspense before the steps came back—my poor Alured first, as we held the door open. How pale his face looked! and his brows were drawn with horror, and his steps dragging, saying not a word, but trembling, as he came and held by me, with one hand on my waist, while Fulk and Sisson carried in the mattress, Arthur Cradock at the side, and Perrault, who had joined them, walking behind with the flask.

Dear Trevor lay white with sobbing breath and closed eyes, the cloths and mattress soaked through and through with blood. They put him down on the keeping-room table, and Arthur poured more brandy into his mouth.

I said something of the room being ready

but Arthur said very low "He is dying—internal bleeding;" and when Jaquetta asked "Can nothing be done?" he answered, "Nothing but to leave him still."

"Trevorsham," murmured the feeble voice, and Alured was close to him; "Ally! you are all right!" and then again, as Alured assured him he would be better—"No, I shan't; I'm so glad it wasn't you. I always thought he'd do it some day, and now you're quite safe, I want to thank God."

We did not understand those words then; we did soon.

The weak voice rambled on, "to thank God; but oh, it hurts so—I can't—I will when I get there." Then presently "Mother!"

"She'll come very soon," said Alured.

"Mother! oh, mother! Trevorsham, don't let them know. O Trev., promise, promise!"

"Promise what? I promise, whatever it is! Only tell me," entreated Alured.

"Take care of her — of mother. Don't let-" and then his eyes met Perrault's, and a shudder came all over him, which brought the end nearer; and all another spoonful of brandy could do was to enable him to say something in Alured's ear, and then a broken word or two - "forgive glad - pray;" and when we all knelt and Fulk did say the Lord's Prayer, and a verse or two more, there was a peaceful loving look at Fulk and Jaquetta and me, and then the whisper of the Name that is above every name, as a glad brightness came over the face, and the eyes looked upwards, and so grew set in their gaze, and there was the sound one never can forget.

Nurse Rowe laid her hand on Alured's

neck, as he knelt with his head close to Trevor's. Fulk and I looked at each other, and we knew that all was over.

They had tried in vain to check the bleeding. No one could have done more than Arthur had done, but a main artery had been injured, and nothing could have saved him. He had said nothing after the first cry, except when he saw Alured's grief. "Never mind; I'm glad it was not you." And once or twice, as they carried him home, he had begged to be put down, though they durst not attend to the entreaty, and Arthur did not think he had suffered much pain.

It jarred that just as we would have knelt for one silent prayer, Perrault's voice broke on us. "Ah! poor boy, it is better than if it lasted longer! I saw that half-witted fellow, Billy Blake about. So I

don't wonder at anything; but of course it was a mere accident, and I shall not press it."

Scarcely hearing him, I had joined Mrs. Rowe in the endeavour to detach Alured from his dear companion, when there was poor Hester among us, with open horror-stricken eyes, and a wild, frightful shriek as she leapt forward; and no words can describe the misery of her voice as she called on her boy to look at her, and speak to her—gathering him into her bosom with a passionate, desperate clasp, that seemed almost an outrage on the calm awful stillness of the innocent child; and Alured involuntarily cried, "Oh, don't," while Fulk spoke to her kindly; but just then she saw her husband, and sprang on her feet, her eyes flashing, her hands stretched out, while she screamed out, "You here? You dare to come here? You, who killed him!" Fulk

caught her arm, saying, "Hush! Hester; come away. It was a lamentable accident, but——"

"Oh!" the laugh she gave was the most horrible thing I ever heard. "Accident! I tell you it has been his one thought to make accidents for Trevorsham! And he hated my child — my dear, noble, beautiful, only one! He made him miserable, and murdered him at last!"

She gave another passionate kiss to the cheeks, and then just as I hoped she was going to let us lead her away, she darted from us, rushed past Mr. Cradock who was entering the porch, and in another moment, he hurrying after her, saw her rush down the steep grassy slope, and fling herself into the swollen rapid stream.

His shout brought them all out, and Fulk found him too in the river, holding her, and

struggling with the stream, which winter had made full and violent, and the black darkness of the shadows made it hard to find any landing place, and he was nearly swept away before it was possible to get them out of the river; and Fulk was as completely drenched as he was when they brought poor Hester, quite unconscious, up to the house, and brought her to the room that had been prepared for her son; and there Dr. Brown and Arthur gave us plenty to do in filling hot-water baths and warming flannels, or rubbing the icy hands and feet. Only that constant need of exertion could have borne us through the horror of it all. But it was not over yet. There was a call of "Ursula," and as I ran down, I found Fulk standing at the bottom of the stairs with Alured in his arms looking like death!

I found him on the parlour sofa, the little

window and the escritoire open! Fulk said breathlessly, "the villain!"

"I'm not hurt," said dear Alured's voice, faintly, but reassuringly, "Oh! put me down, Fulk."

We did put him down on the floor—there was no other place—with his head on my lap, and I found strange voices asking him what Perrault had done to him. "Oh! nothing! 'twasn't that. Yes, he's gone, out by the window."

He swallowed some wine and then sat up, leaning against me as I sat at the bottom of the stairs, quite himself again, and assuring us that he was not hurt; Perrault never touched him—"Threatened you, then," said Fulk.

"No," said Alured, as if he hadn't spirit to be indignant; "I meant him to get off."

"Lord Trevorsham!" cried a voice in great

displeasure, and I saw that Mr. Halsted, the nearest magistrate, was standing over us.

"He told me-Trevor did"-said Alured.

"Told you to assist the murderer to escape!" exclaimed Mr. Halsted.

Alured let his head fall back, and would not answer, and Fulk said, "There is no need for him to speak at present, is there? The constable and the rest are gone after Perrault, but I do not yet know what has directed the suspicion against him."

And then at the stairfoot, for there was no other place to go to, we came to an understanding, the two gentlemen and Brand the keeper standing, and I seated on the step with my boy lying against me. I could not trust him out of my sight, nor, indeed, was he fit to be left.

It seems that Brand had been uneasy about the number of shooters whom the report of the swans had attracted; and though the bank of the river was not Trevorsham ground, he had kept along on the border of the covers higher up the hill, to guard his hares and pheasants.

Thus he had seen everything distinctly in the moonlight against the snowy bank below; and he had observed one figure in particular, moving stealthily along, in a parallel line with that which he knew our party would take, though they were in shadow, and he could not see them.

Suddenly, a chance shot fired somewhere made all the ducks fly up. A head and shoulders that Brand took for his young lord's, appeared beyond the shadow, beside Fulk's; and, at the same moment, he saw the man whom he had been watching level his gun from behind, and fire. Then came the cry, and Brand running down in horror himself,

was amazed to see this person doing the same, and when they came up with the group, he recognised Perrault; and found, at the same time, that Trevor was the sufferer, and that Lord Trevorsham was safe. He then would have thought it an accident, but for Perrault's own needless wonder, whence the shot came, and that same remark, that Billy Blake, the half-witted son of a farmer, was about that night.

Brand, a shrewd fellow, restrained his reply, that Mr. Perrault knew most about it himself. He saw that the most pressing need was to obey Fulk in fetching necessaries from our house, and that Perrault meant to disarm suspicion by treating it as an accident, so he thought it best to go off to a magistrate with his story, before giving any alarm; feeling certain, as he said, that the shot had been meant for the Earl; as indeed, Perrault's first exclamation on coming up showed that he too had expected to find Trevorsham the wounded one.

Mr. Halsted had sent for the constable and came at once, though even then inclined to doubt whether Brand had not imputed accident to malice. But Perrault's flight had settled that question. During the confusion, while Hester was being carried upstairs, the miscreant had the opportunity of speaking to the child.

"Drowned! No, she is not drowned; but she may be the other thing if you don't get me off! What, don't you understand? Let the law lay a finger on me, and what is to hinder me from telling how your sweet sister has been plotting to get you—yes, you, out of the way of her darling. No, you needn't fear, there's nothing to get by it now. Lucky for you you brought the poor boy out, when I thought him

safe by the fire nursing his chilblain. But mind this, if I am arrested, all the story shall come out. I'll not swing alone. If I fired, she pointed the gun! And you may judge if that was what poor Trevor meant by his mutterings to you about 'mother.'"

"But what do you want?" Alured asked. He had backed up against the wall; he was past being frightened, but he felt numb and sick with horror, and ready to do anything to get the wretch out of his sight.

"I want a clear way out of the house and all the cash you can get together. What! no more than that? I'd not be a lord to be kept so short. Find me some more."

Alured knew I should forgive him, and he took my key from my basket, unlocked the escritoire, and gave him my purse of household money, undid the shutters, and helped Perrault to squeeze himself through the little

parlour window; and then, as he said, something came over him, and he just reached the sofa, and knew no more.

He did not tell all this about Hester before Mr. Halsted; only when Fulk, finding how shaken he was, had carried him upstairs, and we had taken him to his room, he asked anxiously whether anyone had heard Hester say that dreadful thing, and added, "Then if Mr. Perrault gets away no one will know—about her."

"Was that why you helped him?" we asked.

"Trevor told me to take care of her," he said; and then he told us of Perrault's arguments, but we ought not to have let him talk of them that night, for it brought back the shuddering and sobbing, and the horror seemed to come upon him, so that there was no soothing him or getting him calm till the doctor

mixed an anodyne draught; and let it go as it would with Hester, I never left my boy till I had crooned him to sleep, as in the old times.



# CHAPTER IX.

### TREVOR'S LEGACY.

JAQUETTA bore the brunt of that night, and showed the stuff she was made of, for poor Hester had only revived to fall into a most frightful state of delirium, raving and struggling so that the doctor and Arthur could hardly hold her.

So it went on for hours, Alured the only creature asleep in the house, and we not daring to send for any help from without, poor Hester's exclamations were so dreadful.

Poor Alured! his waking was sad enough! He had loved Trevor with all his heart, and the wonder that anyone could be so wicked oppressed him almost as much as the grief. The remnants of the opiate hung upon him, too, and he lay about all day, hardly rousing himself to speak or look, but giddily and drowsy.

Not till the inquest was it perceived how cleverly Perrault had taken his measures, so that had he not made the mistake between the two boys, he would scarcely have been suspected: certainly not but for Brand's having watched him.

The report of the wild swans was traced to him. No doubt it was as an excuse for a heavier charge, for poor Trevor was wounded with shot that would not have been used merely for ducks, and besides, the other shooters it attracted would be likely to make detection less easy. Indeed, Fulk had seen that there were enough men about to spoil their sport, and

but for the boys' eagerness, would have turned back.

Moreover it was proved that Perrault had in the course of the morning met Billy Blake, and asked him if he meant to bag the swan—if he followed the young lord's party and fired when they did, he would be sure to bring something down. He did not know that the Blakes never let the poor fellow load his old gun with anything but powder.

Then his joining the horrified group, as if he had been merely after the ducks, and had been attracted by the cry, had entirely deceived us; and but for Hester's accusation, Brand's evidence, and his own flight, together with all the past, might have continued to do so.

He had gone to his own house, as it afterwards turned out, entered so quietly that the listening, watching servants never heard him, collected all the valuables he could easily carry

away, changed his dress, and gone off before the search had followed him thither.

A verdict of wilful murder was returned against him at the inquest, but it is very doubtful whether he could have been convicted of anything but manslaughter; for even if the intention could have been proved, without his wife, whose evidence was inadmissible, the malice was not directed against his victim, but against Trevorsham. We could not but feel it a relief day by day, that nothing was heard of him; for who could tell what disclosures there might be about the poor thing who lay, delirious, needing perpetual watchfulness. Arthur devoted himself to the care of her, and never left us, or I do not see how we could have gone through it all.

Alured was well again, but inert and crushed, and heartless about doing anything, except that he walked over to Spinney Lawn, and brought home Trevor's dog, to which he gave himself up all day, and insisted on having it in his room at night.

The burial was in the vault—nobody attended but Fulk and Alured, not even Arthur, for though the poor mother was not aware of what was going on, it was such a dreadful day with her, that he durst not leave us alone to the watch. It was enough to break one's heart to stand by the window and hear her wandering on about her Trevor coming to his place, and not being kept from his position; while we watched the little coffin carried across the field by the labouring men, with those two walking after it. Our boy's first funeral was that of the friend who had died in his stead.

We were glad to send him back to Eton, out of the sound of his poor sister's voice; though he went off very mournfully, declaring

that he should be even more wretched there without Trevor than he was at home; and that he never should do any good without him. But there he was wrong, I am thankful to say. Dear Trevor was more a guide to him dead than living. Trevor's chief Eton friend, young Maitland, a good, high-principled, clever boy, a little older, who had valued him for what he was, while passing Alured by as a foolish, idle little swell, took pity upon him in the grief and dejection of his loss-did for him all and more than Trevor could do, and has been the friend and blessing of his life, aiding the depth and earnestness that seemed to pass into our dear child as he hung over the dying lad. Yes, Trevor Lea and John Maitland did for our Trevorsham what all our love and care had never been able to do.

Meantime Hester's illness took its course.

The chill of that icy water had done great harm, and there was much inflammation at first, leaving such oppression of breath that permanent injury to the lungs was expected, and therefore it was all the sadder to see the dumb despair with which she returned to understanding, I can hardly say to memory, for I believe she had never lost it for a moment.

Hopeless, heedless, reckless, speechless, she was a passive weight, lying or sitting, eating or drinking as she was bidden, but not making any manifestation of preference or dislike, save that she turned rigidly and sullenly away from any attempt to read prayers to her.

She asked no questions, attempted no employment, but seemed to care for nothing, and for weeks uttering nothing but a "yes," "no," or a mechanical "thank you." Jaquetta tried to caress her, by force of nursing and pity.

Jaquetta really had come to a warm tender love for her, but she sullenly pushed away the sweet face, and turned aside.

We never ventured to leave her alone, and this, after a time, began to vex her. She bade us go down once or twice, and tried to send away Mrs. Rowe; and at last, when she found it was never permitted, she broke out angrily one day, "You are very absurd to take so much trouble to hinder what cannot make any difference."

It made one's blood run cold, and yet it was a relief that the silence was broken. I can't tell what I said, only I implored her not to think so, and told her that her having been rescued was a sign that Heaven would have her repent and come back, but she laughed that horrible laugh. "Do you think I repent?" she said; "No, only that I left it to that fool! I should have made no mistakes."

I was too much horrified to do anything but hide my eyes and pray. I thought I did not do so obviously, but Hester saw or guessed, stamped at me, and said, "Don't; I will not have it done. It is mockery!"

"Happily you cannot prevent our doing that, my poor Lady Hester," I said.

"All I wish you to do is, what you would do if you had a spark of natural feeling."

"What?" I asked, bewildered at this apparent accusation of unkindness.

"Leave me to myself. Send me from your door. Not oppress me with this ridiculous burthensome care and attention, all out of the family pride you still keep up in the Trevors!" she sneered.

"No, Hester. Sister Hester, will you not believe it is love?" I said, thinking that if she would believe that we loved her and forgave her, it might help her to believe that her Father above did. I had never called her by her name alone before; but I thought it might draw her nearer; but it made her only fiercer.

"Nonsense," she said, "I know better."

And then she fell into the same deadly gloom; but I think she had almost a wild animal's longing for solitude; for she made a solemn promise not to attempt her life if we would only leave her alone!

And we did, though we took care someone was within hearing; for she was still very weak, and we had not a bell in the house, except a little hand one on the table.

So the Easter holidays drew on, and she was still far too weak and unwell for any thought of moving her; so that we were in trouble about Alured's holidays, not liking him to come home to a house of illness that would

renew his sorrow, and advising him to accept some invitations from his schoolfellows; but he wrote that he particularly wished to come home—he could not bear to be away, and Maitland wanted to see the place and know all about dear Lea, so might he bring him home?

We were only too glad to consent, and I had gone to sleep with Jaquetta, so as to make room—feeling very happy over the best school report of our boy we had ever had, though not the best we were to have.

He spent two or three days at Mr. Maitland's in London, and then he and his friend, John, came on here.

The railway did not come within twenty miles then, and they had to post from it in flies. How delightful it was to see the tall hat and wide white collar, as he stood up in

the open fly, signalling to us, and pointing us out to his friend. Only, what must it have been to the poor sufferer in the room above?

Oh! did not one's heart go out in prayer for her!

Out jumped Alured among all of us, and all the dogs at the garden gate; and the first thing, after his kiss to us all, was to turn to the fly and take out a flower-pot with a beautiful delicate forced rose in it.

"Where's Hester?" he said.

"My dear child, she has not left her room yet."

"She is well enough for me to take this to her, I suppose?" he said. "He always did get some flower like this to bring home to her, you know, she liked them so much."

It was just his one idea that Trevor had

told him to take his place to her. We looked doubtfully at each other, but Fulk quietly said, "Yes, you may go." And added, as the boy went off, "It can do no harm to her in the end, poor thing!"

"To her, no; that was not my fear."

There was Alured, almost exactly what Trevor had been when last she saw him, with his bright sweet honest face over the rose, running up the stairs, knocking, and coming in with his boyish, "Good morning, Hester, I do hope you are better;" and bending down with his fresh brotherly kiss on her poor hot forehead, "I've got this rose for you, the bud will be out in a day or two."

If ever there was a modern version of St. Dorothy's roses it was there.

That boy's kiss and his gift touched the place in her heart. She caught him passionately in her arms, and held him till he almost lost breath, and then she held him off from her as vehemently.

"Boy—Trevorsham—what do you come to me for?"

"He told me," said Alured, half dismayed.

"Besides, you are my sister."

"Sister, indeed! Don't you know we would have killed you?"

"Never mind that," said Alured, with an odd sort of readiness. "You are my sister all the same, and oh—if you would let me try to be a little bit of Trevor to you, though I know I can't——"

"You-who must hate me?"

"No," said he, "I always did like you, Hester; and I've been thinking about you all the half—whenever I thought of him."

And as the tears came into the boy's eyes, the blessed weeping came at last to Hester. He thought he had done her harm, for she cried till she was absolutely spent, sick, faint and weak as a child.

But she was like a child, and when her head was on the pillow she begged for Trevorsham to wish her good-night. I think she tried to fancy his kiss was Trevor's.

Any way the bitter black despair was gone from that time. She believed in and accepted his kindness like a sort of after glow from Trevor's love. Perhaps it did her the more good that after all he was only a boy, sometimes forgot her, and sometimes hurried after his own concerns, so that there was more excitement in it than if it had been the steady certain tenderness of an older person on which she could reckon.

She certainly cared for no one like Trevorsham. She even came downstairs that she might see him more constantly, and while he was at home, she seemed to think of no one else. But she had softened to us all, and accepted us as her belongings, in a matter-of-course kind of way. Only when he was gone did she one day say in a heavy dreary tone, that she must soon be leaving us.

But I told her, as we had agreed, that she was very far from well enough to go away alone; for indeed, it was true that disease of the lungs had set in, and to send her away to languish and die alone was not to be thought of.

My answer made her look up to me, and say, "I don't see why you should all be so good to me! Do you know how I have hated you?"

I could not help smiling a little at that, it had so little to do with the matter; but I

bent down and kissed her, the first time I had ever done so.

"I don't understand it," she said, and then pushing me away suddenly.

"No! you cannot know, that I—I—I was the first to devise mischief against that boy. Perrault would never have thought of it, but for me! Now, you see whom you are harbouring! Perhaps, you thought it all Perrault's doing."

"No, we did not," I said.

"And you still cherish me! I—who drove you from your home and rank, and came from wishing the death of your darling, to contriving it!"

I told her we knew it. And at last, after a long long silence, she looked up from her joined hands, and said, "If I may only see my child again, even from the other side of the great gulf, I would be ready for any

torment! It would be no torment to me, so I saw him! Do you think I shall be allowed, Ursula?"

How I longed for more power, more words to tell her how infinitely more mercy there was than she thought of! I don't think she took it in then, but the beginning was made, and she turned away no more from what she looked on at first as a means of bringing her to her boy, but by-and-by became even more to her.

Gradually she told how the whole history had come about. She had thought nothing of the discovery of her birth till her boy was born, but from that time the one thought of seeing him in the rank she thought his due had eaten into her heart. She had loved her husband before, but his resistance had chafed her, and gradually she felt it an injustice and cruelty, and her love and respect

withered away, till she regarded him as an obstacle. And when she had spent her labour on the voyage, and obtained recognition from her father—behold! Alured's existence deprived her of the prize almost within her grasp.

A settled desire for the poor baby's death was the consequence, kept up by the continued reports of his danger. Till that time she had prayed. Then a sense that Heaven was unjust to her and her boy filled her with grim rebellion, and she prayed no more; and Perrault, by his constant return to the subject and speculations on it, kept her mind on it far more.

But Alured lived, and every time she saw him she half hated him, half loved him; hated him as standing in her son's light, loved him because she could not help loving Trevor's shadow. That day, when Emily met them—it had been a sudden impulse—Alured had been talking to her about his plans for Trevor's birthday; and, as he spoke of that street, the wild thought came over her how easily a fever might yet sweep him away. And yet she says, all down the street, she was trying to persuade herself to forget Emily's warning, and to disbelieve in the infection. After all, she thought, even if she had not met Emily, she should have made some excuse for turning back, such a pitiful thought came of the fair, fresh face flushing and dying.

But it was prevented, only it left fruits; for Perrault had heard what passed between her and Trevorsham. "Did you take him to the shop?" he asked. And when she mentioned Miss Deerhurst's reminder, he said, "Ah! that game wants skill and coolness to carry it out."

She says that was almost all that passed in so many words; but from that time she never doubted that Perrault would take any opportunity of occasioning danger to Trevorsham; and, strange to say, she lived in a continued agony, half of hope, half of terror and grief and pity, her longing for Trevor's promotion, balanced by the thought of the grief he would suffer for his friend. Any time those five years she told me she thought that had she seen Perrault hurting him, she should have rushed between to save him; and yet in other moods, when she planned for her son, she would herself have done anything to sweep Alured from his path.

And the frequent discussion with Perrault of plans depending on the possession of the Trevorsham property, kept the consciousness of his purpose before her, and as debt and desperation grew, she was more and more sure of it.

That last day, when Trevor had been driven away, lamenting his inability to go out duck shooting, Perrault had quietly said in the late evening, "I shall take a turn in the salt marshes to-night—opportunities may offer."

The wretch! Fulk thinks he said so to implicate her.

At any rate it left her shuddering with dread and remorse, yet half triumphant at the notion of putting an end to Fulk's power over the estate, and of installing her son as heir of Trevorsham.

She had no fears for him, she trusted to his lame foot to detain him, and said to herself that if it was to be, he would be spared the sight. She was growing jealous of his love for Alured and of us, and had a fierce glad hope of getting him more to herself.

And then! oh! poor Hester!

No wonder her desire was to be

Anywhere, anywhere, Out of the world.

But out of all the anguish, the remorse, the despair, repentance grew at last. Love seemed to open the heart to it. The sense of infinite redeeming love penetrated at last, and trust in pardon, and with pardon came peace. Peace grew on her, through increasing self-condemnation, and bearing her up as the bodily powers failed more and more.

There is little more to say. She was a dear and precious charge to us, and as she grew weaker, she also became more cheerful! and even that terrible, broken-hearted sense of bereavement calmed.

She found out about Jaquetta and Arthur,

and took great interest in his arrangements for getting a partnership at Shinglebay.

"And Hester," said Jaquetta, "it is so lucky for me that I came down from being a fine lady. I might never have known Arthur; and if I had, what an absurd creature I should have been as a poor man's wife!"

As to the Deerhursts, the mother sent a servant once or twice to inquire, but never came herself to see her dear friend; and Miss Prior took care to tell us that there were horrid whispers about, that Hester had known, and if not, Mrs. Deerhurst could not have on her visiting list the wife of a man with a warrant out against him! She thought it very unfeeling in us to harbour her.

But Emily came. Hester had a great longing to thank her for checking her on that walk to the scarlet-fever place, and asked Jaquetta one day to write to her and beg her to come to see a dying woman.

Emily showed the note to her mother, and did not ask leave. The white doe had become a much more valiant animal.

Hester had liked Emily even while Emily shrank from her, and she now realized what she had inflicted upon her and Fulk.

She asked Emily's pardon for it, as she had asked Fulk's, and said that when she was gone she hoped all would come right. Of course the old position could not be restored, but she knew now why Joel Lea had such an instinct against it.

"I feel," she once said, "as if Satan had offered me all this for my soul, and I had taken the bargain. Aye, and if God's providence had allowed our wicked purpose, he would have had it too. My husband! he prayed for me! and my boy did too."

She always called Joel Lea "my husband" now, and thought and talked much of their early love and his warnings. I think the way she had saddened his later years grieved her as much as anything, and all her affection seemed revived.

She lingered on, never leaving the house indeed, but not much worse, till the year had come round again, and we loved her more each day we nursed her. And when the end came suddenly at last, we mourned as for a dear sister.

Perrault wrote once—a threatening, swaggering letter from America, demanding hushmoney. It did not come till she was too ill to open it—only in the last week before her death, and it was left till we settled her affairs.

Then Fulk wrote and told him of the verdict against him, and recommended him to let him-

self be heard of no more. And he took the advice.

We found that dear Hester had left all the fortune, £30,000, which had been settled on herself and Trevor, to be divided equally between us three. Nor had we any scruple in profiting by it.

Trevorsham had enough, and it was what my father would have given us if he could.

It was enough to make Jaquetta and her young Dr. Cradock settle down happily and prosperously on the practice they bought.

And enough too, together with Emily's strong quiet determination, to make Mrs. Deerhurst withdraw her opposition. Daughters of twenty-nine years old may get their own way.

Moreover a drawing-room and dining-room were built on to Skimping's Lawn, though Alured declares they have spoilt the place, and nothing ever was so jolly as the keeping-room.

We had a beautiful double wedding in the summer, in our old church, and since that I have come to make the old Hall home-like to my boy in the holidays.

We are very happy together when he comes home, and fills the house with his young friends; and if it feels too large and empty for me in his absence, I can always walk down for a happy afternoon with Emily, or go and make a longer visit to Jaquetta.

And I don't think, as a leader of the fashion, she would have been half so happy as the motherly, active, ready-handed doctor's wife.

But best of all to me, are those quiet moments when Alured's earnest spirit shows itself, and he talks out what is in his heart; that it is a great responsibility to stand in the place such a man as Fulk would have had—

yes-and to have been saved at the cost of Trevor's life.

I believe the pure, calm remembrance of Trevor Lea's life will be his guiding star, and that he will be worthy of it.







## THE

## DANVERS PAPERS.

NEVER have I seen a more beautiful and romantically-placed abode than Castle Ballymore. It stands at the inner end of one of those deep indentations of the coast that are fiords in Norway, firths in Scotland, but become loughs in less-accurate Ireland. Lough Ballymore is nestled beneath that shaggy crest which Ireland seems to be shaking at the outstretched hand of Galloway. In the rear are plantations, ending in a waste of purple heath and bog, and plantations likewise shelter this little

secluded inlet of sea, clothing its rugged sides wherever they are not too rocky and precipitous on the one hand, or too gentle and fertile to be thus employed on the other. The south side is all wood and rock, an exquisite contrast of dark pine and purple-red stone; the northern, sloping more gradually, displays fields and meadows of the true green of the Emerald Isle: and beneath, the exquisite colour of the lake-like sea, and the reflections, mirror-like and vet fantastic, are an ever-varying vision of delight. Or when the wind drives the waves, struggling and foaming, to lash the guardian cliffs, and heave the small isolated lough into remembrance of its connection with the great agitated ocean, the scene has such a fascination that it is difficult not to watch it continually.

The Castle stands at the head of the lough. It is a castle only by courtesy, being really a large substantial building, showing traces of the handiwork of various generations, but nothing older than the bastard Tudor of the early Stuart reigns. Within, however, it is a delightfully-irregular house, rendered charming by Irish warmth and brightness, and teeming with old traditions, droll, fantastic, or terrible, though even the most frightful seem to lose their horror when told round the cheerful fireside of Sir Bernard and Lady Danvers.

These traditions were resuscitated in full force this last summer, on the occasion of a visit from some American guests, Mr. and Miss Danvers, who claimed ancient kindred with the Ballymore family, and were as much exalted as enchanted to find that they thus might lay as much claim as did their hosts, to all the wild background of Ultonian history. They were specially curious about old family papers, and letters respecting the first settlement of their branch in America, and Sir

Bernard was at last stimulated to open a certain mysterious iron door, and turn us loose into his archives. I must confess that for some time we were not much the wiser for the crumpled old wills—if wills they were—that we hunted out, but at last we arrived at a large bundle tied with broad black ribbon, containing not parchment, but paper, and with the endorsement, "Letters from and concerning my dear sister Penelope. F. C." They dated onwards from the year 1680, and a reference to the Peerage and Baronetage made it clear who were the writers.

It appeared that the Ladies Penelope and Frances Bernard were the co-heiresses of the Earl of St. Giles, who had come into possession of Ballymore by his marriage with the only daughter of an old Cromwellian general, named Blackmore, the same who had nearly exterminated the aboriginal Irish of the estate, and supplied their place with the staunch Protes-

tant Scottish tenantry, whose descendants thrive there still. The portrait of the Lady Penelope hangs in the dining-room, and she appears a very unpromising heroine, small, pale, and sandyhaired. Sir Peter Lely has set her up as a shepherdess, in blue satin and pearls, in which she looks bleak, prim, and shrinking, pulling a scarf tightly over her somewhat low bodice, with a thin skinny arm, not at all meant for such exposure. Dark, bright-eyed Lady Frances, looking arch under her nut-brown curls, would be a more desirable ancestress, but unluckily she seems to have had no children. The topmost of the letters in the packet was a sheet closely written, with parting advice from the Countess of St. Giles to her two daughters. They were born in 1663 and 1665, and she died in 1680, bequeathing them much earnest and excellent advice, with a very Puritan sound in it. Penelope had, it appears, been for years past contracted to Mr. Thomas Danvers, the only son of a wealthy baronet highly esteemed by her father, and the good lady's advice is chiefly directed to her conduct in the "Married State" - as she calls it. Wise, true, and good, much of it is, but it is curious how the husband is assumed to be no co-operator, but an external authority, whose mandates are likely rather to be for evil than for good. In Lady St. Giles's view, marriage was evidently for the wife a sort of Babylonish captivity, to be dealt with on the principle of obedience in things lawful and indifferent. Elaborate rules are given for the employment of the day, hours of devotion, hours of charity, hours of housewifery, hours of study, hours of needlework, hours of religious instruction to ignorant servants, and withal stringent warnings against dissipation and Court habits. If carried into society by compulsion of father or husband, all "unnecessary Words or Looks must be

avoided." "Eyes must be kept fixed upon the Ground;" and if forced to dance, it must be in "a Grave and Recollected Manner." Or, at "a Theatre," if forced to be present there by the husband's will or Court requirements, a devout book had better be carried within the playbill, to keep both eyes and ears from what might be passing on the stage. "Should any Gallant address you, reply with due Courtesy, make a low Reverence, with Eyes downcast, and take Care to show him that his Attentions are disagreeable to you."

Poor Penclope's portrait looks as if such precautions would, in her case, be as superfluous as if the fabulous owlets had tried to guard against the blandishments of the eagle; but it is impossible not to feel great compassion and sympathy for the strictly religious mother, obliged to leave her daughters without guidance in the Court of Charles II., where, no doubt, she had preserved her own innocence by such precautions as these.

Apparently the young ladies continued to live in the country with their grandmother, old Mrs. Blackmore, the Parliamentary general's widow, for the only letters extant are some formal ones to their "honoured Lord and Father," informing him of their studies, occasionally asking for books or articles of dress from London, or reporting on the health of Penelope, who was always a great sufferer from asthma.

In the meantime, her intended father-in-law died, and his son appears to have been in no haste to fulfil the contract. He was born in 1656, so as to be seven years older than his betrothed, and he was "taking his Swing as a Young Man," as Lord St. Giles terms it, in a letter to old Mrs. Blackmore, desiring that his daughters may be sent to London, fitly

attended, in order that Pen's marriage may immediately take place. This was in the early spring of 1683, when the two girls were nearly twenty and eighteen. Lady Frances was the first to write to her grandmother, giving her impression of her sister's future husband.

"My Lord brought Sir Thomas Danvers to Dinner Yesterday Afternoon, without notice, and poor Pen was so greatly dashed at the Suddenness of the Thing that she durst scarcely lift up her Head, nor open her Lips, and scarcely ate a Morsel all Dinner-time; indeed, she was beholden to me for using my Eyes sufficiently to be able to tell her that he is a comely-looking Man enough, of a stout Build for his Years, of a quick Eye and ruddy Cheek, but with the air of a clownish Country Squire, rather than of a Gentleman of Birth and Breeding. He made for her with a Sound like a Laugh, saying:

236

'Well, my Lady, so you and I are to be Sweethearts;' and when she merely made him a low Reverence, and never offered him her Cheek, as he was familiar enough to expect, he fell back, and spoke to her not another Word, till he was going away. Then, his Courage being, I suppose, heated by the Wine, he came to her again, laughed out more broadly, took her by the Hand, and kissed her heartily, with 'There, Madam, we will be better Friends yet.' Poor Pen had nearly wept, for which my Father rated her, saying that she was proud and pert, and much that was so hard that she wept the more in our own Chamber, and heartily wished herself at Home once more. Moreover, if what Madam Belmont tells us be true, Sir Thomas has led a very debauched Life, both here and in his own County of Somerset; but she says it is so with all Young Men in these Godless Days, and especially among those Sons of the Malignants who now begin to be called Tories, and that my Sister may thank Heaven that Sir Thomas is kindly-natured and generous. It seems to me, though, that we poor Ladies are in Evil Case, and have far less choice of our Mates than Bet and Sue the Milkmaids; and I bless my Stars that, my poor little Lord dying when he did, there is no Contract yet on Foot for me. Methinks I can so deal with my Father and my Suitor, that none shall have me unless I be better pleased than poor Pen hath cause to be."

From Lady Frances's first impressions we proceeded to a study of Sir Thomas's portrait. Everyone has seen the like: the red, coarse double-chinned visage, an unmeaning thick pair of lips, and big black eyes, all enclosed within an enormous curled wig flowing over the shoulders of a gray coat, faced with

scarlet; by no artist of name, moreover, and so badly painted, that except as a record of an ancestor, no one could have let it disfigure the walls. Nothing could have looked worse matched than the big coarse-looking man, and the prim, pale, fragile girl; and the principles must have matched quite as ill, for the Danverses were hot-headed Cavaliers and High-Churchmen, while the Ladies Bernard were evidently brought up under the strong Puritan influence of the Cromwellian General's widow. Their father was in name a Whig, but was a discreet trimmer of his sails, and probably this connection with such a family as the Danverses was with a view to securing favour under the Restoration.

The indignation of our American Fanny Danvers, at finding no appearance of resistance, was most amusing. She was thankful that she bore the name of the sister who had

a little sense and spirit; she was ready to disown Lady Penelope for an ancestress; nay, she would almost have given over the researches into the history of so slavish a creature, had not Lady Danvers ingeniously suggested that perhaps all Penelope's appeals and entreaties had been destroyed. I believed no such thing. Obedience to a parent's choice was regarded as a paramount duty, and there is not so much as a hint of any objection raised by Penelope. There is not even a letter descriptive of the marriage, which, the pedigrees say, took place on the 20th of December, 1682. No doubt some near friend of Mrs. Blackmore was present, and took the report of the splendours of the wedding. The young people continued to reside at Lord St. Giles's mansion in town. and there, apparently, Sir Thomas's first shyness gave way, and his manners became more unpleasant.

Frances tells her grandmother, in the first week of 1683, that he has shown himself "rude, coarse, and intolerable in his Familiarity;" and that when he came in "flustered with Wine," Penelope repelled him "with that Coldness and Dignity that become her so well," he had at first laughed "a brutal sottish Laugh," and then "had become offended, and sworn at her; and when she remained unmoved, had shown her a sullen Distance, whereof she was very glad. But that my Lord, her Father, had remarked the Coolness of their Demeanour, and questioning her (Frances) on the Cause, she had told him what Offence her Sister had received, whereupon he had but laughed at what he called her Squeamishness, and cursed his own Folly in leaving his Daughters to be bred up among peevish Precisians;" and when she (evidently the favourite child) entreated him to rebuke Sir Thomas and to make peace, he answered that, did he rebuke anyone, "it should be his daughter Pen, for her fretful Ill-Humour, and for flouting a good Husband, when she ought to be only too thankful to him for noticing a little panting Farthing Rushlight such as she." Well might Lady Frances exclaim: "Pray for us, dear Grandmother, for well might you say you were sending us forth into an evil World, like Lambs among Wolves."

Another fertile cause of offence was evidently Sir Thomas's unmeasured abuse of the Noncontormist divines, and his sympathy with the persecution of the Scottish Covenanters; but there is not much detail on this head, only that Penelope once writes something of "Flesh trembling at the foul Words that she was forced to hear respecting the Godly." She seems as much as possible to have acted up to her mother's advice, to have refused all

Sunday gaieties, and, when taken to any entertainment on any day of the week, to have held as much aloof as possible from conversation, so as to incur the reproach of thinking no one good enough to speak to.

There is a notice, however, of Lady Russell having spoken to her "with infinite grace and sweetness," inquired for her honoured grandmother, and also said that she remembered Lady St. Giles. But this interview did but increase Penelope's troubles by giving her a strong individual interest in those implicated in the Rye-house plot, and her openly-displayed grief and indignation at the arrest of Lord Russell and Algernon Sidney must have given great alarm to her father, and offence to her Tory husband. Her letters at this period are repetitions of what history has already told us. pointed with all the anguish of warm present feeling.

It would seem that an entertainment had been appointed to take place at Lord St. Giles's on the very day on which she heard of Lord Russell's condemnation, and that on the tidings "she fell into a Passion of Grief and Tears before Major Chetwynd and several other Gentlemen; that she said the King was unjustly slaughtering a better Man than himself, and that the old Days of Persecution and of Bloody Mary were returning upon the Land." Then, without consulting father or husband, she and her sister took on themselves to despatch billets to all the intended guests, saying that she had heard such ill news as to be too much indisposed to be able to act as hostess.

The domestic storm must have been great, to judge by the scared way in which even high-spirited Frances writes, that their father declares that Pen cannot safely be trusted in London till she had learnt more discretion, and that they

were to go to Highbury Danvers so soon as she could safely be moved. Moreover, Pen had striven to write a letter of condolence and admiration to Lady Russell, but Sir Thomas coming in and finding what she was about, absolutely forbade her. "My Sister, with her own Meekness, folded her hands and said: 'You are obeyed, Sir, you are my Lord, and I submit in all Things lawful;' and with an appealing Look to Heaven, she tore the Letter to Fragments. But the best Treatment she received on this was that her Husband absolutely stamped upon the Floor, and cursed her, telling her if she so admired Lady Russell she had best follow her Example a little more. She was a true Helpmate to her Husband—vile Traitor that he was-and not an intolerable Torment, with her sanctimonious Airs. Whereat our dear Penelope, with her white meek Face and downcast Eyes, simply said: 'She is a

happier Woman than I,' and her Look might have melted a Heart of Stone, but it only made him rage the more. He burst out: 'You think so, Madam; well, some Day, when your accursed Friends get the upper Hand, you may have your Wish, and bring me to the Gallows; but, meanwhile, none of mine shall traffick with Traitors.'"

All Frances's hope is that her sister may be out of town before the "Martyrdom of Lord Russell," a title that the two fair Whigs were all the more bent on giving to his execution after the persecution their sympathy had brought on them. The move had taken place before that 21st of July; for, three days later, Frances dates a letter to her father, telling him that the journey had not taken more than the week that had been reckoned upon, for there was only one place so miry as to need that oxen should be fetched to assist the horses, and there had been

but two over-turns, in neither of which her sister had been hurt. Sir Thomas, and his friend Major Chetwynd, had ridden all the way beside the coach, and on no one evening had Sir Thomas shown himself the worse for liquor, and this she attributes to the influence of his companion.

It was evidently time to study the portrait of this same Chetwynd. It turned out to be one that I had hitherto taken for either Marlborough or Claverhouse, for there was the same delicacy and refinement of feature so rare at that period, as well as the military scarlet and scarf. But if he were only a major of Dragoons, how did Frances obtain the triumph of true love?

There was a great failure of all correspondence just here. Our American Fanny was sure that the brutal husband had put a stop to poor Penelope's writing as soon as she strove to show that she had any will save his, but the

cause became apparent by a reference to the genealogy, by which it appeared that old Mrs. Blackmore died in the winter of 1683–84, and not improbably her grand-daughters were with her, and together.

When the letters are resumed, in the summer of 1684, Frances is in London with her father, apparently somewhat out of favour with him, and no wonder, for she mentions suitors at different times whom she appears to dispose of after her own will. "I made such good use of my Fan that he could not choose but see that I would never willingly look at him." "I trust that my Demeanour taught my Lord to fear whether he might find a Gray Mare in his Stable." And then, again: "Dear Sister, would that I might come down to see you and your little Son. I made it my most earnest Entreaty that I might go down under Sir Thomas's Escort, but I had but a sour Look, and an

Answer that would I but learn my Duty and take the young Lord I might go whither I pleased, but I was not to be going down to Highbury to be confirmed in Contumaciousness, and to meet all the debauched young Officers of the Garrison at Bristol. Whereat I told him that I knew whom he meant, and that the fair Epithet he had made use of applied better to the Son-in-law he had already than to any I should be like to give him."

This was pretty well to write to that Son-inlaw's wife, but the loveless marriage was treated unreservedly enough between the sisters, and Lady Penelope's own letters were at this time chiefly taken up with the ailments of her little sickly child, and his father's indifference to them, and with other household troubles, caused chiefly by the interference of Sir Thomas's rollicking, disorderly men-servants, grooms, and huntsmen, with the "Godly Discipline" she strove to esta-

blish among her maidens, with the assistance of her own woman, Mistress Word-in-Season Worth, the elderly daughter of an ejected Nonconformist minister. The chaplain, Mr. Basildon, she had begun by pronouncing "a pious man, but a rank Arminian;" however, the assistance and support she derived from him in dealing with her domestic difficulties seemed to be gaining her respect at least. She seems to have been infinitely relieved when Sir Thomas went up to attend his duties in Parliament, and left her to her solitude with her child, on whom all her affection was expending itself, and it is piteous to find her writing that her term of peace was nearly over, when she began to expect his return. Before that, however, Frances had written a joyous letter announcing that "he had a regiment of his own, and she knew well by whose Interest it was." Then comes another letter:

"No, my sweet Pen, never more will I hear a Word against your Husband. To me he shall ever be the most disinterested and generous of Men. Yesterday he was closeted with my Father for I know not how long, but the upshot is this, that he persuaded my Father that he, having his own English Estates, besides your Irish Property, and being resolved not to lose his own Honourable name in any Title, it would be more to the Glory and Permanence of the Bernard and St. Giles, to endow me with the St. Giles's Inheritance, and wed me to one whose Name and Rank would not be a hindrance to his obtaining a fresh Creation. How he wrought with my Father, I know not, but thus it is; and that same evening, the dear good Man-for such he is, and such shall I ever uphold him-came up to me, saying he had a Colonel of Dragoons to present to me, and there, stately and beautiful more than ever, was standing and bowing he whom I now dare term my own. After that what if your Good-man did trip and stagger somewhat after the drinking of our Healths, shall he not for ever and a Day be a good Man to me? For, Thanks to him, sweet Sister, my Lord hath gone so forward in this Matter that he cannot now retract, or if he should try to do so, enough has passed between my dearest Love and me to make me able to bear any Persecution rather than break my Pledge. Sister, would that I could tell you how dear and true and excellent he is. Would that you could be as blessed as I, and had one whom you could love as I love him. Nay, but what am I wishing? But for Sir Thomas, he were not mine. My prayer then must be that you should love Sir Thomas as I love my Colonel. And may we pray for what seems past Possibility? Methinks this is running into Profaneness, so I will have done, but in Truth I

know not what to wish. I could wish my Love were less staunch in his Protestant Principles, that so he might win my Father's Favour by getting Promotion at Court, and so our Happiness might be sooner brought about. But then he would not be the upright Man he is. In good Sooth, I know not what to wish, save that all the World, and you above all, sweet Sister, were as happy as is

"Your loving Sister,

"Frances Bernard."

The new Colonel went down to Highbury Danvers with Sir Thomas: and though Frances was not allowed to go too, yet there is a preserve of billets, in which they term each other "Sweetest Heart," "Mine own honoured Love," "My dearest Life," into which latter commencement the gentleman settled down for the rest of married life. His visit could not have been

a cheerful one, even at the first, for he tells Frances that her sister looked sadly ill and moped, but refuses all endeavours to bring her more out, and disdains the country sports and neighbours. He trusts that "his dearest Life" will convince her that her Strictness is unadvised, and so far from recommending her Religion, drives her husband into worse Company and greater Excesses than he would ever seek after, if she did not shut herself up, and hold aloof from all innocent Mirth and Pastime. "And yet," concludes the good Colonel, "it seems profane to write even thus much Blame of one whose very Look is so pure and holy, so suffering, and resigned, as one detached from this World. Were she only a little less of the Angel, or he a little less of the Clown, there might be better hope for both; but as it is, I see him for ever offending and grieving her on the one side by his Licence, and she

repelling and displeasing him by her Sadness and Severity, and yet I cannot but love his many good Parts, as much as I esteem her many Christian Graces, till I long to set them at one again."

Good Colonel Chetwynd was to see worse things than these. The poor little son and heir died when scarcely a year old, and he gives a terrible account of the scene that ensued. The child had been ailing from his birth, and Lady Penelope's cares and fears had been so unremitting, that they had become a weariness to her husband, and little regard was paid to her anxieties; and thus it was that, in spite of warnings and alarms, Sir Thomas was entertaining his boon companions at supper, and was in the midst of noisy mirth and revelry at the moment when the child was struggling in the last fatal convulsion.

Colonel Chetwynd (probably the only sober

person present) was summoned to the door of the hall by the chaplain, and informed of the state of things. "I should have done well to withhold your Brother-in-law," he owns in his letter; "but even if I had had the Power, I had not the Right." It is easy to see what it must have been, when Sir Thomas, hot from his debauch, half-sobered but wholly disordered, with dress out of order, and steps reeling as much from the shock as from the liquor, came stumbling into the calm still chamber, with the hush and holiness of death upon it; and where, pale and cold, the mother sat with the babe on her lap, not yet realising that the anguish was over, and that infinite calm was soothing her little one. This we gather from Colonel Chetwynd's words. "I attended him to the Door, and even then would have drawn him back, for the Air of the Chamber and the Quiet thereof was like that of a Church,

and your Sister sat like a Figure beside a Monument till he came near her, speaking thick and stammering, so that I know not what he would have said; but she at once started to her Feet, shuddering as it were with Horror, and holding her Infant to her Bosom with one Hand, and stretching forth the other as to defend it, she cried aloud, 'How, Sir, do you come hither in your Cups to insult the Child that you never heeded?' In his Amazement at her Passion and his own Disorder, an Oath came readiest to poor Danvers's lips, as though the very Devil had put it there to make further Estrangement, and cre it was well spoken, my Lady cut him short. 'Go away, Sir. Defile not this holy Presence. This is no more your Heir and Firstborn, Sir, for you to ruin, both Body and Soul. He is God's Angel and mine: God has kept him wholly mine, and taken him from you and

your Corruptions, and I thank Him Come not near, he is all mine now.' And, while she spake these terrible Words, she swept from the Room; while Danvers, after staring like one astounded, was again, I think, prompted by the Devil to burst into a loud noisy Laugh ere he flung himself out of the Room. She must have heard it, the poor Lady; and after it, the Parson and I labour in vain to make her hear of the Anguish of Tears wherewith her Husband bewailed his Child, when we had got him to his own Room. She replies, and with Truth enough, that these were Tears of a Man in Liquor; but could she but perceive how stricken and woe-begone he is, she would surely have Pity for him. She distrusts both Mr. Basildon and myself as his partial Friends, and truly she seems so entirely to derive her Comfort by dwelling solely on her Child's Heavenly Bliss, that it is a Cruelty

passing the Powers of either of us, to recall her to Earth again by the Thought of what so distresses her. I fear me, however, that this Affliction, so far from bringing them together, hath severed them further than ever."

Penelope herself only writes: "It has pleased my good Lord of His Mercy to call my Babe to Himself. You will have heard, dear Sister, that my unhappy Husband so behaved himself as to turn my Sorrow into Consolation that I can never see my Innocent Lamb become such an One, which Thought must content me in being a Wife and Mother most desolate. If one should ask me, 'Is it well with the Child?' I could answer from the Fulness of my Heart, 'It is well.'" And therewith the poor lady falls into a mother's natural recapitulation of her child's pretty ways and looks, and dawnings of intelligence, with a piteous tenderness and resignation. Mr. Chetwynd is

very good to her, she says, and adds that, "be your Lot what it may, my sweet Frank, you will be a happier Woman than your Sister."

The unfortunate parents seem to have coldly met and gone to church together and afterwards dined together, on the Sunday after the funeral, and the next day Sir Thomas and Colonel Chetwynd returned to London. Frances laments the being prevented from coming to her sister, by her father's command, and by her own appointment to be maid of honour to the new Queen; for the death of Charles II. and the accession of his brother had taken place unnoticed by the correspondence, and Sir Thomas had been re-elected for his borough, and gone to take his place in James II.'s Parliament. He continued for some months in town, apparently leading his old life, as a gay bachelor, and probably in very extravagant company; but the Colonel must have taught Frances to be more

tolerant, for she is far less apt to drop hints to his discredit than is her sister.

Penelope writes that she feels greatly calmed and relieved by the quiet of Highbury. In his absence, she walks in the garden, attends to the wants of the poor, and teaches the children their Five come to her by turns after catechism. church on Sundays, and always have their dinner afterwards, and the more ignorant of the servants come to her in rotation to be instructed in the first truths of Christianity. "It may be." she says, "that but for such humble Endeavours, the last Sparks of true Religion will be extinguished by Popery;" for she is filled with anxiety by the news-letters that come to her twice a-week, and she was almost drawn off from her private griefs by a burning desire that the cause of religion and liberty, as she says, should be vindicated. All her zeal, however, had not prepared us for the ensuing letter:

"HIGHBURY DANVERS, June 19th, 1685.

"MINE OWN DEAR FRANK,—I would that you had been with me to have aided me in paying Honour to the gallant Prince who has staked his very Life to maintain our Country's Laws, and our true and holy Religion; but no doubt you likewise will soon be hailing him as your deliverer from the Popish Usurper whom you are at present forced to serve. Indeed, I hope what I have done may be of service to you, for the Names that I mentioned were most graciously heard, and writ down, by express command, in Lord Gray's Tablets. But to my Story:

"On the 17th of this Month, as we rose from Prayers, which I was reading, Mr. Basildon being gone to Bath on Business with the Bishop, who should ride up to the Door but Mr. Holroyd, whom you must remember as from Time to Time visiting my Grandmother. He asked first

whether Sir Thomas were within, but hearing that he was absent, desired to see me. Then he said that, learning that his honoured Friend's Grand-daughter was here resident, he had made his Way in Advance, so soon as the Line of March had been fixed, to tell me that if we locked our Gates and gave our Keepers the Papers of Protection he would write for me, sending also Plenty of good Fare to regale the Troops in the Village, neither I nor any of my People should suffer any Molestation. Then it was that I first understood that it was true that the Duke of Monmouth had landed at Lyme Regis, as had been reported, and that he has been joined by all the Country round, rejoicing to see a Door opened for the Maintenance of the true Protestant Faith. Mr. Holroyd assures me that the Duke, or more truly the King, hath the most irrefragable Proofs of the late King his Father's, Marriage with Mrs. Waters; so that

even my Husband, Stickler for Divine Right though he be, cannot gainsay that here we have our true and lawful Sovereign. Our good Friend, being aware of Sir Thomas's Tory Principles, had come hither to secure me from Alarm or Annoyance, to which I answered, as well you may believe, that I should scorn myself did I fear aught from the Supporters of the pure Faith, and of true Liberty; and that rather than lock my Gates, and shrink out of the Way for Fear, I would add my poor Voice to the general Acclaim of the true and lawful Defender of his Rights and ours. Then, said Mr. Holroyd, he might understand that I would not object to testify my Sentiments, if his Highness should ride this Way; to which I could not but reply, that I should deem myself highly honoured should he condescend to favour my House with his Presence, and thereupon it appeared that the March would bring him this Way shortly after

Noon, and thus, that it might consort well with his Movements, to take his Dinner here, and ride on to Taunton to Supper. You can well believe what Baking, Roasting, and Boiling began; with how excellent a Will our good Mrs. Worth toiled at Pastry and Jellies, and how I myself went from Hall to Chamber, decking them with green Boughs and Roses, and filling Beau Pots with Flowers for the Table. Old Hazlitt, the Steward, was at first froward, doubting whether his Honour would not mislike such Doings in his Absence; but when I showed him that the Duke is our only true and legitimate Sovereign, and that our Welcome would smoothe the Way for Sir Thomas's Reconciliation, his Face cleared up, and he gave his hearty Aid, even going down to cause the Church Bells to be rung, as they were, he says, on the Restoration Day, and a better Restoration, do I trust, that this will be. After all our Haste, we

had more Time than enough. I drew up the little Daughters of the Steward and Bailiff, dressed in White for the Nonce, with Baskets of Roses and white Lilies, to strew on the Steps of the grand Entry; and I myself for that Day put off my Mourning, and arrayed myself in the Sky-blue and Silver Suit that you were wont to love to see me in. But we waited even till Four o'clock before the Bells began, and then we heard the Trumpets, and at last the Duke, or his Majesty, as we now rightly style him, rode through the Gateway, attended by Lord Gray, Mr. Fletcher of Saltoun, Mr. Holroyd, and other gentlemen. I stood at the Head of the Steps, with my Women behind me, the Men on either side in the Court ready to raise a Hurrah; the little Maidens were ranged with their Backs against the Balustrade, and old Hazlitt stood ready to hold the Duke's Horse. I am sorry to say, however, that the Hurrah was far less

hearty than I could have wished, being, moreover, well-nigh drowned in the Bayings of Sir Thomas's Great Hound, Rockwood, who, though ordinarily well-natured to all save Beggars and Vagabonds, now put me to Shame and Pain, by barking and yelling, as I never heard, save on the Night of my Affliction. And as the Duke ascended the Steps, the Brute growled, and had not the Grooms withheld him by Force, I verily believe he would have been at his Throat, when he did me the Honour to raise me from the Ground and kiss my Forehead. Also the Children, though well-instructed, became awkward at the Moment, and let fly their Posies rather at his Majesty's Head than his Feet, so that one large white Lily smote him on the Cheek, and left a long yellow Smear athwart it. He treated all, however, with an infinite Merry Grace, reminding me of Tales I have heard my Father tell of the late King, whom he much resembles, though he

is far better favoured. I had seen him before, but never spoken with him; and he, with that ready Recollection that I have heard called the Gift of Kings, knew me perfectly, asked for you, and said that he knew that Colonel Chetwynd's Heart would be with his Cause; though the Point of Honour, that none respected more than he, might prevent him from declaring himself. He spoke warmly of the wondrous Favour that Heaven has everywhere vouchsafed him in the Sight of the People, and is evidently a truly religious and Protestant Prince, marked out by Nature, as by Grace, for the Throne that I trust will soon be won by him. I could tell you much of his Condescension, but Time fails me, and I will only say that he would have me dine at the Head of the Table, he sitting on my Right Hand, conversing familiarly on the State of the Country. The Meal was, of necessity, hurried, not to baulk the expectations of the good Folk of Taunton, but I was able to procure his Assurance of Favour and Protection for my Husband, my Father, and the Colonel. Truth, the Proofs of his Birth that he sets forth are so manifest that none can chuse but acknowledge them; and thus, once more, may we trust to see good Days brought back to our Country and our Faith. I well believe there will soon be an Accommodation without any actual Warfare, for no true Englishman can draw his Sword against such a Prince as this. I send this Letter by one of the Servants, who likewise bears another to my Husband, to inform him of the Duke's most gracious Assurance, that if no overt Act be performed in Resistance, he may rest secure of Safety, both for Person and Estate, and thus, I trust, I have at least done him one Service. And so, praying Heaven to protect both yourself and all whom you love, I rest for the present,-Your loving Sister,

"PENELOPE DANVERS."

Her letter to her husband is not extant, and indeed he probably never received it; for two days later (before the battle of Sedgmoor was fought) he made his appearance at home, having made his way thither by byroads, apparently to collect his tenants as volunteers for King James's army.

In feeble characters, as though she had been severely shaken, and were still suffering from some great shock, Penelope's letter of the 21st of June narrates that her husband had returned more wrathful and passionate than ever she had thought to see man, and had demanded whether it had been of her own free will, as the servants insolently reported, that she had received and banqueted rebels in his house. "In a low Voice, that my Terror scarce allowed me to keep steady, I replied that it was ever my free Will to offer my poor Services in the Cause of Religion and Virtue."

Then it is plain that Sir Thomas's indignation knew no bounds: he stormed at her with unbridled rage, and considering what a handle she had given the stout Tory by pronouncing the profligate Monmouth the champion of religion and virtue, no wonder if his abuse of him, at least, was as coarse as it was violent; while Penelope sat before him, white and trembling indeed, but neither shedding a tear nor uttering a word of penitence, and no doubt enraging him more by almost putting him in the wrong, by comporting herself so like a martyr.\* She says, however, nothing more than that, weak as she was, she trusts that neither by tear nor word did she betray her principles of silence and meekness, under the whole storm of vile and scurrilous language

<sup>\*</sup>Indeed, Sir Bernard pronounced her an intolerable woman, whom he should certainly have horsewhipped, which Fanny declared to be a convincing proof of the barbarism of the elder hemisphere!

that she cannot repeat - but by which he worked himself up, at length, into swearing that his father's loyal house should no longer shelter one who had harboured within it a vile parricide and traitor, and that he was glad of the loss of their only child, rather than have him bred up by his mother to be a canting hypocritical rebel and traitor. "And here, dear Sister, a Swoon saved me from hearing more; and when I came to myself, only Worth was with me, and I was lying on my Bed. Worth tells me that Sir Thomas had placed me there before he called her, and that he lingered in the room, cursing so fearfully under his Breath, the good Woman says, that but for me, she had not endured it, and that so soon as I began to recover he left the Chamber and ran downstairs. Nor have I seen him since, though it is now Noonday, but I hear he is about to set forth this

Afternoon for Lord Feversham's Camp with Twenty of his Men. Pray God that there may be an Accommodation. Then how blessed will it be to have been the Means of saving him, and letting his Rescue, through my Intercession, be the Requital of this dreadful Evening. I am suffering, and much shaken this Day, as you may well believe, but I think there will be no further ill Effects, and the Trust in the Triumph of Truth, and in the Pardon I have gained for him, holds me up and gives me Strength."

That strength must have failed Penelope when the cause to which she had given her hopes so signally failed on the 5th of July. Probably she was too much dispirited to write, for there is nothing of hers till the 10th of July, when she writes:

"MY DEAR SISTER,-Old Hazlitt will, for

very Pity, let you have this Letter, if he can, and mayhap it may enable my Father or Colonel Chetwynd to trace me out, and come to my Rescue. Whither I am going I know not, but towards six o'clock this Evening, my Husband came Home, miry and heated, and coming without ceremony into my Apartments, bade my Clothes to be packed, and myself to be ready by Midnight for a long Journey, taking with me two Women, whomsoever I would. His Face was set as Iron, and I saw that Words would be vain, even if my Mind were not set to obey him in all Things not unlawful; so I merely answered, 'I will be ready, Sir,' and strove to hush Worth, when she would have objected the Danger to my Health; but she, as you know, loves me too well to be easily silenced, and she spake her mind with her usual Freedom, to which he only replied, 'Your Lady has made it

necessary. You will be ready, Madam,' then turned on his Heel and left us. He is in no Rage as before, and used no foul Words, but I perceive that he has some fixed and deadly Purpose, in Accordance with the Oath he swore, that this House should no longer harbour me. My good Worth will never leave me, and all the other poor Maids have been sobbing round me, but they are every one afraid to go; and it is to Worth alone that I dare trust, therefore I have taken Leave of them—the poor Good Girls, with their Wages and Gifts besides. Whatever betide me, you know that I love you, dear Sister; and should I, as I expect, be mewed in some lonely Tower to die in foreign Parts, I know that you and your good Colonel will never rest till you have done your best for your unhappy Sister,

"BRISTOL CHANNEL, July 11th.

"MY DEAR SISTER,—It is as I feared; we are already on board Ship to be taken out of the Country, to some Place where, no doubt, Sir Thomas hopes to work his Will, and bend mine by Violence, far from any to whom I can make my Moan. I was ready and at my Prayers, in the Spot in my Chamber where my Child was taken from me, when he came to say the Coach was ready. I rose up and silently moved on; he took the Ends of my Fingers, and led me down the Stairs, across the Hall, and to the Coach. He shut me in with Worth, and rode on Horseback, with his twenty Troopers, all armed to the Teeth, as I could see in the Twilight of the Summer Night. We scarcely halted, even to bait the Horses, and by early Morn came into the City of Bristol, where the Gates were watched by Train Bands, who gave Entrance at Sight of his

Papers. We drove straight down to the Wharf, and there young Hazlitt came up and had Speech with him. I saw him hand out a heavy Bag, as if of Gold, and then, coming to the Window, he said, 'Now, my Lady,'-opened the Door and handed me out. Says I, 'Whither do you take me, Sir?' and he, 'To Ireland, Madam. It cannot be helped. It will be the better for us all if you take it quietly.' 'I am so taking it,' I answered, for I would not have him think me like to resist my lawful Master and Husband, by creating a Pother in the Public Streets\*-but my Throat swelled so that I could hardly speak. Only, I gave him my Hand, and I thought he looked at me not unkindly, but with a sort of Tenderness, as though he would have relented, were he not too proud and stubborn to go back from his Will and Word. He seated me in the Boat,

<sup>&</sup>quot; "Why not?" said Fanny.

wrapped me up warmly from the chill Morning Air, and sat down at the other End, with his Dog Rockwood at his Feet, drawing his Cloak over his Face so that I could not see it, or guess his Mood. We were rowed off to the Ship, where I am now in the Cabin, a miserable little Hole, so dark and unsavoury that Sir Thomas was startled at the Aspect, and would have made some Excuse, but I would not attend thereto, and merely said, 'It would serve the Purpose,' whereat he bowed; and, telling me that he should send a Servant home with Letters, and I might write to my Sister if I would, he left me. Sure, he would not let me write if he meant very badly by me; and this gives me some Hope. What I chiefly apprehend is his becoming a Papist, and endeavouring to force me thereto in that wild Country: but I trust that Heaven will at least give me Strength to die a Martyr, rather than betray

my Faith, and I am less weak in Spirit than in Body. Yet will my Father, I trust, interfere to save me. Commend me to him, and above all commend me in your Prayers. And so believe me,

"Your Ever-Loving and Unhappy P. D."

The next letter from the poor lady bears date Castle Ballymore, and is very desolate. Penelope is glad that her father and sister should know where to find her, and writes a hurried billet the day after her landing to tell them that she had spent day and night on deck, not being sick, but unable to breathe in the cabin, and that her husband had been not ungentle with her, so much so that she could almost think him sorry for his purpose, whatever it might be; but fair it could hardly be, as he would not have brought her to so dreadful a place. "There is an Inlet of the Sea," says

poor Lady Penelope, "closely shut in, as it were, by two frowning savage Rocks, that seem to guard it as a very Pirate's Den. The Sides are frightful Precipices, rugged with bare Rocks, and partly hidden in tangled Thickets and dark Trees, and the People are barefooted, half-clothed, and barbarous beyond Conception. They received us with Cries, Shrieks, and Gesticulations, like Indians on some Savage Island, and the mere Irishry cannot so much as speak a Word of English, but have an uncouth barbarous Jargon of their Own; and so horrid were their Noises and Gestures that Sir Thomas constantly showed his own Dismay by bidding me not be affrighted, though I trust I gave him none occasion to mark any Weakness in me. He would let none of them touch me, but himself carried me, wading through the shallow Water to the Landing, then up the Steep Ascent to the Castle. Cold Comfort is

there, though it could not well be worse than I looked for, and the People, though Scots, and mostly brought hither by my own Grandfather, speak so that we cannot understand them, and I doubt whether one of them would stand my Friend, they all seem so infected with the Barbarity of the Place. Poor Worth wails and cries, and says there is not a Christian to speak to, not a Window Pane whole, not a Door that will shut, and that all the Hangings are torn down, and Sir Thomas goes from one room to another raging and fuming with all his wonted Fury of Tongue, and frightening those who are trying to set Things in Order by his Passion. For my Part, I sit calm, endeavouring not to be perturbed, but to leave him to do as he will, while I remain set to endure stedfastly whatever proofs Heaven may have appointed for my Constancy. My Mortal Body may be, indeed it is, sorely feeble and

ailing, but I trust to be so supported in Mind as never to betray the Protestant Faith, nor your Interests, my dear Sister. If you should hear of my Death, as may well be, remember these are my last Words to you.

" P. D."

They had nearly been her last, for, by the same messenger, Sir Thomas sent a brief note, in vile handwriting and spelling, to announce, through Colonel Chetwynd, to her father and sister, that the next morning she had given birth prematurely to a dead infant. He continues: "She took her Voige marvellous quiet; mayhap it would have eased her Heart had she wept and cried as another Woman might have done, but she spake no Word of Complainte or Entrety,' nor durst I tell her of the Danger in which she stood. They tell me she is in no extraordinare Peril now, needing only rest. So now to Bisness: For the stinking

Tub that brought us hither, I had to pay 50 pounds in Gould down, and give a Bond for as much more. Here is my Blank for you to fill up as you will, for a sop to the Bloodhounds, only, for God's sake, let them spare my poor People. Mine own known Honesty should serve, but if not, buy them off, though I should starve for it; I am last in the Entail. As Things stand, having now no Child, I could sell, if means can not otherwise be raised, but I would rather cut off my Rite Hand. So no more from your

"Grateful and obedient Servant,
"THOMAS DANVERS."

"Well, he does not seem such a wretch after all. He has some feeling for his wife," commented Lady Danvers. "I hope he is not going to persecute her after all. But who are the bloodhounds?"

That question was answered by the yellow slip of paper which fell out of the next of Sir Thomas's franks that we opened, containing an account of moneys expended:

To Colonel Kirk		6	. £500
To his Officers .	e		. 200
To satisfy his Men			. 150

This, then, was only a part of the price of poor Penelope's enthusiastic reception of Monmouth. Such was the only means by which her husband, negotiating through Colonel Chetwynd, was able to save his innocent tenantry from expiating her fit of disloyalty under the tender mercies of Kirk and Feversham. Some hint of the intended vengeance upon all the abettors of Monmouth's treason must have been conveyed to him, and have been the cause of his hastily hurrying his wife away; thus probably sparing her from the Bloody Assize, and

possibly from the fate of Alice Lisle. Indeed. his letters show him to have been still quite uncertain whether a warrant might not still follow her to Castle Ballymore; and her father had, in much alarm, gone down into the country, avoiding all that could lead to the suspicion that he had been connected with her escapade. Colonel Chetwynd was left to act for Sir Thomas, and he had to use his utmost influence with Churchill and Feversham before he could even open his communications with the higher powers. He seems to have had to strain every effort, and to pay down gold right and left, to Halifax, Jeffreys, Father Petre, and "The Ladies," before it was intimated that, in consideration of Sir Thomas Danvers's loyalty and past services, his lady's offence should be commuted and hushed up, for a fine of £,10,000. This sum was avowed, but it had been more than doubled by the bribery that achieved it;

and as the whole was necessarily to be immediately forthcoming in ready money, Sir Thomas was forced to mortgage his paternal estate, sell large portions, and break up his establishment at Highbury; his own debts during his bachelor days, and still more during the few unfortunate months of licence that followed the death of his child, having contributed to increase his difficulties. So much is gathered from the more formal deeds and letters that are preserved in the more regular parchments of the family; there is very little about it in this packet of familiar correspondence, only in one letter to Colonel Chetwynd, where he is giving orders as to the transport of furniture, pictures, and other property, to Castle Ballymore, and directing that the old servants and retainers should be pensioned off. There are absolutely two large tear blisters on the thick old paper—marks inexpressibly touching, for what suffering must not have wrung them from that rough, jolly, reckless nature!

He must have been bred up on that avowed principle of the seventeenth century, which condemned the heir to crass ignorance, for his letters have a very illiterate appearance, and must have cost him a world of trouble. It is hard to reconcile our idea of a gentleman with the notion of a man who spelt like a ploughboy. drank like a porter, and swore like a trooper; yet that Sir Thomas had some of the most important essentials of one can hardly be denied after reading his answer to a letter in which Colonel Chetwynd declares that both he and Lady Frances thought that Lady Penelope's own estates ought to pay the cost of her adventure, and recommending that both she and her father should be consulted, since no doubt her feelings would thus be greatly changed towards her husband. He replies:

"To that Proposition I say Nay. I will not expose my King's Shame to One Whig more than I can help. Nor shall my Wife know what she has cost me. What she will not yield for Love and Duty shall not be bought for a Price, nor forst by Obligashion. Nor is there any. 'Tis a Man's part to save his Wife. She is a rare Creature for Strength and Curage, in her little Body, an, if it was for the Misfortune of both she was given to me, it cannot be helped. She amends slowly, and is so languishing that I dare not tell her of all that has past among her Friends, or of the Peril she has been in, tho', thank God and you, that be past. Moreover, when I was mad with her for dabling with Treson, I swore a rash Oath that my Father's Roof should not harbour One who brought a Trator there, and it seems I have been taken at my Word.-So no more of that."

This letter was written in August, and Penelope's recovery must have been very tardy, for it is not till September is half over that there is a letter from her, and she has evidently been secluded from all knowledge of what passed in England. Rather provokingly, there are very few letters from Frances, and it is not clear whether she were prohibited from writing, or whether she had been warned not to alarm her sister. In this first letter Penelope tells her to believe her to be regaining strength, but slowly, though the sea air agrees with her breath, so that she thinks, save for her heavy heart, she shall soon be in better health than usual. She is in much fear and care as to the fate of the Duke of Monmouth and his friends, but is sure the King cannot be hard with his own nephew, and she hopes Frank will soon send her all particulars. For her own part, it is plain

that her husband means to try cajolery and blandishment, for, during her illness, he has had her apartments perfectly repaired, and fitted with her own furniture, pictures, spinnet, and books; so that but for the dismal prospect of rocks and sea from the window she could think herself at Highbury.

In the next she narrates how, after her many inquiries had been turned aside, Mrs. Worth had at last satisfied her as to the fate of the unhappy Monmouth, and from thence had gone on to inform her of the horrors of Feversham's campaign, and Jeffreys' circuit—horrors that she at first believed to be merely the exaggeration of rumour, so that when Sir Thomas came to pay her his daily visit, she appealed to him to tell her the facts and let her read the Newsletters, so long withheld.

"He lookt upon me with unusual Gentle-

ness, and said, 'Yes, Madam, it is only too true that there has been Hellish Work. Our own People have scaped, Thanks to good Chetwynd, but you had best ask no more.' 'But,' I said, 'can even Women Ladies, have been haled before the Judge and put to a shameful Death?' 'Even so,' he answered, and then I would know how I was exempt. to the which he answered, with a Smile, that he had timely Warning, and moreover that Money could do much. I would have him tell me whether it were for this that he brought me hither so hastily, and he replied, hanging his Head, that he would not have done so could he have helped it. I demanded wherefore he told me not the True Cause of our Journey, and he said that doubting as he did that we might be pursued, or stopped at Bristol, he would not terrify me with the whole Urgency of the Matter. Thus

is it with these Men: He knew not that I had far rather have known that I was fleeing from the most Bloodthirsty Foe for Conscience' sake than have gone in unspeakable Terror of his Sinister Designs. If he thus acted merely to save his heinous Purpose, ah me he succeeded not; but however that may be, I must to the end of my days bless God's good Providence for having saved me from so grievous a Danger. We sat silent for some Time, and then I, feeling that next to Providence he had saved me, who had judged him wrongly, and done little to merit any Care from him on my Behalf, made a Motion towards him, and said, 'I am sorry, Sir, my Zeal gave you so much Concern and Trouble.' With that, he caught at my Hands with a sudden Eagerness, and said, 'You are sorry, Madam?' I drew back my Hands, and said, 'I am sorry for the Inconvenience it has caused you. Sir.

What I repented not when the Party triumphed, I will not repent because they have been cruelly and bloodily crushed.' He turned up and down the Chamber, and coming back to me, said, forcing down as it were the Passion of his Voice, and quashing a profane Word when half out of his Lips: 'You have a Spirit of your own, Madam, and there's Reason in what you say. Look you, we have both somewhat to forgive one another. Let us make a fresh Beginning, and try if we cannot be more of one Mind for the Future.' Now, it would have been a mere Betraying of my Principles to have allowed that I did wrong in upholding the Protestant Cause, so that I could only bend my Head, and say, 'I will be submissive to you in all Things Lawful.' Behold how was I requited. He stamped with his Foot, swore a horrid Oath, and cried, 'I had rather ten Times you raved like a Termagant than drove me Crazy with this accursed Submission of yours.' Therewith he quitted me in Haste, nor have I seen him since, but I am resolved he shall never see me wanting in the Duty and Submission of a Wife, and I am about to resume my Place in the House and to the Housewifery as before. Indeed, my Mind is greatly relieved since I find that there was cause for this Journey, nor have I any Fears for my Religion being attacked since good Mr. Basildon is expected daily from England."

Lady Danvers was thoroughly angry with Penelope now, all the more so for Fanny's admiration and sympathy with her; and there was even worse to come, for in a letter shortly after, where she describes the flower-garden that was being laid out for her, and the road that the peasants were working on, that she might take carriage exercise without being shaken and jolted to death, she adds: "In all this Sir Thomas is Good-Natured and Kind-Hearted; nay, he does seem so well pleased if I do but speak a Wish or utter a Word of Thanks, that I sometimes fear that for Lack of other Employment he may take to Love of me; and truly that would deprive me of all the little Liberty or Peace I have, so I do my Part to maintain him in the Indifference that must needs be the Portion of Beings mated as we are. All the Happiness is reserved for my own dear Sister."

"Horrid woman!" said Lady Danvers. "I only wish he had let Jeffreys do his worst. Don't let me hear any more about her."

The ensuing letters are chiefly about Penelope's domestic concerns, and her own difficulties, and those of Mrs. Worth, with Irish servants. Sir Thomas is not much mentioned, but he seems to have been driven by her coldness to consort chiefly with the gentry of the neighbourhood, and to have engaged heartily in their sports and uproarious festivities; which were, probably, some degrees wilder than those of his old friends in Somersetshire.

In the spring of 1688, Colonel Chetwynd became a major-general, and Lord St. Giles at last consented to let the marriage take place, having perhaps a presentiment that Whiggery might soon be in the ascendant, since James's measures could not fail to produce a reaction. Very handsome settlements were made upon Frances, for Sir Thomas was still much out of favour with his father-in-law, who fancied the state of Highbury to be chiefly owing to his extravagance, and would probably have given away even more to the younger daughter but for General Chetwynd's generous scruples. That summer also was eventful at Castle Bally-

more, for a living and life-like son was there born, and the father writes: "My Lady is doing well. Poor Sole, I trust this may bring her some Pleasure in Life. It pitties my very Heart to see her so mopish and melancholic; there is not such another Woman for Piety and Patience, be the other who she may."

She must have improved, for since that letter wherein she professed to be afraid of his betaking himself to love for her, she had not made one direct complaint of his conduct; and a few days after her child's birth, she yielded in a point that must have cost her something.

The Ballymore tenants were mostly Scots, imported in the Cromwellian days when the native population were almost exterminated; but a few O'Neils and O'Regans had crept back to their old nooks among the rocks, and of course the deadliest chronic feud existed, even as at the present day, when Sir Bernard

spends every 1st of July in watching to keep them from each other's throats. In that excited summer, when men's minds were at fever-pitch between the trial of the seven Bishops and the birth of the Prince of Wales, Ireland necessarily reflected, or rather refracted English quarrels, for it was their continuation in a distorted form; and thus Sir Thomas, riding home into his own valley, found himself dispersing a terrible fight between Scots and Irish, in which a fine young man, named Maurice O'Regan, had been killed, and was being bewailed with overpowering anguish by his young wife, the mother of a babe scarcely older than the little heir of Danvers. Deeply moved, kind-hearted Sir Thomas insisted that the poor woman should be brought to the castle to become foster-mother to his own little son; and Penelope, in the first letter she could write, excuses herself to her sister for having accepted the services of a Roman Catholic and mere Irishwoman, on the plea of obedience to her husband as well as pity for Mab O'Regan; who was moreover a fine, tall, healthy woman, able to speak a little English, and so tender in her ways that little Tom throve as Penelope had never hoped to see a child of hers flourish.

The letters at this most interesting period are, however, scanty. General Chetwynd, ever a conscientious Whig, came, of course, into favour with the Revolution; while Sir Thomas Danvers, with his old-fashioned unreasoning loyalty, cleaving to the Crown, on however thorny a bush it might hang, plunged headlong into the Tory politics of Ireland, and was as deep as so honest and blundering a man could be, in the counsels of Tyrconnel and Melfort, spending most of his time with them, or in riding hither and thither, to promote the cause. Communication must have been interrupted,

for in all the year 1689 there is only one billet from Penelope, and that a very mournful one, to prepare her sister for hearing no more of her for some time. "For," she says, "I would hold no Correspondence with those who must be esteemed as the Enemies of my Husband's Party. He is assured of high Command in the Army raised here for King James, though it may be but in Name that he is a Leader. I have seen him only once since Christmas, when he came home to see what Men he could raise, and what ready Money. Methought he looked careworn and harassed, and he seemed doubtful of the good Faith and Honesty of more than One with whom he had to act, so that I even ventured to say to him that he should remember that now he is a Father, he should less freely and vainly risk his Life, and that the late King scarce merited from him any very hazardous Act of Devotion. But he made answer

that he were a base Villain to let Grudges of his own diminish the Loyalty due from every Subject to his King; and as for the Risk, it must be as Heaven willed it. I tell you this, dear Sister, that you may perceive what Manner of Man he truly is, and how great a Soul of Honour has been concealed by his Breeding and Demeanour. Indeed, as to that, he is much changed from the Rudeness, whether for Kindness or Anger, of old Times; he is never ungentle with me now, nor have I scarce, since we came here, seen him in Liquor, nor heard one of his profane Words, but he treats me with a grave Distance, as though I were a Thing he is unhappily bound to protect, and whose Weakness he respects. Perhaps if I had not been so opinionated at the Time of our Marriage, we might have drawn together, and I might have won him from the Habits in which he is now fixed; but

it is too late now, and all I can hope is to bring up my Boy to be a true Joy to him, and pray that he may be spared through these evil Days."

Accordingly, there is no more correspondence till the June of 1690, when James II. with his French and Irish forces was in possession of the South of Ireland, and William of Orange was occupying County Down with his troops. General Chetwynd rode over from headquarters to Ballymore, and gives the following account of his visit in a letter to his wife in England:

"I found your Sister looking stronger and better, and truly do I believe that her enforced Residence here has been of much Benefit to her Health. She seems to have learnt to love the Place and People, and her Garden is a fair and pleasant Sight amid the wild Savagery of the Landskip, and the Sluttishness of every other Demesne I have yet seen in this Country. Moreover, all say

that she and good Mr. Basildon have done an Infinity of Good, both to the Bodies and Souls of those around them. She is, however, now sorely distressed and full of Fears for her Husband, since, as we long since apprehended, his strong Principle of what he deems his Duty has made him among the most zealous Supporters of the late King. Our Forces being interposed between this Place and the Enemy. she is cut off from all Intelligence, so that much which I told her of Tyrconnel's Movements was News to her. Her little Son is a fine chubby Fellow, much resembling his Father, and full of Health and Life. He refused to give me a Kiss, because, says he: 'You are a Whig, and Papa is gone to fight the Whigs.' I was unadvised enough to say in jest: 'And what is Mama?' but the Water at once stood in her Eyes, as she said: 'Pray, Brother, let not the Child ever guess at any Difference between us; let him

always find his Son as Single-hearted as himself.' She asked much after you, but it is plain that her whole Heart is much gone out after her Husband, and that she thinks of little else. Yet in a Conversation I had with the Chaplain, I cannot find that there had been previously much Diminution of the Coldness and Constraint between them, and he even allowed to me that he had often thought that Sir Thomas might have been weaned from many of his worse Habits, his Intemperance for instance, had she shown herself pleased, or striven to enliven his Evening when he came Home sober, instead of treating him with uniform Indifference, such as sometimes daunted, sometimes offended him. Yet since he has been absent from Home and in Danger, no Wife could be more full of trembling Anxiety, and it may be of Remorse, Ah ha! my Frank, do your perverse Sex even in these Things go by Contraries?"

The neighbourhood of the English army opened the way to fresh and frequent correspondence between the two sisters, whose husbands were thus engaged on opposite sides. The next matter of interest is, however, the following note, dated on the morning of the 2nd of July, that following the battle of the Boyne:

"MY DEAREST LIFE,—This is but a Fragment to assure you that I am whole and sound after a hot day's Fighting and complete Victory, for which God be praised. Credit no rumours of the King's Wound; it was a mere Scratch, and he is in good Health and Activity. I would I could say the same for poor Danvers, but he was cut down in the Charge of the Irish Horse; and his Servant Hazlitt, who was taken just after, has no doubt of his Death, having seen his Skull cloven by the Sabre of one of our Dragoons. May be, it is the best Fate for one

of his high Spirit, since his Cause is utterly lost, and his Party can never make Head again; but my Heart aches at the Task before me, for my Horse is even now led round for me to ride with the sore Tidings to your poor Sister. I have received the King's Orders to take the Command of the Troops on the Coast, and shall make my Headquarters there, hoping thus to protect her from Vexation or Insult. And if the War be ended as quickly as we now hope, it may be that I shall myself bring her Home to you. Time fails me for more.

"Your loving Husband,
"RICHARD CHETWYND."

He writes the next day describing poor Penelope's grief. Quickly as he had ridden, report had preceded him; and he found her at the door, saying: "You need not speak, brother; I knew how it would be." "And," he adds, "as I took her Hand and kissed her Brow, it was as if I touched a Corpse; and though she does not shed a Tear, there is a Deathstricken Look on her Face. She led me into her Chamber, and made me tell all I had been able to learn of his Death, and how I have given Orders that the Remains be sought and honourably brought hither, and she thanked me calmly. This Morning I have seen her again, and I fear there is a Fever in her Manner, so vehemently, poor Lady, doth she urge how loving and tender he had been to her, and how generously he had borne with her, dwelling much on his Conduct in the unhappy Affair of Monmouth, of which even then she did not know the Whole, nor of his Magnanimity towards her and her Father. It threw her into an absolute Transport when I related all to her, but it failed to make her weep, merely adding to the burning Anguish of Remorse

that seems to consume her, and makes her deem poor, honest, simple Sir Thomas almost as of a martyred Saint to whose Patience she was the perpetual Plague. She says she suffered no Surprise, having always known that thus it would be, and she takes Thought for all that is needful, till I often fear that her Brain can scarcely bear the Oppression she labours under, but it may be the Sight of the body will bring Tears. She has just sent me the Billet that I enclose."

This piteous billet opens by Penelope's telling her sister to render her thanks to her father for having bestowed on her a husband whose worth so far transcended what she deserved. "It is all ended now," she writes. "My childish Pride and Conceit of myself blinded me to the Worthiness of that true Heart; and I was a sore Torment to his Patience, as well as the Ruin of his Prospects;

holding out in my Sullenness even while he spake no Word of Reproach for the Evil I had brought on him. He, who almost struck me to the Earth for Disloyalty to the King he honoured, never so much as told me that it had caused the Desolation of his Father's House. Yea, if I had let him, he would have begun to love me for the very Harm I had done to him. And now I can never make up to him. My folly led him hither among these Intriguers to perish in their lost Battle; and what am I but his Murderess? I know not what I say, dear Sister; but you and your good Husband, who knew what he was, still will pity and pray for me, that in Heaven one Day I may meet him, and obtain his Pardon. No other Thought can sustain me, and yet I must live awhile or his Child will never learn what a Father he had."

So wrote Penelope on the 3rd of July. On the 4th the General writes:

"This morning your Sister is much changed. Last night there was silent heart-stricken Calmness; To-day, there are Tears, Tremblings, Flutterings, Sentences half-spoken, a strange Colour on her Cheek and Lustre in her Eye that Yesterday was so dull and dead. Either it is a strange Passion, or else she has some secret Intelligence, but this Despatch may make you better informed than I, for I was obliged to say before her that I must not be so much her Brother as the King's Officer, and that if I hear of a Rebel in Concealment my Duty must be done."

Large and well-pressed was the black seal to the letter accompanying this, and thus it began:

<sup>&</sup>quot;MY DEAR AND ONLY SISTER,-You are

no Orange Officer, and you may hear of my Joy and Thanksgiving. I have him back sick, wounded, and in Pain-sore Pain-but knowing me, enduring me, and, as I trust, able to forgive me. Now can I thank God, now can I pray, now can I bear whatever He may send me. He has been more merciful than I deserved, and has accepted my Repentance and Tears of these long Months. I wholly trust He will grant my dear Husband's Life; but even at the worst, I could bear it better now, or at least I could die in Peace, and Hope, and Thanksgiving. But he will not die, it is but a Wound in the Shoulder, and cannot be Mortal, and the deadly Weakness was passing even when I came away. I must not be with him again till Night, and I dare not speak with your Husband or any other, lest my Joy should betray me, and I am shut up in my Closet to pray and bless God, and to write

to you. Thus it came to pass. I had heard Mr. Basildon's Prayers, bidden him and the General Good-night, and betaken me to my Bed-chamber, most providentially refusing Worth's Offer to sleep with me. Poor Woman, I cannot well bear the Sight of her, when I think how ill I have dealt in letting her bring evil Reports of my dear Husband. I said I would have my Child to sleep with me, for nothing so quenched my Pain as to hold him to my Bosom, so I bade Worth send Mab with him. Poor Worth, she does love me; for much as she dislikes Mab, she said not one Word of Murmur. When she was gone, Mab stole in on tiptoe; and when I looked for my Boy, she said, with her Finger to her Lips: 'There's better nor him, the Darling, for ye, Lady dear;' and then she told me how her brother-in-law, Feargus O'Regan, had come to say my dear husband was at his Cabin, having

walked all the way from the Battle Field where he got his Wound. They had sent off a Gossoon for old Sheelah O'Brien, who is said to be skilful in Wounds, and Feargus came hither for Linen, Dressings, Food, and other Necessaries. So ill did they think of me, that the O'Regans had been for leaving me in this cruel ignorance of my Husband's case; but Mab knew better, Heaven bless her! and having sent Feargus off with what she could lay Hands on at once, only waited till the House was quiet and I had parted with Worth, to come to me for all that was further needed. I could laugh even now to think how warily we crept to the Linen Closet, and how, in repairing to the Larder, I blessed what I had so often bewailed, the Carelessness of our Irish Servants; but I am far enough from Laughing when I think of my dear Husband lying in a kind of Cavern, behind the Cabin, in a sort of Gorge below the Castle. It is the Place where the Irish distill their Whisky, and is very secure, but miserable and squalid beyond Imagination. I could see Nothing at first for the Fire of Peat that was burning in Front, but I heard a Groan; and when I came behind the Smoke, I saw by the dim Candlelight, my dear Husband held up in old Regan's arms, while the old Dame Sheelah was probing the Wound in his Right Shoulder. He was so spent and swooning under the Torture that he saw nothing, and Sheelah knows no English, so it was only through Mab that I could hear that she did not despair of him, and I scarce knew even then whether they meant what they said, or only sought to comfort me. When the old Woman ceased her cruel Work. we made up his Bed with what we had brought; for before, though the good Creatures had done their best, he was lying on Rags unspeakably foul and loathsome. Then I moistened his Lips, and bathed his Face with Essences, and he

so far revived as to lift up his Eyes, look at me, and then close them for very Exhaustion. Mab tells me his Wound is not dangerous, but either it is in itself frightfully painful, or the old Woman made it so; for all the time I was there it rent my Heart to witness such Suffering. He was so weary and spent that he was more sleeping than waking, and scarcely sensible, only constantly turning, writhing, and moaning, even in his Sleep, as though utterly worn with very Weariness, yet unable to rest; and I could do Nothing but kneel and pray God to have Pity. Once, just at early Morning, he looked into my Face, and said: 'What are you crying for ?'-for it seems the Tears were running down my Cheeks, unknown to me. 'At your Pain,' I answered, and he shut his Eyes, as though exhausted by the very Look, and it seemed to me that after that he slept sounder and moaned less. No sooner was the Sun risen, than Mab and Feargus came to fetch me, so that Worth might find me in my Bed; and when I stooped over him, and kissed him as he lay, he put forth a Hand, held me, and gazed up at me with such Eyes as would be keeping me there now, if Mab and Feargus had not almost forced me away. Not till all is still at Night may I return, and all these long Hours must he lie with no better Nurse Tenders than old Sheelah and Feargus. The Cut on the Head is not deeper than the Skin, and the Gunshot Wound in the Shoulder reaches no Vital Part. I am assured that there is no Peril save from Fever or Gangrene, which God in His mercy avert."

Here we begged to know whether the place were still remembered where Sir Thomas was hidden. Oh yes; had we not been shown "the Lady's Leap," a favourite walk for those who had no objection to climbing? So, for an after-

noon walk we bent our steps to visit the spot by the very way that poor Lady Penelope must have gone, as Fanny enthusiastically observed; but at this our host laughed, saying that the present path had been made by his father: it was far wilder when he first remembered it, and was fit for nothing but boys and goats before the picturesque was invented.

It was a lovely walk, through thicket interspersed with rock, to a sudden descent into a gorge, cloven, as it were, for the course of a little dashing streamlet, which brawled and leapt down to the sea. Rocks, birches, rowans, gorse, heath, fern, and traveller's joy so mantled the sides that a person unaware of the existence of the chasm would hardly have found it, even with the guidance of the rustic path partly cut out, partly built up, that led along the side of the precipice, and was quite steep enough to daunt Fanny Danvers, who had little notion of scrambling.

However, between helping her and laughing at her, we got her down at last into the beautiful little ravine, which ran parallel with the lough. and opened to the sea with a tiny beach of its own, shut in and veiled, as it were, by an enormous mass of rock, fallen from the northern promontory of the lough. Behind, stood—in the midst of rich green pasture and dreary ill-kept arable land—two or three cottages, with a tottering easy-going air about them, and surrounded by horses, cows, pigs, poultry, and children, much as they may have been in Penelope's time. Nothing more secluded could well have been found: the only difficulty was how she ever entered it. There was a more moderate slope on the other side, and a rough cart-track led up the ravine, but to reach this from the Castle would take two or three hours. though the gorge itself was not a quarter of a mile from it.

"Is it the Lady's Lape ye mane, your Honour?" demanded the handsome barefooted young wife, who might have sat for Mab O'Regan. "Just there, where ye see the blue stones with the lusmore over them. Yes, me Lady, 'twas there, as I have often heard Tim's grandmother tell, that her grandfather's father brought the Lady down, night after night. He and his sister, Mab O'Regan, handed and lifted her down illigant, from stone to rock, and bush to stone; and she a timid dainty English lady that scarcely ever put a foot beyont the garden, they say, but she never cried nor turned giddy, nor seemed to see what a path it was; and how should she, me Lady, for sure wasn't her heart with him that lay below? Yes, sure, your Honour, this is the cave where the gentleman was hid away from the Orangemen, and where the lady tended him all night away from his inimies."

We could realise it better. There was the low-

browed cavern, which at that time, as Sir Bernard proved to us by marks of ruins and holes in the face of the rock, had had the cabin built up in front of it, leaning against the cliff. The cave would thus have been an inner chamber to the cabin, and could easily be concealed by closing the opening of communication, and heaping furniture (if there were any) or fodder against it. Probably it was generally open-but what a stifling hole it must have been for tender asthmatic Penelope, and yet she seems to have heeded it as little as the terrible path, the hunter's clamber, where the tender-hearted faithful Mab and Feargus, climbing catlike with their brave feet, upheld her with their strong arms, like the Guardian Angels who assuredly must have been about her unseen.

"Does not this make up for all, Lady Danvers?" ardently asked Fanny.

"I don't know, my dear. Anyone would

have done this—and she had a great deal to make up for."

So we went back with double eagerness to our papers, for, happily for us, Penelope poured out to her sister the feelings she could express to no one else.

"My dear sister will rejoice to hear that my dearest Heart is much better, having slept nearly all Yesterday, and being freer from Pain, though very weak. When I came to him last Night, he held out his Hand, and said joyfully: 'Then it was no Dream;' and when I greeted him with a Kiss, he said, little guessing how it pierced my Heart, that now he could believe in last Night's Embrace, the first I had ever given him of my own Accord. And we have been Seven Years married! Oh fie upon me, that I should have so used him that he thanked me for that one poor Kiss, and said that all through this last long Day, between Waking

and Sleeping, he was ever vexing himself to know whether it were but a precious Dream that he had seen me tending him and weeping for him; and the Regans and Sheelah knowing no English, he could not ask them, or understand what they said. He told me that his one Thought was, he could die content; for ever since the Day he had seen Mab wailing over her Husband, he had envied the Man whose Wife so mourned him; and thus the mere Sight of those few poor Tears of mine sent him to sleep in Peace, as though the worst Bitterness were passed. As well as I could I asked his Pardon, but he would not hear me, and said all that had been over long ago, and he could not be vexed with hearing of it. Byand-by, he told me of the Manner of his Escape. Of the Battle he would not speak, so cruelly is he grieved at the Sight of the Valour and Loyalty there thrown away by this King, whom even he allows to be the most ill-advised that ever sat upon a Throne. He got his Wound in the first Charge, but heeded it little while he with the other Mounted Gentlemen were covering the Retreat, until he was cut down and ridden over by a Dragoon; indeed he thinks half the Regiment must have passed over him, so sorely is he bruised in many Places. All this, however, was while he lay Senseless; and when he came to himself, all was still, and he was alone, save for poor Creatures worse than himself.

"Then the Sound of dropping Shot at a Distance showed him that the Pursuit must be now far away, and as he knew it would be useless to seek for Headquarters, he being in no Condition for further Service, he determined to make the best of his Way Home, before his Hurts should grow too stiff. He soon came to some of the poorest Sort of Irish, but he knew

he had nothing to fear from them, when they saw his White Cockade; and one good Fellow helped him to his Cabin, bound his Wounds, and gave him Whisky, as well as disguised him with one of their long loose Coats, and, still thinking him in no State to travel alone, walked five Miles to guide him through Byways, till he could put him in Charge of another honest Fellow. Nor would they take any Payment; he has brought Home his Watch and his Purse as full as it was before the Battle, but the good Fellows must be sought out and rewarded so soon as it may be done with Safety to themselves. Thus they brought him from One to Another, by secret rugged Ways, mostly along the Shore, till, when almost close at Home, when his Strength was quite spent, they found that our House was occupied by the Enemy (forgive me, dear Sister, I cannot help it). My poor Sir Thomas sat down under the

Hedge, where he could see the Lights of the Castle, while his Friend went to consult with the Regans, and there he fell into a Swoon, and knew not how they carried him into the Cavern, where he must lie some Days longer, and then Heaven knows what next. To this Pass hath my Pride and Sullenness brought me, that my only happy Hours should be in this wretched Cave, and that I should dread nothing so much as my Husband being able to move.

"'Nothing' did I say? Alas! Your kind General asked to see me as I writ this. He came to tell me, without looking me in the Face, that no Search hath availed to find the Body, and that Hazlitt is come back to him weeping, with Tidings that he is not with the Rebels. 'Now,' says the General, with his Eyes on the Ground, 'this leaves a Loophole for Hope that he may be in Concealment; where, I trust No One will reveal to me. But I came to

tell you that the King will return Thanks for his Victory at Dublin on the 9th, and that if you will meet him at the Door of St. Patrick's Cathedral, with your little Son, and present him with a Petition in our good Danvers's Behalf, your known Affection to the Protestant Cause will give him one of those Apologies for Clemency of which he is never slow to avail himself, and so would my good Brother be none the worse.' What could I do but thank him, and say I would consider the Matter? Act. I dare not, without my Husband's Consent; yet how happy should I be should my past Indiscretion become the Means of procuring his Safety. The General has made the rough Draft of the Petition, and promises to go with me, and bring me to Speech of the Prince of Orange, if I can resolve on the Journey. If not, my dear dear Husband lies in peril of being shot by any savage Trooper who finds

him; and even my kind Brother would have no Choice but deliver him up to the Law, if he were told where he was. He himself is all Goodness, and will neither see nor hear, but he has two Aides-de-Camp, four Orderlies, and Messengers going and coming without number; and, moreover, I have, for my misfortune, filled the House with English or Scots Servants, who are all against the Tories; nor is one to be trusted, save my dear Mab and poor Hazlitt, whom I have just seen. He is full of Joy, but he thinks the Irish treacherous, and cannot endure that his Master should be in their Power. But if Sir Thomas will only consent to my Intercession for his Pardon, what happy Days we may yet have."

"July 7th.—It is as I feared, my dear Frances.

My Husband will not hear of Intercession being made for him. First he smiled, and said, Where would be the Use? for he would soon, please

God, be committing the same Offence, and perhaps desiring Clemency, not for himself, but for good Chetwynd. Then I told him what I had kept from him before, of the King's embarkation for France, and the Surrender of Drogheda and other towns: and that it is thought Kinsale and Limerick are only held out till the Gentlemen therein can make terms for their own Departure to France. He mused at this, and was much concerned, asking me after many more Gentlemen than I knew the Names of; and when I ventured to urge that the Cause of King James was past Hope, and that surely he might accept Grace from the King whom all acknowledge, he burst forth with his old Heat. 'What Right has the Prince of Orange to pardon me?' and then, as though overcoming himself: 'Dear Life,' said he (I love to write the Word), 'I would pleasure you in all I can, but you yourself taught me that

a good Cause is none the worse because it fails. I am sworn to King James, nor can I take Pardon from any but my rightful Prince, above all for what I hope to do again. The Lands being yours, and your Father living, are safe from Forfeiture, so you and little Tom need not starve, and you will teach him to look for me when the King has his Own again.' Then, indeed, I wept, when I understood his fixed Resolution, either to join his Friends in the South, or slip over to France. He says he shall soon return with King James, but I cannot but think, with your Husband, that this Party is in a desperate State, and that it will be a long and dreary Exile. Yet must I plan his Escape, and pray for it as the chief Good I can now seek. Still I am full of Gratitude for this brief Space of Comfort in One Another, for it would have been Anguish I could scarce have borne, had he sailed without seeing him





"He asked so much after our boy, that this morning Mab took him to the cabin."

Page 329.

again, with no Remembrance except of my insufferable Pride and Coldness. He is much better, and might almost be out of his Bed, had he a Place to sit in; and he asked so much after our Boy, that this Morning Mab took him to the Cabin, and though they took Care to use no Word he could understand, and he could not know his Father, not having seen him since he was in Arms, yet I promise you the little Rogue's Prattle about the poor Man in the dark Hole put me to no small Pain; and your good Husband, after much hemming and coughing, was fain at last to quit the Room. He is so good to my little Fellow, and makes so much of him, that he will surely be a most fond Father; and he will, no doubt, aid me greatly, if I be left to bring up my poor little Son as almost an Orphan. I am concocting Means with Hazlitt for the Escape that will, indeed, end these dreadful Apprehensions, but will leave me Time for Repentance and Heart-Sickness."

"July 9th.-Long before my dear Frank reads this, my dear Husband will, I trust, be in all the Safety that an Exile can have. In two Nights more, the Tide will serve to run the Pleasure Boat in hither, and take him on board, whence we can easily cross to the Isle of Man, where a trusty Agent is always able to find Passages to France for Gentlemen in Trouble. The Boat is a large one, and he has often been out all Night fishing in it; we have three good trustworthy Rowers besides Hazlitt, and Hazlitt is well able to dress his Wound, which is much better, but well you can believe how sore it is thus to part from him. My dear Sister will forgive my sending with him all our Jewels, for I have so little Money in Hand that he would be much straitened before I could send him any. He

is willing that I should return to you, according to your Husband's kind Offer, but you will have to bear with a poor broken Creature. whose chief Endeavour must be to teach her Child to remember his Father. He is again gone to him To-day, though I greatly dread what he may say among the Maids, but Mab never leaves him, and knows how to give a Turn to his Prattle. She is very ready-witted, and Heaven forgive me if I leave her to make monstrous Inventions. Only last Night she and I were absolutely seen by a Soldier. I was well muffled in Mab's red Cloak, Irish fashion, and crouched out of Sight as best I might, while she answered his Question, where she was going, with a long Story about her own Child having the Chin-cough, and her Sister coming to fetch her, and her stealing out at Night, because he knew my Lady would be fearful of her Son catching it—all

so like Truth that my Flesh crept at her Readiness in coining Lies, and my own Endurance of them; and withal her Manners are so winning, and she has such a cajoling Way with her, that every one of the Soldiers is more than half in Love with her, while she loathes them in Heart; and, I verily believe. would kill them if she could. Sir Thomas is mightily pleased with his Son, and, in spite of the Peril, I have not the Heart to withhold him, for my poor Husband has nothing else to divert him in that dark Den, save good Rockwood, who, having once found him, seems not to know how to fondle him enough, and lies by his Side, or presses up to be caressed by him all Day long. Little Ellen, too, Tom's foster Sister, gives him some Amusement, but there is no one who knows English enough to talk with, and the Place is so dark that he cannot see to read the Newsletters I take to him. Yet I know not whether I dread or hope the most for the Time he can leave it. He will soon be in perfect Health and Strength, and then, among his old Friends, he will return to his old Life; and kind as he is now, he will be glad to be quit of the peevish sickly Wife, who has made her Religion unacceptable to him. Alas! dear Frank, this is but a Foretaste of the disconsolate Talk I fear you will hear when I come to you."

July 10th.

"My DEAR BROTHER,—I write in my dear Husband's Name as well as my Own, to thank you with all our Hearts for your Goodness to us, and entreat you to do us the further Favour of taking our poor Child to your Home and your Heart. I know you and my Sister will be true Father and Mother to him, and we trust him confidently to your Good-

ness, or I could not leave him. Pardon my Brevity, you will know all from my Sister. My Letter to her tells her what has brought me to this, and I know you well enough to be sure of your Approbation. I pray you let the Irish Nurse go with my poor little Boy to England; and if she ever must part from him, let it not be till he has learnt to love his Aunt, as he soon will do, and your Goodness to him is a great Comfort to my Heart. I will only say more, that no Person, pledged to your Service or to that of your King, merits Blame for our Escape; that is, if it please God to let it be an Escape. Praying Him to bless you for your infinite Consideration during these Days of Suspense-

"Your loving Sister and obedient Servant,
"PENELOPE DANVERS."

This lesser note was folded separately from

the larger packet, which had evidently contained other treasures besides the letter addressed to Lady Frances.

"MINE OWN DEAR SISTER,—I scarce know what I write, but you must accept my poor little Boy in the Stead of his Mother, and for her Sake I know you will love him. Heaven knows how long it may be ere I see his dear Face, yet I am the happiest Woman on Earth, or should be, save for this. You will be a Mother to him, and I fear not, or rather my Happiness swallows my Grief. Thus it came about. It was so fair and calm last Night, that my Husband came, partly dressed and with his Cloak about him, to the Door of the Hut to meet me, and we went down to the Sea Shore, and sat there on a Rock, Hand in Hand, in the early Dawn. He spoke much, giving me Directions on all his Affairs; but strive as I would, I could not fix my Mind so as to comprehend or remember from one Moment to another. I could only listen to the Sound of his Voice, as one listens to Musick, and feel how soon I should hear it no more. By-and-by it grew husky, and the Light having grown stronger, I saw his Eyes full of Tears, and he broke off what he was saying of Leases and Mortgages, to say abruptly that what should comfort him was, that we should be far better without him, the Estate might be saved for the Boy, and I should have my peaceful Household unbroken. He thanked me, wringing my very Heart by so doing, for what he called being so good to him this late Week, and he said he knew how much happier I should be without him. This was past all bearing; I know not what I said, but I believe I cried out for very Pain, and flung myself on his Breast, with Tears and Sobs, telling him how he was my only Happiness, and that I should have besought him to take me with him, did I not know that I was a Burthen, without whom he would better enjoy Life. I can never forget how he looked me in the Face, and said: 'You would go with me, Penelope? Thank God that I can take that with me.' Sister, you can understand how I fell to begging and praying him to let me go, and not to leave me behind to my Misery, and only then it was that we told one another all. The last Week was nothing to this blessed Morning when the Light streaming over the Sea seemed to shine into our very Hearts. Then I found that he had loved me ever since the sad Day when he brought me here. He says it was for my Patience and Constancy, but I know it was because he cannot protect and guard without loving, even as he loves this unhappy King; but he deemed himself too rude and harsh for me, and so kept apart and tried to quench the Pain at his Heart

in Sports and in Politicks; while I held aloof in the Self-Righteousness that never gave way, till I began to fear to lose him, and the Scales fell from my Eyes, so that I saw his Greatness of Soul, never greater than in bearing with my Conceit and Scorn. And the End of it was. that we both owned that it were worse than Death to part. He even cried out: 'Ah my Lady! were you with me, I need not fall again into what I have repented of as I lay in vonder Cavern.' And then there was no more to hinder us, save the Thought of our Child, and his Fears for my Health. But to the first, I answered that he is better to me than ten Sons. and that the General already loves poor little Tom, and I knew you would treat him as your own; and to the other, that where he, a halfrecovered wounded Man could go, there could I; and his Love, and Presence, and Pardon were Life and Health to me, while without him would be Pining and Decay. After all, he doth but half consent by Word, but once more I shall be a wilful Wife, feeling sure that he would be sorely disappointed if I were not at the Boat Side at half-past Two to-morrow Morning. I know your good Husband will think me the more right in going, as my dear Sir Thomas is of that generous Nature, that I am certain that Consideration for me will cause him to be the less led into those Habits and that Company which would easily grow on him if he were alone with none to care for but himself. I pray you to tell good Mr. Basildon that it has grieved me much to say Nothing to him, and not to bid him Farewell; but we thought that it might be for his Safety that he should know Nothing, and we hope that if we remain in some settled Place, he may join us there. Say to him, that I thank him heartily, and that nothing has so contributed to my present Happiness as his constant, grave.

though indirect Testimony against my past Unwifeliness, never seeming to see that Aught was amiss, and ever taking it, as it were, for granted, that I was what I ought to be, thus rendering me ashamed of myself. Have no Fears for me, dearest Sister, we have all that we desire in one Another, and we trust our Child to you, entreating you to let Mab remain with him so long as she can bear to be in England, or Absent from her own little Girl. Be good to Worth; but it were better to find her another Situation, than let her remain to talk to my Boy about his Father. The good Soul has thought fit to bring her Needlework into my Chamber, and I am, therefore, constrained to run on the longer, lest my sending her away should seem suspicious, while yet we can make no Preparations before her; since for very Love to me, and to hinder me even by Force, I verily think she would deem her Duty done by betraying her

Master. I will write so soon as I may safely do so, and tell you of the Agents who can arrange for our Communication; and so Farewell, and God for ever bless you, mine own dearest Sister. And so no more from her who is happier than ever she looked to be—

#### "PENELOPE DANVERS."

Yes. No doubt happier than ever she looked to be, as she sat beneath that rugged cliff, where it was so easy to picture her, muffled in the peasant's madder-coloured cloak, clinging to the side of her husband, as they sat hand in hand, under the rock, gilded with lichen and wreathed with ivy, in the pure rosy light of the eastern dawn streaming over the glassy summer sea, and shining with new hope on their great peace of mutual new-found love, glorifying these two ordinary common-place beings—the one by the nobleness of self-devoted, self-sacrificing loyalty,

even to an unworthy Prince, the other by the might of that great love and trust that launched her fearlessly to share the banishment of him her only Sovereign.

What an embarkation it must have been in the summer night, when the boat kept cautiously to the shore, and in that pure pale silvery twilight, the husband and wife committed themselves to the frail bark and to uncertain wanderings, strong only in faith and love!

"It was calm and still," writes Penelope, in the letter returned by the hand of the faithful Feargus, "the Sea Glow-worms shone out like Stars below, and the Waves made scarce a Plash upon the Rocks. It was as if our good God had given us all that could make our Adventure easy in Mercy to my dear Husband's weak State. I had not thought he would feel it so sorely, but after he had

seen that I was there, and muttered: 'Thank God, this is what Love can do,' he scarcely spoke, but let Hazlitt and me place him as we would, and fill the Boat with the small Baggage Mab and I had got together. Only when we said Farewell to our good Mab, and he would have given her some Charge as to our poor Boy, his Voice became so choked that he broke off short. And it so chanced that just as we came opposite the opening of our Gulf, where the Castle may be seen, the Sun arose, and shining on the Windows made them all one Blaze of Light, in which we could see twinkling the very Nursery Window where I had left my Child, little dreaming, poor Darling, that no Mama would answer him. And then it was that my dear Sir Thomas hid his Face, and brake into such a Passion of Tears and Weeping, as I never saw the like, as though it were only then that he fully knew how he had cast himself loose from Child, Friends, and Home; but he held one Arm tight round my Waist all the Time, and I, unnatural Mother that I am, could scarce feel a Pang for my poor Child, so thankful was I that in this Anguish my Husband was not utterly alone; and when he could hear me once more, and gathered himself up, looking at me, saying that he was a Fool, for he had got what was better than Son or Home or Country, I should have been Happiness itself had I not known that it was I that cut him off from the real Home of his Fathers that he loved. Yet when I looked around by-and-by in Mid-Channel, as our little Boat rose on the Swell of the heaving Wave, and saw nothing round but the Sea and Sky, it was sweet to feel that here we were alone together in God's Hand, to live or die together, so much better than when he was in Battle, not only by himself, but unknowing of our Love to One Another. A fresh Breeze sprang up, which enabled us to sail, and thus we reached Peeltown about Sun-down, though not till my dear Husband was so much spent and exhausted that he could hardly walk up to the Lodgings that Hazlitt went on to find for us. We go by a feigned Name, and the Agent of whom I told you will wait a favourable Time, when the Fleet is no longer in the Channel, for enabling us to go over to France, with others of the late King's Party who have taken Refuge here. Sir Thomas is lying on his Bed while I write, and even now we overheard what made us smile. Two Gentlemen, whom he knows well, are in the next Room, but they have not seen us, only we heard them even now say, through the thin Wainscot of the Partition: 'So I hear Danvers arrived last night with his Wife.' 'Nay now,' said the Other, 'if there be a Wife in the case, it is not Danvers's, for he is wedded to so pestilent and sanctimonious a Whig that his Outlawry will be a very Gladness to him for escaping from her.' Truly, Sir Thomas has done nothing ever since but chuckle at the thought of their Dismay, when at Dinner he will present them to me."

Thereupon follow a fresh instalment of motherly injunctions as to her little boy, and further promises of writing from France, but alas! this was the last letter of all the bundle.

Had she forgotten? Had her letters been lost? Alas! there was another reason. Those old genealogies have here and there a tragedy in their driest dates.

"Frances Bernard, b. Sept. 12th, 1665, m. Nov. 18th, 1688, Richard Chetwynd (afterwards Knight and Lieut.-General), d. October 1st, 1690, having issue, Penelope Frances, b. Sept. 30th, d. October 2d, 1690."

Therefore it was that bright, loving "Frank" had bound up her sister's letters in that one packet, and had added no more to the pile. How was it with the widower? How was it with the little nephew? How was it with the parents? We thought of the weary deteriorating time of dangling at the Court of St. Germain, among petty intrigues, mean cares and sordid dissipation, which formed so sad a conclusion to so much of heroism and devotion. How could a man like Sir Thomas, removed from his natural duties and pleasures, resist the temptation? And might not Penelope's generous confidence have resulted in a more saddening life than ever?

The cousins had an answer to this. The purchase of their present home—Highbury, in

Virginia—was known to have taken place in 1693, the year subsequent to the battle of La Hogue, when the Jacobite cause was finally ruined. They knew Mr. Basildon to have been the first minister of the frightful round-arched church that they regarded as nearly as venerable as St. Patrick's Cathedral; and their substantial well-built house had the Danvers's shield, with the Bernard scutcheon of pretence carved over every gateway and window.

And Sir Bernard Danvers came to our further aid. In an old book of memoirs of one of the lesser luminaries of the Augustan Age, he showed us a letter in which occurred the following sentence: "I dined yesterday at Sir Richard Chetwynd's Country House, with a pleasing Company, of whom himself was not the least agreeable, being a Gentleman of excellent Parts and high Reputation, only his Spirits

are greatly obscured by the early Loss of his Wife, by all accounts a Lady of great Beauty and Virtue. He takes, however, infinite Solace in her young Nephew, the Son of a Baronet of Jacobite Principles, whom he has bred up from Infancy, and between whom and himself there exists such an Affection that None to see them together would suppose young Danvers to be other than a most dutiful Son, or he other than a tender Parent."

"But did Sir Richard really keep him, then, and poor Penelope never see him again?" was the cry.

"I can find you one other letter," said Sir Bernard, "from no other than Tom himself; but you must observe first, that according to the Genealogy he had a commission in the Dragoons in 1703, when he must have been about fifteen, and was present in all Marl-

borough's battles—I believe upon his uncle's staff; and he was a captain by 1712, when this last letter of the series was written."

Everybody was satisfied when the letter turned out to be addressed to Sir Richard Chetwynd, and dated from the American Highbury:

"I would I had the pen of Mr. Addison," says the youthful Captain, "to describe to you the Beauty and Peacefulness of this Place, whereof my Father has made a perfect Paradise. The large Forest Trees, such as would distract Mr. Evelyn with Admiration, shut in a perfect Park sloping to the River, and there is a Flower Garden round the House, where my Mother reigns like a Queen. I can hardly wonder that neither of them ever wishes to come Home. They say you, my dear Uncle, are the only Friend they would desire to see again, and my

Father is as staunch as ever in declaring that the Oaths he took to King James must remain inviolate. This has withheld him from holding any Magistracy in the Colony, but he is not the less respected, and my Mother is treated as one from whom a Word is a Distinction. I know not what you meant by preparing me to think my Father a rough Diamond; he is certainly not deeply read, but I never saw a more dignified Gentleman, and his Manners to my Mother have a gallant Sweetness that almost brings the Tears to my Eyes when I think of the Letters you gave me to read; but then who could not but be full of tender Respect to my Mother? You never told me how sweet and lovely is her Countenance, nor will my Sisters ever be her equals, though they be pretty Girls enow. My Father did wince a little when his eyes fell on the Queen's Initials on my Sword Belt, but he is never weary of

setting me on to tell of our Campaigns, and cannot but rejoice that we have thrashed the French, whom he says, even in Ireland, he longed to be driving into the Sea. He said. as he wrote to you, that I was bound by no engagement to King James, and that he was heartily glad I had seen Service, and not been bred like himself to my young Master's Idleness. So good were both to me that I have ventured to broach the Matter so near my Heart. My Father cried: 'So be it then; if you have Chetwynd's consent you have mine.' And then, more thoughtfully, he said: 'So it is to be a Love Match, Tom? May be, it will save her and you some Pain. Look you. For five Years I was too great a Brute to love your Mother. For two more I was too great a Brute for her to love; but since that time two Doves, that came together for sheer Love could not have been more to one another than we. So only take

you care, Captain Tom, that beginning in Love Things do not go by contraries with you.' To the which I made Answer as you may suppose, and my dear Mother is as fond of listening to the praises of my Darling as is my Father to the Siege of Lisle, while my Sisters promise wonderful gifts of Birchbark Broideries to be procured from the Indians. My Brother Francis will return with me to study for a year or two at the University before coming back to the Estate here, which he loves too well ever to wish to leave this country, though my Mother begs that before he comes back hither, I will take him to Ballymore, to bear her greetings to good old Mab, and to see the Place that she says is dearer to her than any other in the Old World. And verily, my dear Uncle, were it not for you, and for that one Other, I could not bear to quit them again, and once more become a Stranger Son; but my Mother says that ever since Francis was born she has looked on me as your Right, and well-nigh the Offering required from her to show her true Love and Value for my Father. And sure I am that no married Pair were ever more happy and blessed than are they."

THE END.

## The Illustrated Edition

OF THE

## NOVELS AND TALES

OF

#### CHARLOTTE M. YONGE.

In Crown 8vo. Price 6s. each.

The Heir of Redclyffe. Illustrated by Miss KATE GREENAWAY.

Heartsease. Illustrated by Miss KATE GREENAWAY.

Hopes and Fears. Illustrated by Herbert Gandy.

Dynevor Terrace. Illustrated by Adrian Stokes.

The Daisy Chain. Illustrated by J. PRIESTMAN ATKINSON.

The Trial: More Links of the Daisy Chain. Illustrated by J. PRIESTMAN

The Trial: More Links of the Daisy Chain. Illustrated by J. PRIESTMAN ATKINSON.

Pillars of the House. Vol. I. Illustrated by Herbert Gandy.

Pillars of the House. Vol. II. Illustrated by HERBERT GANDY.

The Young Stepmother. Illustrated by MARIAN HUXLEY.

Clever Woman of the Family. Illustrated by ADRIAN STOKES.

The Three Brides. Illustrated by Adrian Stokes.

My Young Alcides. Illustrated by ADRIAN STOKES.

The Caged Lion. Illustrated by W. J. HENNESSY.

The Dove in the Eagle's Nest. Illustrated by W. J. HENNESSY.

The Chaplet of Pearls. Illustrated by W. J. HENNESSY.

Lady Hester, and the Danvers Papers. Illustrated by JANE E. COOKE. Magnum Bonum; or, Mother Carey's Brood. Illustrated by W. J.

HENNESSY.

Love and Life: An Old Story in Eighteenth Century Costume. Illustrated by W. J. HENNESSY.

Unknown to History: A Story of the Captivity of Mary of Scotland.
Illustrated by W. J. HENNESSY.

Stray Pearls: Memoirs of Margaret de Ribaumont, Viscountess of Bellaise.

Illustrated by W. J. HENNESSY.

The Armourer's 'Prentices. Illustrated by W. J. Hennessy.

The Two Sides of the Shield. Illustrated by W. J. HENNESSY.

Nuttie's Father. Illustrated by W. J. HENNESSY.

Scenes and Characters. Illustrated by W. J. HENNESSY.

Chantry House. Illustrated by W. J. HENNESSY.

A Modern Telemachus. Illustrated by W. J. HENNESSY.

MACMILLAN AND CO., LONDON.

### WORKS BY CHARLOTTE M. YONGE-continued.

Byewords: A Collection of Tales New and Old. Crown 8vo. 6s.

The Prince and the Page: A Tale of the Last Crusade. Illustrated. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 4s. 6d.

Little Lucy's Wonderful Globe. With Twenty-four Illustrations by FRÖLICII. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 4s. 6d.

A Book of Golden Deeds. 18mo. 4s. 6d. Globe Readings Edition for Schools. Globe 8vo. 2s. Cheap Edition, 1s. Third Edition. Illustrated. Crown 8vo. 6s.

The Story of the Christians and the Moors in Spain. With a Vignette by HOLMAN HUNT. 18mo. 4s. 6d.

P's and Q's; or, The Question of Putting Upon. With Illustrations by C. O. MURRAY. Third Edition. Globe 8vo, cloth gilt. 4s. 6d.

The Lances of Lynwood. With Illustrations. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 4s. 6d.

The Little Duke. New Edition. Globe Svo. 4s. 6d.

A Storehouse of Stories. Edited by. Two vols. Each 2s. 6d.

A Book of Worthies. Gathered from the Old Histories and written Anew. 18mo, cloth extra. 4s. 6d.

Cameos from English History. Vol. I.—From Rollo to Edward II.

Extra fcap. 8vo. 5s. Vol. II.—The Wars in France. 5s. Vol. III.

—The Wars of the Roses. 5s. Vol. IV.—Reformation Times. 5s.

Vol. V.—England and Spain. 5s. Vol. VI.—Forty Years of Stuart
Rule, 1603—1643. 5s.

The Victorian Half Century. Crown 8vo. Paper covers, is.; limp cloth, is. 6d.

A Parallel History of France and England. Globe 8vo. 1s. 6d. each. With Comments, 3s. 6d. each. Consisting of Outlines and Dates. Oblong 4to. 3s. 6d.

France. 18mo. Is. [Literature Primers.

History of France. With Maps. 18mo. 3s. 6d. [Historical Course for Schools.

Scripture Readings for Schools and Families. First Series—Genesis to Deuteronomy. Second Series—Joshua to Solomon. Third Series—Kings and Prophets. Fourth Series—The Gospel Times. Fifth Series—Apostolic Times.

History of Christian Names. New and Revised Edition. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.

The Life of John Coleridge Patteson, Missionary Bishop. New Edition. Two yols, Crown 8vo. 12s.

The Pupils of St. John. Illustrated. Crown 8vo. 6s.

Pioneers and Founders; or, Recent Workers in the Mission Field. Crown 8vo. 6s.

The Herb of the Field: Reprinted from "Chapters on Flowers" in The Magazine for the Young. A New Edition, Revised and Corrected. Crown 8vo. 5s.

## MACMILLAN AND CO., LONDON.

### MESSRS. MACMILLAN & CO.'S PUBLICATIONS

CHEAP EDITION OF THE WORKS OF

#### CHARLES KINGSLEY

A New and Cheaper Edition of the most popular of Mr. Kingsley's Books. The New Edition will be printed in Crown 8vo, from entirely new type, and will be issued in Monthly Volumes, price 3s. 6d. each, in the following order:—

			1889.
Westward Ho!	Ready.	Poems.	April.
Hypatia.	,,	The Heroes.	May.
Yeast.	,,	The Water Babies.	June.
Alton Locke.	,,	Madam How and Lady Why	. July.
Two Years Ago.	,,	At Last.	Aug.
Hereward the Wake.		Prose Idylls.	Sept.

CHEAP EDITION OF THE WORKS OF

## CHARLOTTE M. YONGE

CONCURRENTLY with their Cheap Edition of CHARLES KINGSLEY'S WRITINGS, it is the intention of the Publishers to issue a New, Cheap, and Uniform Edition of the Popular Novels by Miss Charlotte M. Yonge. In order that the Series may be completed within a reasonable time, it will appear at the rate of Two Volumes per Month in the order indicated below. All the Original Illustrations will be given, and the price will be 3s. 6d. per volume.

The following is the order of publication :-

The Heir of Redclyffe. Ready.	1889.
Hanntmanna	The Chaplet of Pearls. May 1.
Honor and Fooms	Lady Hester, and the Dan-
Hopes and Fears. ,,	<b>7</b>
Dynevor Terrace. ,,	,,,
The Daisy Chain. ,,	Magnum Bonum. June 1.
The Trial: More Links of	Love and Life. , 15.
Alex Delem Oberlan	Unknown to History. July 1.
TT 1 T	Stray Pearls. , 15.
	The Armourer's 'Prentices. Aug. 1.
Pillars of the House. Vol. II. ,,	The Armourer's Frenches. Aug. 1.
The Young Stepmother. ,,	The Two Sides of the Shield. ,, 15.
Clever Woman of the Family. ,,	Nuttie's Father. Sept. 2.
The Three Prides	Scenes and Characters. , 16.
1889.	Chantry House. Oct. 1.
My Young Alcides. March 15.	
The Caged Lion. April 1.	Bye Words. Nov. 1.
The Dove in the Eagle's Nest. ,, 15.	

## TWELVE ENGLISH STATESMEN.

"We had thought that the cheap issues of uniform volumes on all manner of subjects were being overdone; but the 'Twelve English Statesmen,' published by Messrs. Macmillan, induce us to reconsider that opinion. Without making invidious comparisons, we may say that nothing better of the sort has yet appeared, if we may judge by the five volumes before us. The names of the writers speak for themselves."—Times.

# WILLIAM THE CONQUEROR. By Edward A. Freeman, D.C.L., LL.D.

"It deals with a man whose individual influence on our national history and development was of exceptional strength and importance, and it is written by one who enjoys an exclusive knowledge of his subject."—Atheraeum.

# CARDINAL WOLSEY. By Professor M. CREIGHTON, M.A., D.C.L., LL.D. [Ready.

"Exactly what one of a series of short biographies of 'English Statesmen' ought to be."—Saturday Review.

#### WILLIAM THE THIRD. By H. D. TRAILL.

[Ready.

"The general narrative is also good, and though Mr. Traill does not pretend to deal with military matters with any extreme minuteness, his handling of them is judicious and thorough. . . . We have shown to some extent the goodness of the manner in which Mr. Traill has set forth matter unusually sound and good."—Saturday Review.

#### OLIVER CROMWELL. By Frederic Harrison. [Ready.

"Mr. Harrison's Life of Oliver Cromwell is admirably impartial and unexpectedly sympathetic. The great apostle of Positivism thoroughly appreciates the profound religious convictions which actuated the Protector. Necessarily Mr. Harrison has nothing to tell that is very new, but he gives a wonderfully vivid picture of events, nor does he shrink from speculating on the incidents which history has left most obscure. As for the grand subject of his monograph, he paints him as Cromwell desired to be painted."—Times.

#### HENRY THE SECOND. By Mrs. J. R. GREEN.

[Ready.

"Mrs. Green presents us with a series of vivid sketches of the men and women, of the classes and interests, over which Henry ruled. . . . Mrs. Green has written a book that will instruct, yet a book which can be read for its own sake; and if it gives no fresh conception of Henry as an English statesman, it enables us to gauge his statesmanship from no mere objective standpoint, but to view it relatively to the state of things with which he had actually to deal. "—St. James's Gazette.

#### \*\* Seven other Volumes to follow as announced:—

EDWARD I. By F. YORK POWELL.

HENRY VII. By JAMES GAIRDNER.

ELIZABETH. By E. S. BEESLEY.

WALPOLE. By JOHN MORLEY.

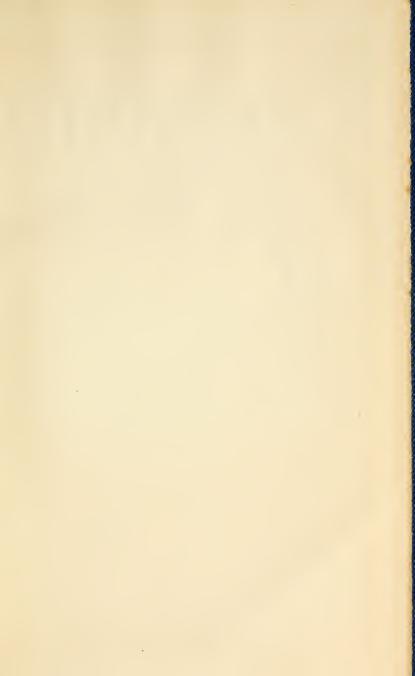
[Shortly.

CHATHAM. By JOHN MORLEY.

PITT. By JOHN MORLEY.

PEEL. By J. R. THURSFIELD.

In the Press.



## UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA LIBRARY BERKELEY

Return to desk from which borrowed.

This book is DUE on the last date stamped below.

3Jun'53CR AUTO DISC. SEP 11 '88 MAY 2 2 1953 LU APR 2 4 1976 REC. CIR. APR 3'TS OCT 11 1988 LD 21-100m-7,'52 (A2528s16)476



**U.C. BERKELEY LIBRARIES** 



